NEW YORK UNIVERSITY MEDICAL CENTER
Institute of Environmental Medicine

S50 FiRST AVENUR.NCNYORS. NY. 10076,
iAEA 212679.3200
ANTHONY I. LANZA RESEARCH LABORATORIES AT UNIVERSITY VALLEY
LONG MEADOW ROAD, STERLING FOREST, TUXEDO, NY.
MAIL AND TELEPHONE ADDRESS: 550 FIRST AVENUE, NEW YORK, NAY. 10016

June 30, 1978

Dr. Robert Cunard
Senior Scientist
Medical Research Center
Brookhaven National Laboratory
Upton, New York. 11973
Dear Bob:
On Thursday, June 22, 1978. I performed whole body radiation measurements on Mr. and Mr. . Mr. is a Health Aide on Bikini Island and resided there for four years after the period of testing. He was born on ' is 62.8 cm tall and weighs 56.6 kg . Additional anthropomorphic measurements for head, chest and trunk are on file at our Laboratory.

Mr. $\quad$ lives on Majuro Atoll approximately 400 miles south of Bikini, and was born on . He is 65.6 cm tall and weighs 79.3 kg . All other body measurements are likewise on file at our Laboratory. Mr . and Mr. were accompanied to our Laboratory by Mr. Oscar DeBrum, Mr. Bill Scott and Dr. Jan Naidu.

The first measurement performed on Messrs.
and utilized a $20 \times 10 \mathrm{~cm} N a I(T 1)$ detector with the subject in the standard "chair" position. In this configuration it was possible to determine the whole body content of $C s-137$ and $K-40$ after suitable control subjects (i.e., men of similar height and weight) had been subtracted. Results for these two nuclides for each of these individuals is given below and in Figures $1-5$.


[^0]Dr. Robert Conard
Brookhaven National Laboratory

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In addition to these whole body measurements, thin crystal dual NaI-CsI(TI) detectors were used to determine the possible presence of actinide nuclides in the skull (head) and lungs (thorax). By subtraction of a control subject, it was possible to remove the contribution from the 1.46 MeV gamma from $\mathrm{K}-40$. A suitable Cs-137 phantom was then subtracted to account for the contribution of the 0.66 MeV gama of barium- 137 m and the 32 keV X ray characteristic of barium. The resulting count rate in the $A m-24160 \mathrm{keV}$ energy region was, as seen in Figures 6 and 7, essentially non-significant and not different from the control subject. It is concluded, therefore, that there is no detectable Am-24I in either subject at this time of measurement. Similarly, there was no Pu-239 X-ray peak observable in the net spectra obtained by the procedure described: It has been calculated that with $1.72 \mu \mathrm{Ci}$ of $\mathrm{Cs}-137$ present, our lower limit of detection for Am-241 in the skull is approximately 200 pCi.

For your information, I have enclosed a copy of the Laplander (reindeer herder) population article that I discussed with you recently. I think it is important that many of these people are recorded as having Cs-l37 body burdens similar to those of the Bikini residents, and I have just sent off a letter to our associates at Dr. Miettinen's laboratory to see if there is any epidemiological health evidence available for this group.

I look forward to our continued collaboration in this area. If you have any questions as to the meaning of any result, please don't hesitate to call.
Very truly yours,
Norman Cohen, Ph.D.
Assistant Professor of
Environmental Medicine

NC/j
Enclosures
CC: Dr. M. Eisenbud
Dr. M.E. Wrenn
Dr. H. Spitz
Dr. S. Cohn
Dr. N. Greenhouse

$5010.825$





PRIVACY ACT MATERIAL REMOVED




[^0]:    *Error terms represent counting statistics only - I S.D.
    **Values obtained by Dr. Stan Conn for Cs-137 were $1.62 \mu \mathrm{Ci}$ for Mr. and 25.0 nCi for Mr._ These values are in good agreement with the values measured at our Laboratory.

