USS HIGHC**LAS**(DDE-449) Floot Post Office San Francisco, California DDD440/rw F-22 Ser: 049 20 Mar 54

410547

From: Commanding Officer To: Commander Task Group 7.3

Subj: Redsafe Survey 8-11 March 1954

1. The Task Group 7.1 survey party and Mr. Marion Wilds, trust Territory representative, arrived Rongelep at 0745M, 8 March and boarded NICHOLAS shortly thereafter. Working parties, as indicated in Commander Joint Task Force SEVEN dispatch 060400Z, were made available to Dr. Scoville's party. Dr. Scoville informed the Commanding Officer that all reports of gamma intensitites and other scientific data would be reported only to Commander Joint Task Force SEVEN. He specifically requested that no other commands be made information addressee. Daily dispatches indicating results of RadSafs survey on each atoll, originated by Dr. Scoville, were addressed accordingly. On debarking at Eniwetok at 0830, 12 March Dr. Scoville's party transported all earth and water samples to Parry Island.

2. The following islands, in atolls, were visited. Mr. Wilds accompanied working parties ashore on all ex-inhabitated islands where native property was secured as directed by him.

a. Rongelap Atoll; 8 and 11 March 1954:

(1) Rongelap Island:

(a) Lative houses were closed up and property left in the open, that could be ruined by worther, was moved inside.

(b) One dog and three cats were killed as possible menace to livestock.

(c) One thirty foot sailing schooner was beached above high water mark and filled with sea water. Masts were unshipped and placed in a shed along with sails.

(d) Two sacks of rice and five sacks of flour were opened and placed outside as feed for pigs and chickens.

(e) Buckets, pans and large clam shells were placed under eaves of houses to provide drinking water for livestock.

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(f) All livestock appeared to be in good condition. It is believed that sufficient water will be available although a shortage of food is expected to develop in the near future.

(g) Water and soil samples were taken as directed by Task Group 7.1 personnel and intensity levels were taken.

(2) The islands listed in sub-paragraph (3) through (15) are all uninhabitated except for parties of natives that go from Rongelap to make copra, collect sea birds and fish. There was no native property found. Intensity levels were taken by Task Group 7.1 personnel.

(3) Eniron Island.

- (4) Arbar Island.
- (5) Busch Island.
- (6) Eniclo Island.
- (7) Enicetok Island.
- (8) inidjet Island.
- (9) Kabelle Island.
- (10) Eriirippu Island.
- (11) Lukuen Island.
- (12) Gejen Island.
- (13) Lomumilal Island.
- (14) Aerik Island.
- (15) Knen Island.
- b. Utirik Ltoll; 9 March 1954
 - (1) Itirik Island:

- SAN BREW FRG
- (a) Three chnois were beached above high water mark.

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(b) Houses were closed up against weather and property left in the weather, that could be spoiled, was moved inside.

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(c) Water catchments were provided for livestock by placing old pans, buckets and large clam shells under eaves of houses.

(d) Six dogs were killed to protect livestock.

(e) All livestock appeared to be in good condition.

(f) Water and soil samples were obtained and intensity levels taken.

(2) Aon Island:

(a) Uninhabitated - intensity levels taken.

c. Bikar Atoll; 9 March 1954

(1) Bikar Island:

(a) Uninhabitated - intensity levels taken.

d. Rongerik Ltoll; 10 March 1954

(1) Enivertak Island:

(a) Air Force personnel were landed along with a ship's working party. Spoiled meat and other consumables were dumped in the sea. Equipment was tested and secured against the weather as directed by Air Force personnel.

(b) Tater and soil samples were obtained and intensity levels taken.

(2) The islands listed in sub-paragraph (3) through (6) are uninhabitated. Intensity levels, only, were taken.

(3) Rongerik Island.

(4) Mortlock Island.

(5) Latoback Island.

(6) Bock Island.

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• e. Alinginae Atoll; 10 March 1954

(1) Sifo Island:

(a) Native property, left by people who were visiting from Rongelap Island, was protected against the weather. All clothing, tools, etc. were placed inside a canvas shelter on top of dried palm fronds, and covered with additional canvas.

(b) A thirty foot sailing schooner was moved to a safe anchorage in the lee of Eniuetakku Island. The boat was anchored in a sandy spot in the event that it should sink. Beaching was impracticable due to the limited time available.

- (2) Enibuk Island:
 - (a) Native property secured, intensity levels taken.
- (3) Bokonikairu Island:
 - (a) Uninhabitated intensity levels taken.

3. Navigation and general information:

a. Bongelep. Atoll:

(1) Entrance can be made quite readily through South Pass and North east Pass. West Pass shows quite plainly, however, no passage was attempted because soundings are not adequate. Navigational fixes, using tangents were good. The Small Boat Passage in the Northwest part of the atoll is difficult to see and appears to be very dangerous when heavy swells are running.

(2) Lendings can be readily made on all islands by motor whaleboat. On most of the islands the beach gradient was quite steep, permitting easy beaching of boats. I sharp lookout should be maintained at all times for coral heads and dark, yellow, or dark green, water should be avoided.

b. Bikar Atoll:

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(1) Bikar Island Passage is very difficult to find and passage through the lagoon is difficult even for a small boat. A lending was made with very little difficulty in the lee of Bikar Island at low tide. It was found advisable to put the bow of the boat against the reef, which rises steeply at low tide, and let the party wade ashore. The water is only knee deep at this period of the tide. Backwash from the reef should be carefully watched.

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(2) The island and surrounding water teams with fish, turtles and sea birds.

c. Rongerik Atoll:

(1) The ship dia not etterpt pessare into the atoll because of the poor navigational aids available. It is believed that a shallo, drait vessel should experience very little difficulty in making passage.

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(2) Small Boating is rough, but not cangorous. Extreme care should be exercised when approaching Bock Island as mony coral heads are present and the water is very shallow.

d. Allingines Atoll:

(1) Only shall boat entry has made. A shallow draft vessel should have very little difficulty making entry. Navigational cuts were very poor.

(2) Small boating was rough but not dangerous.

e. Utirik Atoll:

(1) The four beacons shown on HO chart 6023 have been replaced by two black buoys. It is understood that the Trust Territory AKL makes regular entry into Utirik Atoll through Utirik Passage. The beacons on and around Utirik Island are missing.

(2) Small boating is not difficult, but a sharp watch should be maintained for coral heads.

4. Recommendations and Summary:

SAN BRUNO FRG

a. Survey of these atolls from a DDE type vessel is somewhat inefficient in that Rongelap is the only atoll, of the five visited, that can be entered and navigated safely, thus limiting the number of islands that can be covered in a given time. Boat handling operations outside the atolls were difficult due to heavy swells. With the forces available, it is believed that the use of a DDE is the most practicable solution for similar missions. For operations subsequent to "CASTLE", it is recommended that a smaller class ship of shallow draft be used. This would permit entry into most lagoons shortening boat runs, in some cases twenty miles.

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b. Make boat entry into windward part of lagoon wherever possible. This permits boats to run down wind, speeding the operation and helping to keep instruments dry.

c. Maintain radio communication with boats. In this respect, this command used SCR 536 which were the only battery type radios available. Communications were fair. It is recommended that an SCR 608 or similar small battery radio with at least a thirty mile range be used if possible.

d. It was found advisable to provide the boats with overlays of the atolls showing magnetic compass courses between islands and passes.

e. Provide boats with food, water, binoculars and rifles. The last for protection against sharks in case a man falls over board.

f. Use stern anchor when beaching to prevent broaching. Lo not let boat remain on beach, but haul out and await return of party.

g. Beach in the lee of island whenever possible.

h. It was found impossible to cover all of the islands in each atoll in the time allo tted. Rough weather and long boat runs between islands in atolls slowed up operations. Task Group 7.1 scientific personnel designated the islands they desired to survey and landings were made on all so designated.

i. Torking parties were kept firmly in hand. Each working party was required to remain in sight of a commissioned officer and Mr. Wilds. As far as could be determined, no native property was molested or pilfered.

j. It is estimated that the maximum accumulative dosage received by any one person in the parties was 2.5R. Film badges, worn by all personnel ashore, or in the boats, have been forwarded to the U.S.S. BAIROKO for developing.

/s/J. C. ELIOT J. C. ELIOT

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U. S. S. "ICHOLAS (DDE-_-9) c/o Fleat Post Office San Francisco, California

- 553449/mw P22 S=r: 054 28 March 1954

·RG 161 AGENCY/NRDL

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From: Commanding Officer To: Commander Task Group 7.3

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Subj: Rongelap Survey Trip 25 - 26 March 1954; report of Rad Survey Reports 00103

1. The USS NICHOLAS (DLE-449) departed BIKINI Atoll at 1900M, 25 March 1954 for RONGELAP Atoll in accordance with Commander Joint Task Force SEVEN 231131Z and Commander Task Group 7.3 232323Z of March 1954. The following personnel from Task Group 7.1 were on board:

Dr. Lauren R. Donaldson Dr. Thomas L. Shipman Dr. Edward E. Held Dr. Ralph F. Palumbo Lr. Paul R. Olson Dr. Thomas N. Shite Mr. William W. Robbins Mr. Pascuale R. Schiavone Major Charles M. Barnes, US.F

CLASSIFICATION CANCELLED 🗶 BY UTHORITY OF DEETOS * LTT. DNA VORBILO TO DOF, oc dated 6/16/87

2. The ship arrived off the South Entrance, RUNGELAP Atoll at 260100M and put a whale boat in the water at 260630M to meet the plane arriving from Kwajalein with Dr. Pond's party.

3. The ship then proceeded to Northeast Pass, RONGELAP Atoll, entered and anchored. Dr. Donaldson and his party departed the ship at 0830M.

4. The plane from Kwajalein arrived off RONCELAP at 0905M, was met by the whaleboat. Dr. Bond, Mr. Marion Wilds, three Public Health Service Officers, three Natives and miscellaneous equipment was transported to the beach. The plane was guided to an anchorage about two hundred (200) yards off shore SAN BRUNG FRU from the village where it was anchored.

a. Personnel from the NICHOLAS assisted Dr. wond to accomplish the following: Capture five young pigs and one sow; capture five chickens; obtain soil, fruit and vegetation samples. One boar was killed and an autopsy was performed on the spot. The animals and other samples were placed in cages and transported to the plane. Dr. Bonds party departed RONCELAP at 1300M, 26 March 1954. The whaleboat then departed RONGELAP Island and proceeded worth to rejoin the ship, stopping at BUSCH and BUIAETOK Island to measure radioactive intensity. One member of RadSurvey Teem accompanied this boat to conduct RadSurvey on Southeastern Islands. Dr. Donaldson's party worked in the Northeast part of RONGELAF stoll, collecting fish, soil, birds, invertebrates, algae and vegetation samples. One member of RadSurvey Team accompanied this this party to conduct RadSurvey of Northern Islands. It was not possible to collect rats, as desired, due to the unexpected departure of the ship as directed by Conmander Task Group 7.3 260217Z of March 1954:

ENCLOSURE (4)

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DDE449/mw P22 28 Mar 1954

5. Dr. Bond expressed the opinion that his mission had been accomplished to his satisfaction. Dr. Donaldson stated that his mission has been accomplished satisfactorily. Mr. Marion Wilds, Trust Territory Representative requested that the boat at AILINGAMIE be beached whenever practicable. All boats at RONGELAP have been beached by NICHOLLS.

6. Prior to the ships departure, three HT-176/PRC10 radios were obtained by Mr. P. Schiavone from Task Unit 7.1. These radios were very satisfactory and far superior to the BC-611-F used on the last trip. It is recommended that this type radio be used by ships on future trips if they are required to operate small boats a long distance from the ship. Reception was excellent at twenty (20) miles.

7. The ships departure from RONGELAP Atoll was delayed until 262130M because the motor whaleboat experienced a fuel pump failure on returning from KABELLE Island, where they were collecting rat traps.

8. The ship rejoined Task Group 7.3 off BIKINI Atoll at 270130M.

J. C. ELIOT

Copy to: CONJOINTASKFORCE SEVEN CONCORTDESDIV THELVE

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MENORANDUM FOR: CJTF SEVEN

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SUBJECT: DDE Trip to Rongelap Atoll, 26 March 1954

101 AGENCY INRDL RG 30 Larch 1954 Location SAN BRUND FRC Access No. 181-601 767 Faller Rad. S 00100

1. Reference JTF SEVEN DTG 230220Z March 1954. Purpose of subject trip, conducted by USS NICHOL'S (DDE 449) was to:

a. Beach small boats belonging to Rongelap Marshallese.

b. Conduct radsafe re-survey of Rongelap.

c. Collect approximately 500 pounds contaminated top soil requested by AEC Division of Biology and Medicine.

d. Collect samples of Marine life and vegetation.

e. Collect domestic animals remaining at Rongelap village.

2. The undersigned acted as JTF SEVEN and TG 7.1 representative and was responsible for execution of 1b and 1c. Since the NICHOLAS will make an overall report, and detailed reports on 1d and 1e will be made by the project officers concerned, the details in this report are confined to 1b and 1c.

3. It is noted that the scope of activities 1b and 1d was more limited than had originally been planned. As will be clear from the report of the NICHOLAS, this was because 26 March became R-1 after the work started. Thanks mainly to the excellent planning and management of Capt. Joseph Eliot and Executive Officer Clifford Frink, much more was accomplished than might reasonably have been expected under these circumstances. Ic and le were accomplished essentially as planned, but 1a had to be omitted.

4. The radsafe re-survey was conducted by Mr. P.R. Schiavone of TG 7.1, TU-7, using two recently calibrated AN/PDR-39 instruments. Readings on Rongelap Island were taken during the morning and on the other islands during the afternoon of 26 March.

SAN BRUND FRC Island mr/hr 40 at 0830 at standard position estab-Ronfelap lished by Scoville Survey Bossh 50 South and CLASSIFICATION CANCELLED BY AUTHORITY OF DOE/OC Eniastok 90 Labardi 200 Tr. DNA VAVOIIO EWED BY 0 1 0314 500 Doe, oc dated 6/16/87 Encl (5) Ginch Kabelle ENCLOSURE (5)

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On Rongelap Island, the readings in the huts appeared to be 10%-15% less than outside. Inside the huts the readings at ground level were about 70% of those at head level. Readings over gravel areas and near the cisterns were about 30 mr/hr; inside the cisterns, about 10-15 mr/hr.

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5. The top soil sample was obtained from LABARDJ Island a small island well covered with bushes and grass, but without palm trees. It had been planned to get the sample from KABELLE, but this could not be done without interfering with the fish and vegetation collection.

6. Special mention should be made of the work of Mr. P.R. Schiavone, who did an excellent job of getting supplies and equipment not available on the NICHOLAS, as well as conducting the rad-safe survey.

s/ T. hite t/ T. HITL H Division, LASL

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MEMORANDIM FOR ILCULD:

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SUBJECT: Miscellaneous Radsafe Surveys of Rongerik (Durveys conducted by CTG 7.4)

RG TRI MENUY/NROL

BEST AMARIAGLE COPY SAN BRUNO URG Location RONGERIK Access Son. 181-60A 76 Lad Survey Reports 17 March, 1200 MIKE Living Area Readings: 40 - 100 mr/hrLaist level Mess hall interior Hospital interior 50- 75 mr/hr Laist level walk from hospital to mess 100 - 110 mr/hr Laist level 50 - 55 mr/hr Laist level 100 - 150 mr/hr Laist level Store room (behind mess) Exterior store room tent 100 - 150 mr/hr Laist level General Area exterior Weather Station Site Readings: 125 - 150 - 160 mr/hr Exterior areas local Waist level 50 - 75 mr/hr aist level Interior all tents 50 - 60 mr/hr Interior building Laist level Army Site Readings: General area 140 - 190 mr/hr aist level $70 - 80 \, \text{mr/hr}$ Laist level Interior tents Adjacent to trailer 160 - 180 mr/hr Laist level 19 March, 1100 - 1220 MIKE Landing on beach Laist level 42 mr/hrLiving area 60 mr/hr.aist level Inside mess hall 22 mr/hr Laist level Waist level Inside dispensary 26 mr/hrInside barracks Laist level 23 mr/hr ESE end of island (Rawinsonde) 47 mr/hrLaist level - 42 - 40 mr/hr Along road to Rawinsonde area 40 Waist level Inside weather building Waist level 23 mr/hr Waist level Work area outside building 60 mr/hr Army area (around trailer) 40 mr/hr.aist level Inside foilage area 40 mr/hr.aist level Inside tent Jaist level 19 mr/hr 0 19 March, 1400 MIKE SAN BREND FRC 0 Inside weather building 21 mr/hr.aist level × Laist level Living area Still 60 mr/hr 23 mr/hr Laist level Inside barracks Inside dispensary Laist level 25 mr/hrp 1 031° Inclosure 6 Encl(4) to snel (2)



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MEMORANDUM FOR RECORD:

SUBJECT: Kwajalein-NYOO Flight ABLE Results

1. NYOO-Kwajalein Flight Able, consists of an aerial survey at approximately 200 feet altitude over the following atolls north of Kwajalein: Lae, Ujae, Wotho, Bikini, Ailinginae, Rongelap, Rongerik, Taongi, Bikar, Utirik, Taka, Ailuk, Jemo and Likiep. The aircraft are equipped with scintameters which are sensitive gamma radiation measuring instruments with a wide range, designed to measure ground contamination from altitudes of 200 to 500 feet.

2. Following Kurano snot at 261825Z March 1954, Flight Able was flown on the following dates with results indicated: (In mr/hr ground contamination)

271900Z to 280317Z	302030Z to 310208Z
0	0
0	0,2
đ	1.7 🗭
6	26
28	78
36 .	58
1.0	0.4
0.1	15
	7
8	7
1.6	2.4
0.8	2.4
0.4	1.0
	271900Z to 280317Z 0 0 0 6 28 36 1.0 0.1 8 1.6 0.8 0.4

RC 181 ACENCY/MRDL

(s/t) R. A. HOUSE Lication SIN BRUNO FRC Area No. 181-60A 267 13 Inter All Castle Jians. CLASSIFICATION CANCELLED * Brad Survey Reports - D010319 HEVELWED BY ALTY. DNA Varollo To DOE, oc dated 6/16/87 INCLOSURE 7 DOI 0318

Encl(7) ta concl(2 47 DRINKING WATER Saliples (Aualysis Report)

	SANPLE <u>NO</u> .	COLLECTION DATE	TIME	LOCATION	d/r DESCRIPTION (ON S4)	n/ml <u>[PLE_DATE</u>)
•	WI.	6 March	0800	Likiep Island Likiep Atoll	Collected from largest cistern on heaviest popu- lated island of atoll	. 77
	₩2	6 March	1200	Jemo Island	Same as X1	550
	W3	6 Karch	1700	Alluk Island Ailuk Atoll	Same as Nl	1020
	W4	7 March	1300	Mejit Island	Same as VI	2500
	W5-8	4 March	0900	Utirik Atoll	Composite of 4 water sam- ples taken by USS RENSHAW	430
•	711	5 March	1600.1	Ormed Island Wotje Atoll	Composite: ½ from catch- basin	109
Ø	W12	6 March	1130	Kaven Island Maloelap Atoll	l from well	r 67
)	W13	6 March	1130	Kaven Island Maloelap Atoll	l from catch-basin	31
	W9	6 March	1630	Wotho Island Wotho Atoll	l from well (catch-basin dry for 1 month plus)	7
	WIO	7 March	1200	Dalap Island Majuro Atoll	Tap %ter	14
	WII	3 March	0930	Rongelap Island	Composite of94,0006 bottles.120,000Chart included47,000to show location24,000of bottles on11,000Rongelap Island63,000	No. 1 No. 6
	W12	8 March		Rongelap Island	Central cistern CAN DB: y of village	, <u>r</u> ∰,000*
l	W13	8 March		Rongelap Island	Cistern water from north part of island	73,000*
	W14	8 Larch		Ronželap Island	Cistern water from - northern most village	8,000**

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INCLOSURE #8

LRIMING MATER SAMPLES (AMALISIS Report) Cont's

SAMPLE <u>NO</u> .	COLLECTION DATE	TIME	LOCATION	LESCRIPTION	d/m/ml (<u>ON SAMPLE DATE</u>)
W15	8-liercn		Ronjelap Island	South cistern in village	60,000*
W16	9 March		Utirik Island	Cistern	7,200*
W17	9 March		Utirik Island	Cistern	33,000*
W18	10 March		Eniwetak Island Ron _c erik Atoll	Distillation water	66*

* computed as of 3 Larch

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SOIL SAMPLES (.....ALYSI: ALFORT)

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SAMPLE NO.	COLLECTION DATE	<u>T I</u>	LOCATION	DESCRIPTION	d/m/gm (ON SAMPLE DATE)
51	6 .rch	0800	Likiep Island Likiep stoll	U _{rp} er layer bare so in random spots un- sheltered by trees shrubs etc.	il 23,000 or
S2	6 March	1200	Jemo Island	Same as above	13,000
S3	6 March	1700	Ailuk Island Ailuk Atoll	Same as Ebove	23,000
S4	7 March	1300	Mejit Island	Same as above	30,000
S5	5 March	1600	Ormed Island	Composite of 5 samp (1 beach, 3 mid-vil 1 back village)	les 15,000 lage,
S6	5 March	1730	Erikub Island Erikub Atoll	Composite of 2 samp (1 mid-village, 1 h way to beach)	oles 4,300 alf-
S7	6 March	1130	Kaven Island Miloelap Atoll	Composite of 4 samp (2 from village, 2 paths to beach)	oles 5,500 from
S8	6 March	1630	Notho Island Notho Atoll	Composite of 3 samp (1 by well, 2 mid-v	eles 2,400 rillage)
S9	7 March	1200	Dalap Island Majuro Atoll	Composite of 4 samm (near _dmin Bldg)	oles 950
510	7 Larch (Collectio by PEM Su	1200 n date rvey Pa	Utirik Island of SlO is uncert rty. متهاysis v	Composite of 3 samples of 3 samples of 3 samples and a second sec	bles 270,000 ch 1954 cted to
SIL	8 March		Rongelap Island	SA Soil from north par island	LN BRI NO FRC -t of 1,300,000***
S12	8 Earch		Rongelap Island	Center portion of :	island 7,400,000**
513 -	8 March		Rongelap Island	l mile north of Ron village	ngelap 460,000**

RG	INCLOSURE #9 181 AGENCY/NRDL	NELDENTTHE	na1319-
Locatio		CLASSIFICATION CANCELLED # BY AUTHORITY OF DIENDO	Encl(9), to incl(2)
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SOIL SALPLES (ANALYSIS REFORT) CONT'L

SAMPLE <u>NO</u> .	COLLECTION <u>Date</u>	I T <u>Die</u>	LOCATION	LESCRIFTION	<u>(ON</u>	c/m/gm SAMPLE DATE)
S14	8 March		Rongelap Island	Near south cistern village	of	630,000**
S15	8 March		Eriirippu Island Rongelap Atoll	3		35,000,000**
S16	8 March		Eniwetak Island Rongerik Atoll			3,200,000**
S17	8 March		Kabelle Island Rongelap stoll			20,000,000**
S18	9 March		Ut irik Island			5,600,000***
S19	9 March		Bikar Island			280,000**
S20	10 Merch		Eniwetak Island Rongerik Atoll			1,200,000** ►
S21	10 Larch		Sifo Island Ailinginae Atol	Temporary village l		94,000**
*522	9 March		Bikar Island	Foliage, windward	side	460 , 000***
	* d/m/am of	- olopt	ach (iouir to)	$1 \times 104 d/m/m$ pla	nt a	e macaived)

* d/m/gm of plant ash (iquiv. to 1.4 x 104 d/m/gm plant as received)

** Computed as of 3 March

Soil values may be roughly translated to curies per square mile by dividing by 13, or to $d/m/ft^2$ by multiplying by 6000.

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PRIVACY ACT MATERIAL REMOVED

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A LIST OF MARSHALLESE EVACUATED VIA PBM FROM RONGELAP ISLAND ON 3 MARCH 1954

NAME	SEX	AGE
1.	Mele	66
2.	Male	75
3.	Femele	83
4.	Male	70
5.	Female	63
6.	Male	28
7.	Female	62
8.	Female	52
9.	Female	6
10.	Female	17
11.	Female	19
12.	Female	24
13.	Female	78
14.	Male	30
15.	Male •	48
L6.	Female	59

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Page 1 of Enclosure (1)

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PRIVACY ACT MATERIAL REMOVED

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A LIST OF MARSHALLESE EMBARKED ABOARD THE USS PHILIP (DDE 498) FROM RONGELAP ISLAND ON 3 MARCH 1954

NAME	SEX	AGE
1	N-1 e	10
1.	Male	49
C. 7		40
3. A	Male Vale	37
4. E		30
D.	Male	<u>44</u>
D. 7		31
	Male	30
o. 0	Male	20
9	Male	10
	Malo	16 7
12	Mala	7
12.	Mala	{ 6
	Male	5
15	Male	J A
	Male	1 1 7
		13
L / •		
		2
		2
		1
21.	Male	2
22.	11010	4
23.	Female	59
34.	Fomalo	53
25.	Female	50
26.	Female	38
27.	Female	37
28.	Female	31
29.	Female	30
30.	Female	28
31.	Female	26
32.	Female	12
33.	Male	60
34.	Female	4 SAN BRUNO FRC
35.	Female	2
36.	Female	7
37.	Female	18 .
38.	Female	15
39.	Femcle	15
40.	Female	13
41.	Female	9
42 .	Female	3
13.	Female	4 ·
14.	Female	3
45.	Female	2
46.	Female	15 0210319
47.	linle	20
• ' •	re and the	7 7
48.	:1018	33



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A LIST OF MARSHALLESE EMBERKED ABOARD THE USS PHILIP (DDE 498) FROM SIFO ISLAND ON 3 MARCH 1954

NAIE	SEX	AGE
1.	Male	35
2.	Male	2
3.	Male	42
4.	Male	4
5.	Male .	57
6.	Female	55
7.	Female	13
8.	Female	10
9.	Female	1
10.	Female	19
11.	Female	2
12.	Female	12
13.	Female	16
14.	Female	2
15.	Female	16
16.	Femele	37
17.	Female	25
18.	Female	35

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RAD SAFE REPORT

(Evacuation and Decontamination of Marshalleso Natives) I. Data:

с. С	•	;	READING	S (in MR/HF	0:		:	Time of	:
ILA	:Island	:	Ave.	:	Max.	:	Inhabited	:	Readings	:
털님	;	:		:		:		:		:
DNC DNC	:Rongelap	:	1473	:	1900	:	Yes	:	031045M	:
ATC	:	:		:		:		:		;
(-1)	:Enicetok	:	3035	:	3650	:	No	:	031245M	:
VAJ	•	~~~~								
CLI CLI	:Enibuk	:	445	:	550	:	No	:	031545M	:
ZO	:	:		:		:		:		:
L1 A1	:Sifo	:	412	:	480	;	Yes	:	031715M	:
H T	:	:		:		-:-		:		:
Totals	: 4	:		-		:	2	:		;

II. DECONTRAINATION: (PERSONNEL)

.

1. Decontamination readings are as follows:

Average Readings

: : ISLAND	:	Before Decontaminat	Af ion:De	ter contamination	:
: : Rongelap	:	60 MR/HR	:	25 MR/HR	:;
: : Sifo	:	40 MR/HR	:	15 MR/HR	:

NOTE #1. Clothin; was slightly contaminated even after de- BRLNO FRC contaminating procedures were employed due to its rough surface and prolonged exposure to radiation. However, maximum readings of less than 50 MR/HR did not warrant discarding women's clothing due to the short time it was to be worn.

- NOTE #2. Decontamination upon leaving the ship: 20-22 MR/HR.

Enclosure (2)











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