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OPERATIONS COORDINATING BOARD WASHINGTON, D. C.



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July 7, 1954

NOPE BY THE OCH STAFF REFRESHMENTATIVE

SUBJECT: Recent Radioactive Fall-Out in the United States

attached is a draft for a brief section in the forthcoming Semi-cannual Report of the Atomic Energy Commission to Congress making reference to recovery of Icdine 121 in biological speciment following the Pacific Sects. This was discussed at the last mooting of the Morking Group. Comment should be made directly to Mr. Mores Salisbury, Director of Information Services, Atomic Energy Commission, Code 144, by July 15. It is understood that the Semi-annual Report will be made public on July 28.

COPY AVAILABLE

Richard Eirsch

OCE Staff Representativa Working Group on Coordination of Ruclear Energy Projects and Related Information Programs

Attachment:

As stated.

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Fall-out in the United States

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Following nuclear detonations, radioactive debris is distributed by normal air currents over large areas, and with sufficiently sensitive instruments may be found to encircle the globs. Small amounts were deposited widely over the United States during the Pacific tests and in some areas resulted in transitory rises of the normal background radiation levels.

Transportation of the radioactive materials to the United States took only several days. Thus some of the shorter half-life radioisotopes, such as Iodine 131 (8-day half life), were still present in the fall-out. Although the amounts were biologically insignificant, it was possible, by special techniques, to demonstrate radioiodine in the thyroid glands and in the urine of grazing animals. Extremely minute quantities of Iodine 131 were also detectable in the urine of some humans for a short time.

The radioactive isotopes to be found normally in the body are potassium 40, carbon 14 and radium 226. The radiopotassium and radiocarbon are distributed throughout the tissues while the radium is almost entirely located in the skeleton. In addition to this internal irradiation, man is subjected to cosmic rays from without and to the gamma rays from radium in the soil. To this natural exposure, the radiation from bomb products is added. The point of interest in terms of health lies not in the mere presence of radioisotopes, but in the amounts and more specifically in the quantity of radiation doese delivered by these radioisotopes. The levels of activity from fall-out, outside the area surrounding the Pacific Froving Grounds, have been far less than any required to produce detectable injury either from the radioisotopes within the body or from external radiation.

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