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Mile y Application

Inmediately following Operation CASTLE, the test series hald at the AEC's Pacific Proving Ground in the spring of 1954, the wespens program was directed toward development of weapons whose design was based on receive of those firsts. During the first & months of 1955, weapons produced in merordance with the President's directive included types incorporating such designs.

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Operation WICHAN

In addition to Operation (APOT, a joint ADD-Department of Defense test (Operation WIDWAR) was conducted in the Education Paulfic occan is mid-May. The principal surpose of the test use to study affects of a deep undervision detenation. The Game size participated is the test by furnishing the device, configting in its final accombly and placement, and conficting finguentic memoryments. As forement, indications are that the test invalved as health harard to minimum of filled

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under normal conditions are known. Thus, the initial work included experimental activing methods in order to measure the "basal metabolism" and the overall trophic or "food-chain" structure of a coral reef community as a whole not affected by nuclear explosions. This was similar to assaying the metabolism of animals or humans under normal conditions. For example, it was found that a healthy Eniwetok reef had a production rate of about 74,000 pounds of glucose (a sugar) per acre per year. This exceeds man's best agricultural efforts in most parts of the world. The critical asway methods devised can be completed in a few weeks. The significant changes in this measurable "basal community production rate" can readily be observed if important effects are produced.

These assays revealed that corals and the algae growing in the ekcleton of the coral colony live together to their mutual advantage immunications). Although observations of skeletal algae were made previously, this is the first study to determine quantitatively the amount of algae present in different species of corals. A very definite rutic between algal (plant) and coral (animal) tissue was found. The amount of plant tissue was greater than the amount of animal tissue per unit of surface area. This marked development of symbiosis between plant and animal components achieves excellent "sonservation" and cyclic use and reuse of critical matrients. This enables the coral reef to achieve a high rate of productivity in waters which in themselves have a very low fertility.

These results are significant in physiological applications to other plants and animals which man requires for feed. They provide a fortile field for scientific study of nuclear radiation effects on the "metabolism" of highly integrated systems.

The biological assays will be extended for related research investigations carried on by the ABC. College or university biologists, and the Counission contractors interested in rediological data of this type are invited to partikipate, using the facilities of the Marine Miological Laboratory.

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search for incroved losimetry and methods of radiation detection and measurement.

RADIATION EXPOSURES IN RECENT WEAPONS TESTS

Prior to the recent weapons tests a danger zone was established surrounding the proving grounds; within this area a hazard from radiation might exist to shipping or aviation. Appropriate notices on the boundaries and the establishment of the danger zone were carried in marine and aviation navigational manuals. Before each shot of the series, a careful survey was made of the winds at all elevations up to many thousands of feet, and survey aircraft searched the area for shipping. The purpose was to take every precaution against radiation exposure of inhabitants of the area, the task-force personnel, and crew or passengers of vessels or aircraft.

During the tests, radiological monitoring teams were set up and the monitoring network of stations as usual was in operation to collect and measure fall-out radioactive particles from the explosion descending to the lower atmosphere, the sea, or the earth. Measurements were made of airborne, ground, and water activity. The only fall-out of consequence was that which followed the first detonation of March 1, when a shift of the winds occurring after the detonation, carried radioactive particles toward the islands of Rongelap, Rongerik, and Utirik. Thirty-one American test personnel, and 236 Marshallese were exposed to radiation. A Japanese fishing trawler, the Fakarga Mara Fortunate Dragon was also in the path of fall-out.

Endcaution of Test Person set

The 31 Air Force, Army, and Navy test personnel were evacuated to Kwajalein for physical examinations and observations. None of the twen experienced any symptoms of radiation illness, and medical obervations to date do not indicate that any permanent harm has resolved. All of the men included in this group were returned to military duty following complete physical examinations at Tripler General Hospital, Honolala, T. H.

Inhabitants of Marshall Islands

The Marshallese from the islands of Rongelap and Utirik within the area of fall-out following the first detonation were evacuated promptly by the Task Force to Kwajalein. It was found that of the 236 evacuated, 74, all from Rongelap, experienced radiation burns, principally

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on the scalp or the node. The schemes are now alread complex the healed. Hair from the head of about 29 of these had fabric out to patches. However, normal had nervowich is taking place. Undarges tests for radioactivity indicated that the exposed persons had inheror injected small amounts of fission products. Preliminary data show that in no case did the body bunden for the various radioactive lock exceed the permissible limits.

Every possible effort was made to provide for the immediate configand well-being of the Marshadlese at Kwajalein. Rotatine siek en and medication, physical examinations, and serial blood counts were continued throughout their stay. The medical observations to day indicate that there is no reason to expect any permanent after officer on the general health of these people. The readents of Utirik have returned to their homes. The Rongelap residents were moved to Majuro Atoll for temporary occupation of dwellings built for their These are of a new and improved type, better adapted to the conforand the needs of the people than the usual type of island houses. It is expected that occupation of Majuro will be for approximately of months to a year, after which the natives can be recetablished on their original homesites in their new-type homes which will be moved from Majaro. During their temporary occupation, they are being foreished with livest set, provisions, and other supplies in order to maintain living standards at least equivalent to those prior to their initia evacuation from Rongelup.

Jup trass Vessel Exposed to Full- 1.1

The Japane e fishing vessel, *Followyor Mara*, was reported by its captein as being located at approximately 50 miles northwest of Rougebbb Island, H. 50% North bait ide and 166 05% East locattude at the time of full-out in that area. Following return of the ship to Japan on March H, a report by the Japanese and of the ship the enew members were ill and showed skin burns from radiation the enew members were ill and showed skin burns from radiation duputes a physicians gave the enew members medical treatment. Medical resistance was offered the Japanese by the United States through the American Embar plat Tokyo. The Japanese have not yet called for the assistance. However, they did request Uffict States and homological means are physicians to be improving a igherorily.

It is regretted that the crewn on of the Fakar ga(Ma) were heared as the result of being exposed to radiation from the first detonation of the recently concluded series. The welfare of the patients will continue to be of interest to the United States, and the negotiations for settle-

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spons of this incident are being harder introduction Department as State and the American Embric splin Tolipol. In the contraction Arbasis ador Allison informed the Japane is Government that the Using 4 States would pay just compensation and also would reliable a Dainjured fishermen for reasonable expenses for current medical eccented family relief, including wages.

Reports on Contaminated Tura Fish

Fish aboard the Fakarga Mara were reported by the Japanese press to be grossly contaminated with radioactive materials. Quantitative data on the degree of contamination are few. It appears probable that observed contamination consisted largely of radioactive materials on the exterior surfaces of the fish from contact with fall-cat material on the ship. United States representatives in Japan were not afforded an opportunity to verify the fact or the degree of radioactivity reported for this or later for other cargoes.

Subsequent to the return of the $F_{ab} = ga^{-} M a^{-}$, a nuclear of other subsequent to the return of the $F_{ab} = ga^{-} M a^{-}$, a nuclear of other subsequences fishing vessels and their early were reported to involve sufficient radioactivity to require destruction of the fish. In one instance a single specimen fish was made available for study. Analysis of this specimen at an AEC laboratory showed the radioactivity of the edible portions to be well within a e_{-p} table limits for food and water for continuous give by homans.

The amount of activity in Billini and Haiwetol, havons would make it unwise to cat fith from these areas, at least for the present, with or having them monitored prior to human consumption. Information presently available indicates that the fish is the factors of Romelius. Rongerik, and Utirik are suitable for consumption. The activity is the jagoons other than Billini and Eriwetok and is the open scale so small that no deleterious effect, may be expected to the lish thetiactes nor will the edibility of the fish be impaired.

Informed scientific opinion, borne out by recent continuous metally sense by the Federal Food and Draz Administration of tune fishic again the west coast from the Pacific fishing crounds, and further appointed by several years' results of XEC markee biological studies, provides no basis for alarm as to the consumption of tune careful in the Pacific.

Full-out ip the Upfiel States

Following nuclear detonations, radioactive debris is distributed by normal air currents over large areas and with sufficiently sensitive instruments may be found to encircle the globe. Small amounts were

deposited widely over the United States during the Pacific tests are in some areas resulted in transitory rises of the nerroal buckgroups radiation levels.

Transportation of the radioactive materials to the United Statestook only several days. Thus some of the shorter half-life radioisotopes, such as iodine 131. S-day halt-life, were still present in the fall-out. Although the amounts of radioactivity deposited were biotogically insignificant, it was possible, by special techniques, to demonstrate radioiodine in the thyroid glands and in the urine of grazing animals. Extremely minute quantities of iodine 131 were also detectable in the urine of some humans for a short time.

The radioactive isotopes to be found normally in the body are potassium 40, carbon 14 and radium 226. The radiopotassium and radiocarbon are distributed throughout the tissues while the radium is almost entirely located in the skeleton. In addition to this internal irradiation, man is subjected to cosmic rays from without and to the gamma rays from radium in the soil. To this natural exposure, the radiation from bomb products is added. The point of interest in terms of health lies not in the mere presence of radioisotopes, but in the amounts and more specifically in the quantity of radiotion doses delivered by these radioisotopes. The levels of activity from fall-out, outside the area surrounding the Pacific Proving Ground, have been far less than any required to produce detectable injury either from the radioisotopes within the body or from external radiation, or from a combination of the two.

CIVIL DEFENSE

In its cooperative program to furtish technical advice and inform a tion relating to national civil defense preparedness, the Connelssion participated in a number of special meetings and discussions. A White House Conference for State Governors, arranged by the Federal Unit: Defense Administration included an address by Chairman Strates outlining AEC civil defense activities common to the national security program. Sessions were held with staff members of FCDA and the Department of Defense to determine current meets of FCDA and the feasibility of fut are givil defense experiments during to the operations.

The AEC expressed a wildingness to cooperate in all ways possible in a civil effects test program comprising. Structure and associated services and equipment; indistrial participation reivil openess training exercise; and observers and public media participations. Proposalhave been submitted on certain parts of the total program by FCDA. These are being reviewed for feasibility pending official action on