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C. SEABONG

UNITED STATES ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION

WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

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MEMORANDUM FOR CHAIRMAN SKABORG

COMMISSIONER BUSTING COMMISSIONER PALFREY CORNISSIONER RANKY COMMISSIONER TAPE

THROUGH CENERAL MANAGER Joh V. Vinoig um JAN ?

January 6, 1965

SUBJECT: FURTHER INFORMATION ON THREE MARSHALLESE GIRLS OPERATED ON FOR REMOVAL OF THYROID MODULES (SEE ATTACHED COPY OF PREVIOUS MEMO, THIS SUBJECT).

Dr. Robert A. Conard, Medical Department, Brookhaven Mational Laboratory, who has responsibility for conducting the clinical surveys, reports: "Sections of the nodules have been examined by a number of pathologists including Drs. S.-Warren, G. H. Klink, H. A. Johnson and S. Lindsay. The concensus is that the nodules are benign, though with certain bizarre areas, and resemble iodine deficiency adenomata.

Dr. Lindsay noted that the modules in the Rongelap cases are similar to ones he has seen in children following  $I^{131}$  therapy. This Division has a file of Dr. Lindsay's histological reports and a review paper by Lindsay and Chaikoff, Cancer Research, 24:1099, 1964.

The radiation desages which these children's thyroids may have received are being re-evaluated by Dr. John Gefman's group, Lawrence Radiation Laboratory.

It should be added that nodules in the thyroid glauds of young people frequently become malignant in the course of time. Therefore, while these which were removed promptly after discovery were not malignant, there is a chance that in time they might have assumed neoplastic characteristics. Dr. Conard's next clinical survey will take place in February 1965.

Director

Division of Biology and Medicine

Attachment:

Copy of memo dated 10/2/64

from C. L. Dunham to Chairman Seaborg

BEST COPY AVAILABLE