

410528

ATOLLS UPON WHICH SIGNIFICANT NUCLEAR FALLOUT COULD HAVE OCCURRED  
FROM THE  
PACIFIC PROVING GROUNDS  
DURING  
ATMOSPHERIC TESTING

DRAFT

DOE ARCHIVES

BEST COPY AVAILABLE

42

In light of recent developments on BIKINI and ENIWETOK atolls it is prudent that some consideration be given to fallout from the Pacific Proving Grounds which may have been carried to other atolls during the period of atmospheric testing.

Fallout patterns and other pertinent data on the various nuclear tests are very limited. However, hodographs are known for nearly all of the tests conducted in the Pacific. These hodographs and available fallout patterns have been ~~immediately~~ studied to discern which events may have had/fallout on Pacific atolls. Those hodographs and fallout patterns which ~~immediately~~ ~~positioned~~ have positive indications or suggest significant fallout on these atolls are indicated, as well as the source of such information.

Due to the intensive fallout from the CASTLE BRAVO event on RONGELAP and UTIRIK atolls, some effort was made in the past to investigate the radioactive deposition on these and a few other atolls in the fallout pattern. Unfortunately, the utility of these investigations is limited due to the atolls visited, the now primitive treatment of the samples (gross gamma, gross beta, and other crude evaluations), and age of the survey. Only on RONGELAP, BIKINI and ENIWETOK atolls have any recent studies been undertaken. The rest of the fallout area seems to have been ignored.

Utilizing various reports, fallout patterns and hodographs, this investigator has evaluated the data available, realizing its limitations, and thus the limitations of such a study, and suggests that possible significant fallout has occurred on several atolls which do not appear to have been investigated previously. This fallout, or the hodographs suggesting it, is presented as figures with other pertinent information presented in tabular form for brevity.

COMMENTS ON SOURCE INFORMATIONFallout Patterns

154d

The source documents (indicated in the References portion of this report) indicate the (dose) rate contours for the fallout patterns have been drawn to show the gamma (dose) rate in roentgens per hour, three feet above the ground, in terms of the one hour after burst reference time. The  $t^{-1.2}$  approximation was used when no actual decay data was available to adjust radiation measurements to the one hour reference time. It is important to recognize the H + 1 hour is used as a reference time, and that only the contours from low yield weapons were complete at one hour after burst. For high yield weapons, fallout over some parts of the vast areas shown did not commence until many hours after burst.

Where several fallout patterns were available for a particular event, each has been presented.

Hodographs

The hodographs were drawn for a constant balloon rise rate of 5,000 ft/hr and are presented because other, more meaningful, information is not available. Several hodographs are indicated for the H plus times indicated by the number at the end of the arrow. This number is in H plus hours.

It is recognized that fallout did not necessarily follow the hodographs presented herein. However, a simple comparison of the CASTLE BRAVO hodographs with the actual or modeled fallout patterns will show the merit of their consideration.

DOE ARCHIVES

FINDINGS

Apparently there are eleven nuclear tests which may have deposited radioactive materials in significant amounts greater than world wide fall-out on several of the Pacific Atolls. These events and the atolls they may have contaminated are indicated in tabular form in Table 1. Additionally, the fallout pattern, if available, or several hodographs are indicated in Figures \_\_\_\_ through \_\_\_\_, for each contaminating event. XXXX For immediate reference, the habitation of the atolls under discussion is indicated, with population figures and remarks, where applicable, in Table 2.

It is pertinent to note that in addition to ENIWETOK, BIKINI, AILINGINAE, RONGELAP, RONGERIK, BIKAR, TAKA, XXX UTIRIK, and LIKIEP atolls, which have been looked at by others at some time in the past, several other atolls are indicated: AILUK, JEMO, KWAJALEIN, LAE, MEJIT, TAONGI, UJAE, UJELANG, WOTHO XXX and WOTJE. Since the utility of the studies done on BIKAR, TAKA, LIKIEP and possibly AILINGINAE and RONGERIK, and UTIRIK, is somewhat limited, these may also add to the exceptions above. This would mean that, including the "source" atolls of ENIWETOK and BIKINI, a total of 19 atolls may have been contaminated with significant amounts of radioactive materials. Only on three, ENIWETOK, BIKINI and RONGELAP, possibly four if UTIRIK is included, is there any useful environmental radiological data.

Since actual fallout patterns are lacking for most of the contaminating events, an attempt was made to weigh the potential of each event in such a manner as to make sense. Since the fallout pattern of the CASTLE BRAVO event is well known (actually there are three different fallout patterns available) this deposition potential was normalized to that event. This treatment is presented in Table 3. The potential expressed here is really a factor, or multiplier, of the CASTLE BRAVO fallout. It may be applied simply by taking the CASTLE BRAVO deposition at a distance from the GZ and

*Some sort of*  
draft

similar to the distance from GZ, along the hodograph, of the event in question, and multiplying it by the "potential" factor. The result should be a "ballpark" estimate of what fallout may have occurred at the location in question. Obviously, there is no claim to any precision or accuracy with this method. It is only offered as a ~~crude~~ mechanism to estimate ~~the~~ possible deposition in the absence of actual data. ~~It is a crude estimate at scaling.~~

DOE ARCHIVES

46

TABLE 1. POSSIBLE SIGNIFICANT NUCLEAR FALLOUT FROM PACIFIC PROVING GROUNDS, SUSPECTED ATOLLS

EVENT	ATOLL	BLACK + POSITIVE	RED = POSSIBLE
SANDSTONE ZEBRA 6/23 T	ENIWETOK, BIKINI, AILINGINAE, RONGELAP, RONGERIK, TAKA, BIKAR, UTIRIK	X	
GREENHOUSE DOG 4/21 T	ENIWETOK, UJELANG		
GREENHOUSE GEORGE 5/51 T	ENIWETOK, BIKINI, AILINGINAE, RONGELAP, RONGERIK	✓	
IVY KING 11/52 C	ENIWETOK, UJELANG, *	✓	
CASTLE BRAVO 2/54 S	BIKINI, AILINGINAE, RONGELAP, RONGERIK, TAKA, BIKAR, AILUK, LIKIPI, JEMO, UTIRIK, ✓ AGTHE, KWAJALEIN, WOJUE		
CASTLE UNION 4/54 E	BIKINI, AILINGINAE, RONGELAP, RONGERIK, TAKA, BIKAR, TAONGI, UTIRIK	✓	
CASTLE YANKEE 5/54 C	BIKINI, AILINGINAE, RONGELAP, RONGERIK, BIKAR, TAONGI	✓	
REDWING ZUNI 5/56 C	BIKINI, AILINGINAE, RONGELAP, RONGERIK		
REDWING LACROSS 5/56 S	ENIWETOK, BIKINI, AILINGINAE, RONGELAP, RONGERIK, BIKINI, TAONGI	X	
HARDTACK MAGNOLIA 5/58 C	ENIWETOK, UJELANG, *	✓	
HARDTACK MAPLE 6/58 C	BIKINI, AILINGINAE, RONGELAP, RONGERIK, UOTIG, UJAE, LAE, KWAJALEIN	X	

<sup>a</sup> This photograph indicated that the fallout pattern could have extended northwest as far as Pohnpei and other nearby atolls.

DOE ARCHIVES

47

TABLE 2. HABITATION OF ATOLLS UNDER DISCUSSION

ATOLL or ISLAND	INHABITED (POP.) YR.	BEING REINHABITED	UNINHABITED	REMARKS	
				X	X
<b>AWLINGINAЕ</b>					
ATLUK	(395) 1962 <sup>1</sup>		X		
BIKARR			X		
BIKINI			X		
ENIWETOK			X		
JEMO				(>1000) 1973 <sup>2</sup>	
KWAJALEIN				(133) 1962 <sup>1</sup>	
LAE				(662) 1962 <sup>1</sup>	
LIKIEP				(203) 1962 <sup>1</sup>	
MEJIT				(208) 1962 <sup>1</sup>	
RONGELAP					X
RONGERIK					X
TUKA					X
TAONGI					
UJAE					

DOE ARCHIVES

f

8

TABLE 2. Continued

ATOLL or ISLAND	INHABITED (Pop.) yr.	BEING REINHABITED	UNINHABITED	REMARKS
UJELANG	(340) 1973 <sup>3</sup>			
UTIRIK	(319) 1962 <sup>1</sup>			
WOTHO	(56) 1962 <sup>1</sup>			
WOTJE	(463) 1962 <sup>1</sup>			

DOE ARCHIVES

- 1 \_\_\_\_\_, SAILING DIRECTIONS FOR THE PACIFIC ISLANDS, H. O. Pub. No. 82, Vol. I., U. S. Naval Oceanographic Office, 1964, (Chapter 5, Marshall Islands), Change 4 Incorporated, 5 December 1970,
- 2 Henderson, John W., et. al., AREA HANDBOOK FOR OCEANIA, U. S. Government Printing Office, Washington, 1971, p. 503.
- 3 Tobin, J. A., THE ENEWETAK ATOLL PEOPLE, Special Report for the Radiological Survey of 1972-1973, Majuro, 20 April 1973, p. 10.

TABLE 3. DEPOSITION POTENTIAL NORMALIZED TO BRAVO

EVENT	POTENTIAL
✓ SANDSTONE ZEBRA	0.002
GREENHOUSE DOG	0.010
GREENHOUSE GEORGE	0.025
✓ IVY KING	0.069
CASTLE BRAVO	1.000
✓ CASTLE UNION	0.720
CASTLE YANKEE	1.050
REDWING ZUNI	0.070
REDWING LACROSS	0.005
HARDTACK MAGNOLIA	0.007
✓ HARDTACK MAPLE	0.027

DOE ARCHIVES

TABLE 4. NORMALIZED DEPOSITION POTENTIAL APPLIED TO EACH ATOLL BY CONTAMINATING EVENT

	SANDSTONE ZEBRA	GREENHOUSE DOG	GREENHOUSE GEORGE	IVY KING	CASTLE BRAVO	CASTLE YANKEE	REDWING ZUNI	REDWING LACROSS	HARDTACK MAGNOLIA	HARDTACK MAPLE
BILLIKIN	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
BIKINI	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
BIRKIN	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
EXUMATAN	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
JEJU DO	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
THE LINE	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
THE TROPICS	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
TONGA ISL.	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00
VIZCAYA	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00
VITIC	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00

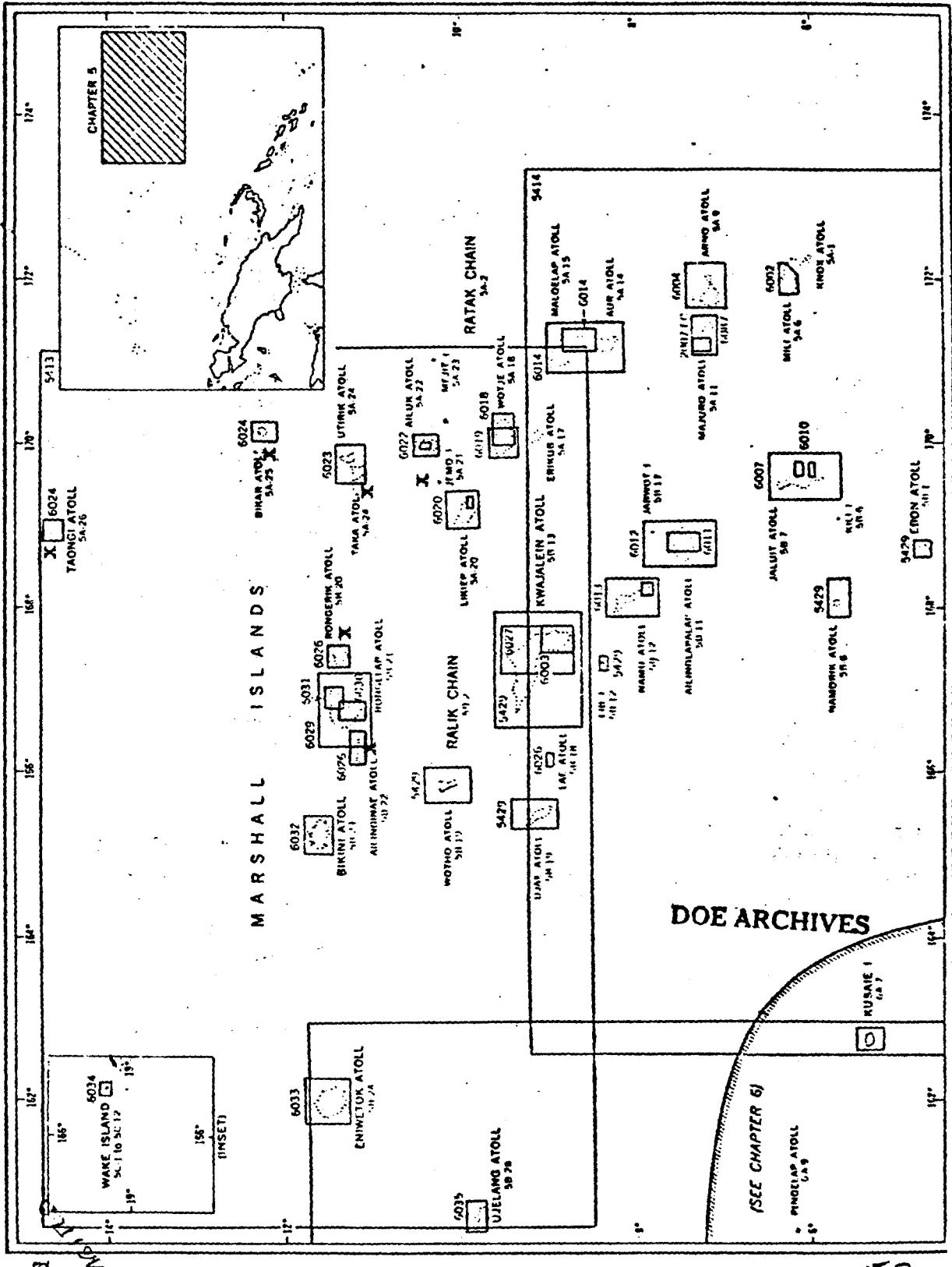
DOE ARCHIVES

## GRAPHIC INDEX

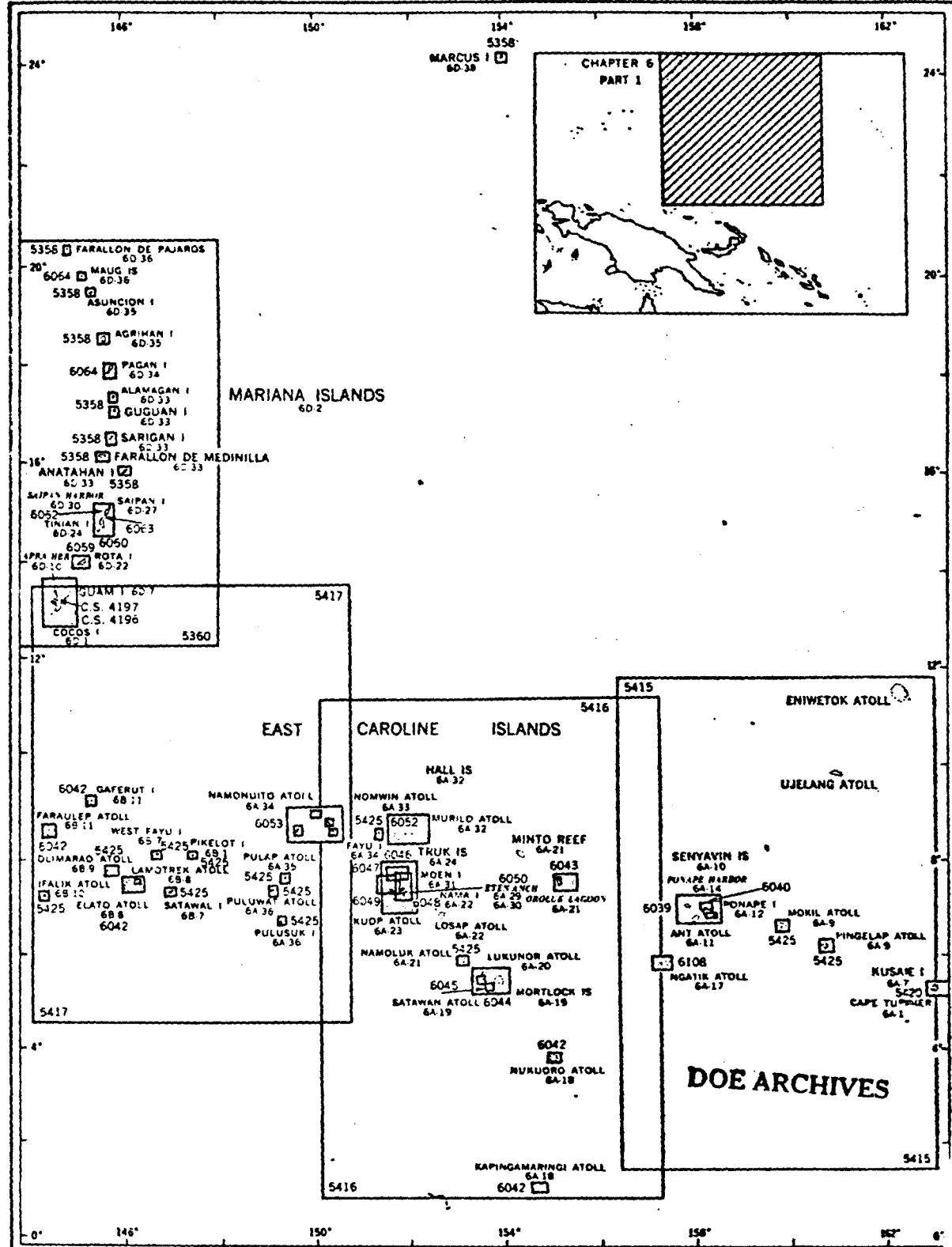
H.O. 82-Change 3

265

## PACIFIC PROVING GROUNDS ATOLLS ON WHICH SIGNIFICANT NUCLEAR FALLOUT COULD HAVE OCCURRED FROM THE



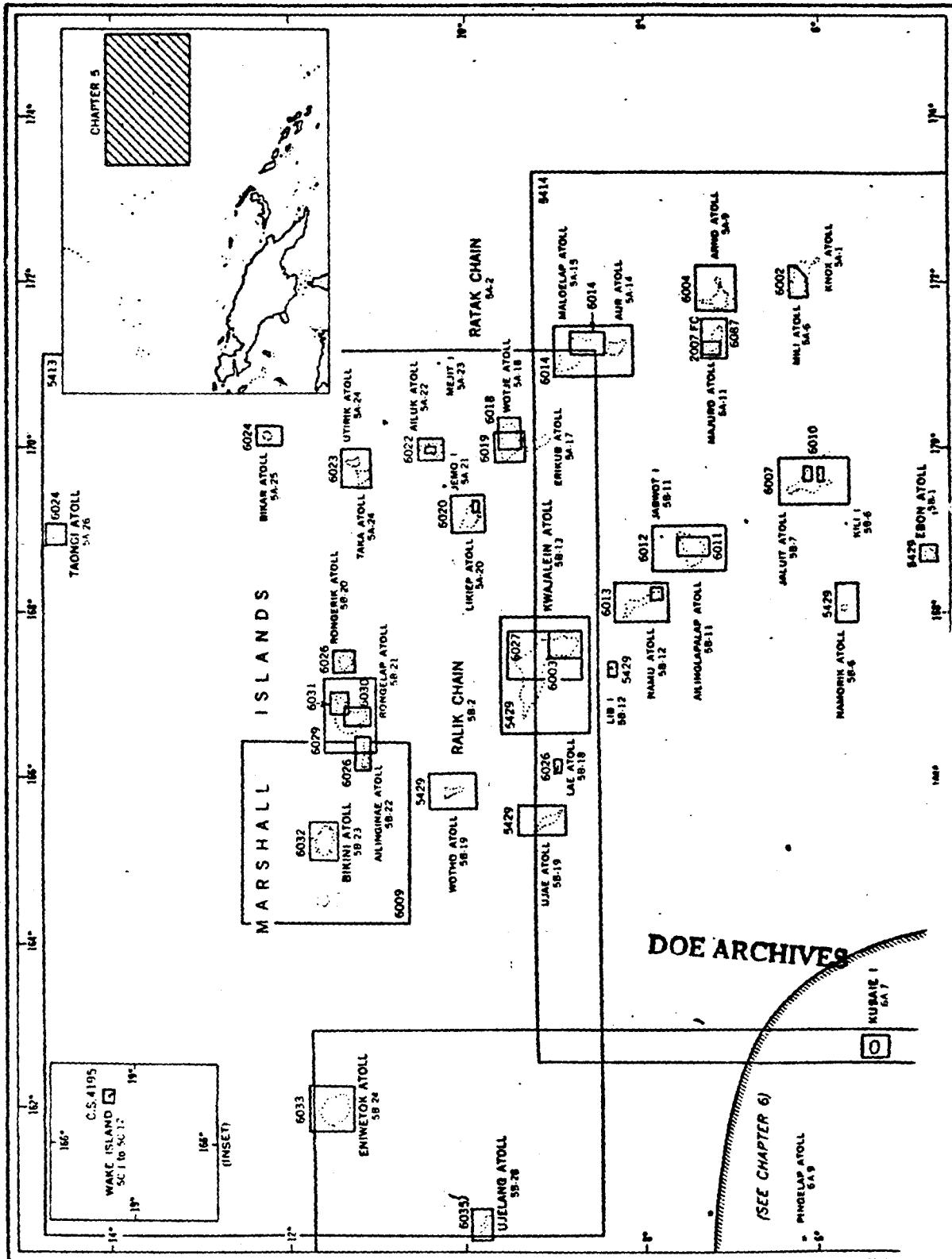
**GRAPHIC INDEX**  
**ATOLLS ON WHICH SIGNIFICANT NUCLEAR FALLOUT COULD HAVE OCCURRED FROM THE**  
**PACIFIC PROVING GROUNDS**



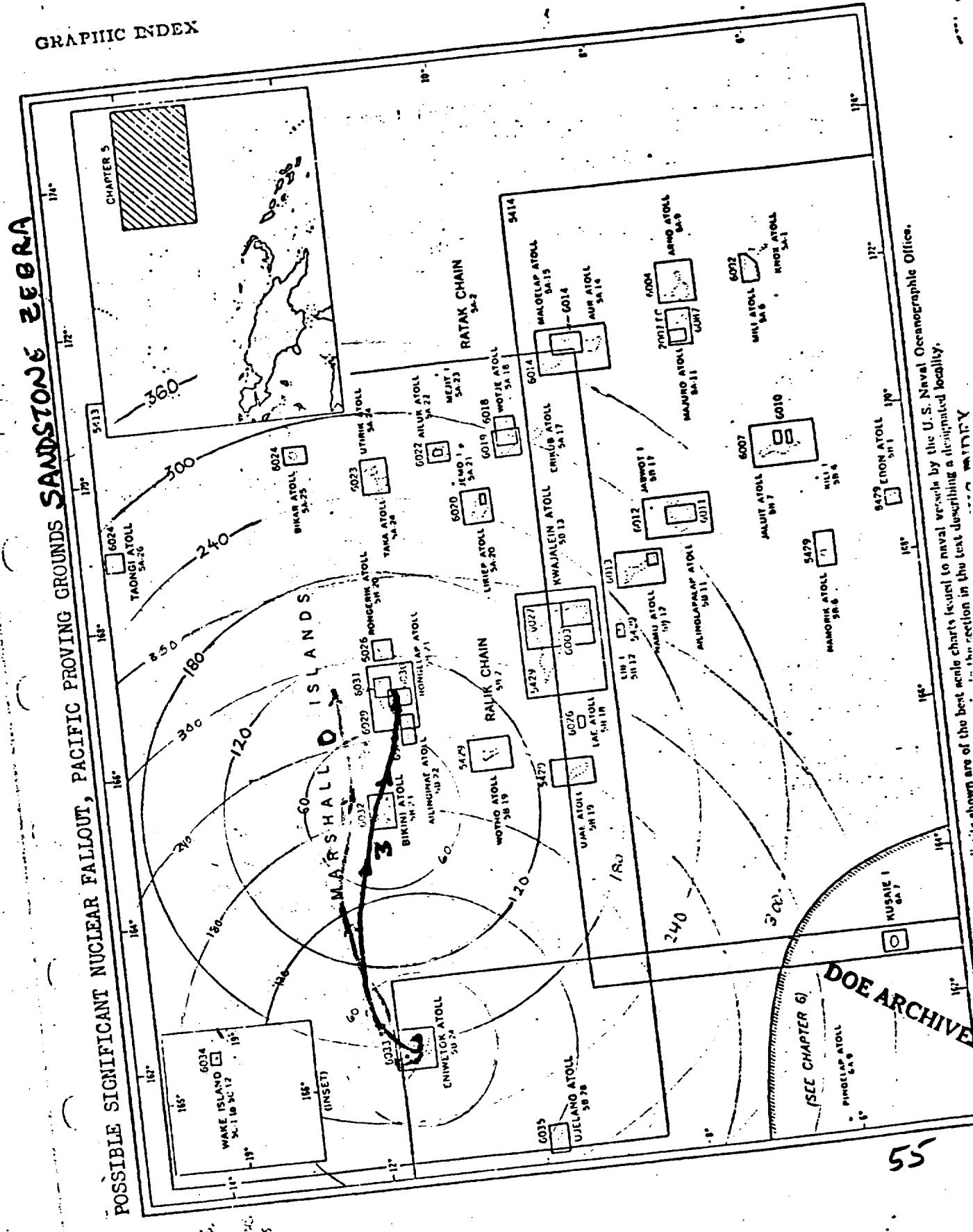
GRAPHIC INDEX

H.O. 82-Change 4

ATOLLS EVALUATED BY DUNNING, AUGUST 1957



## **GRAPHIC INDEX**

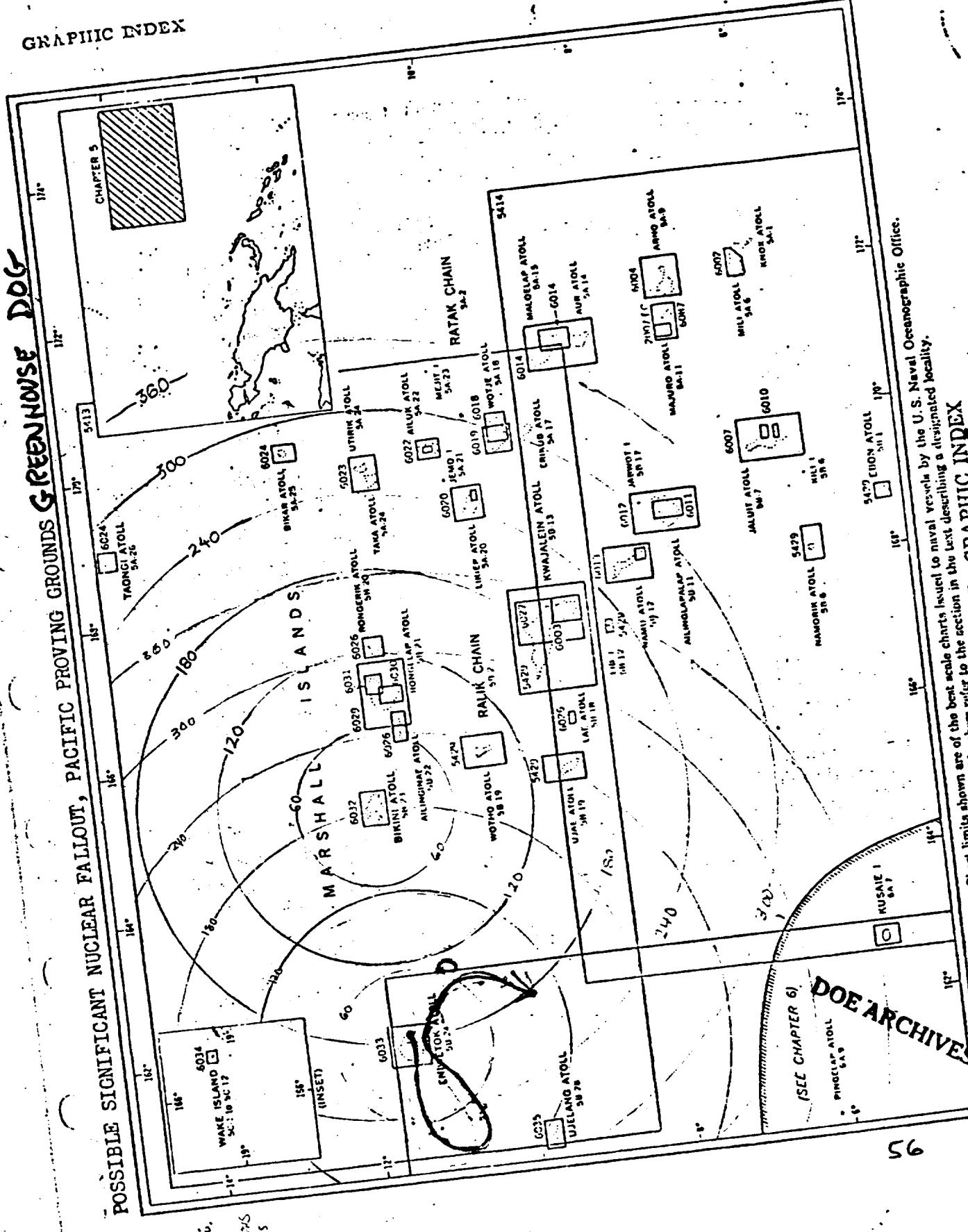
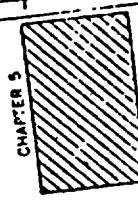


## GRAPHIC INDEX

## GREENHOUSE DOE

## POSSIBLE SIGNIFICANT NUCLEAR FALLOUT, PACIFIC PROVING GROUNDS G

CHAPTER 5



(SEE CHAPTER 6)

DOE ARCHIVES

Chart limits shown are of the best scale charts issued to naval vessels by the U.S. Naval Oceanographic Office. Numbers refer to the section in the text describing a designated locality.

Chart limits shown are of the best scale charts issued to naval vessels by the U.S. Naval Oceanographic Office. Numbers refer to the section in the text describing a designated locality.

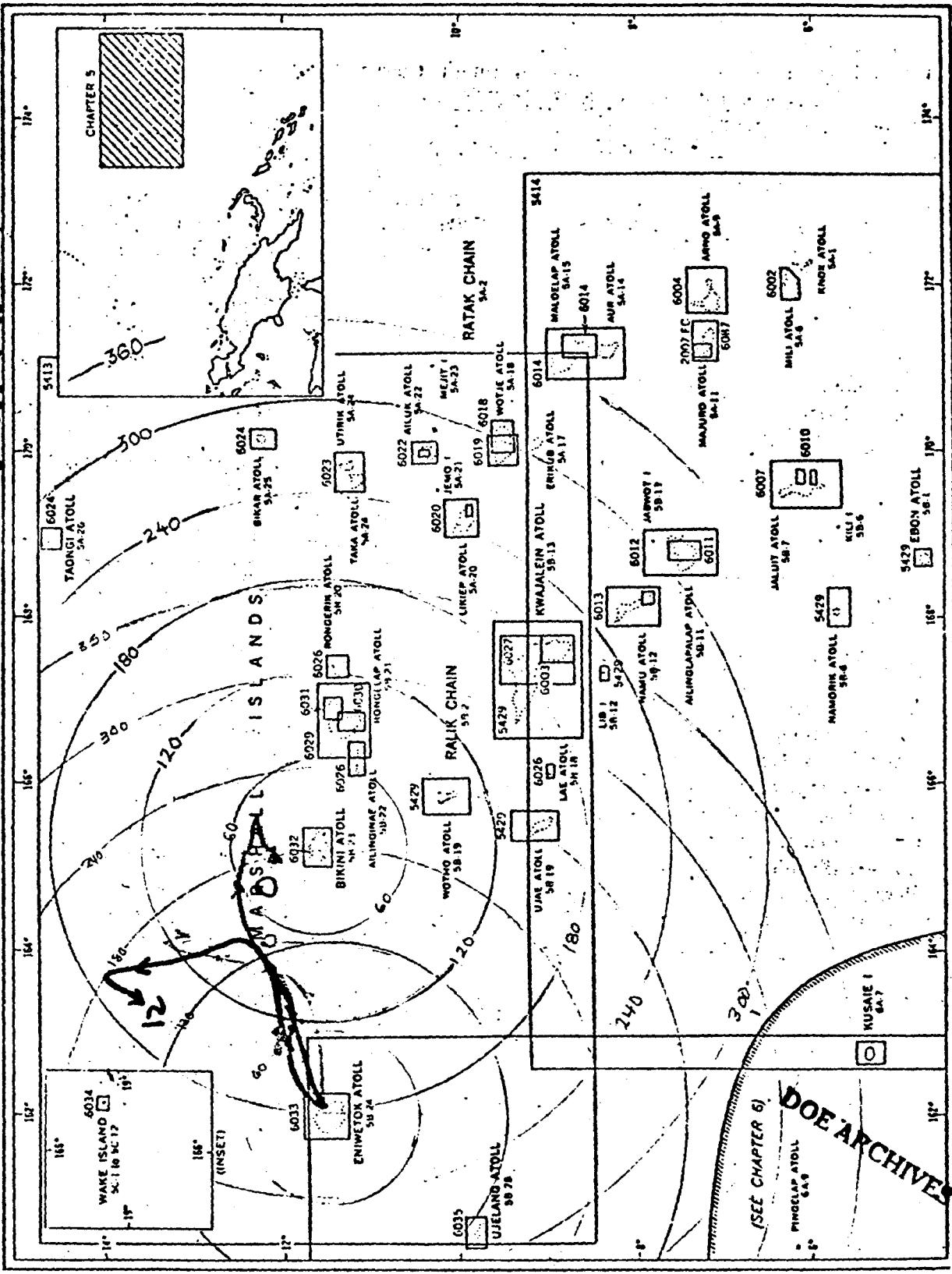
Chart limits shown are of the best scale charts issued to naval vessels by the U.S. Naval Oceanographic Office. Numbers refer to the section in the text describing a designated locality.

**POSSIBLE SIGNIFICANT NUCLEAR FALLOUT, PACIFIC PROVING GROUNDS GREENHOUSE TESTS**

**GRAPHIC INDEX**

H.O. 82—Change 3

26

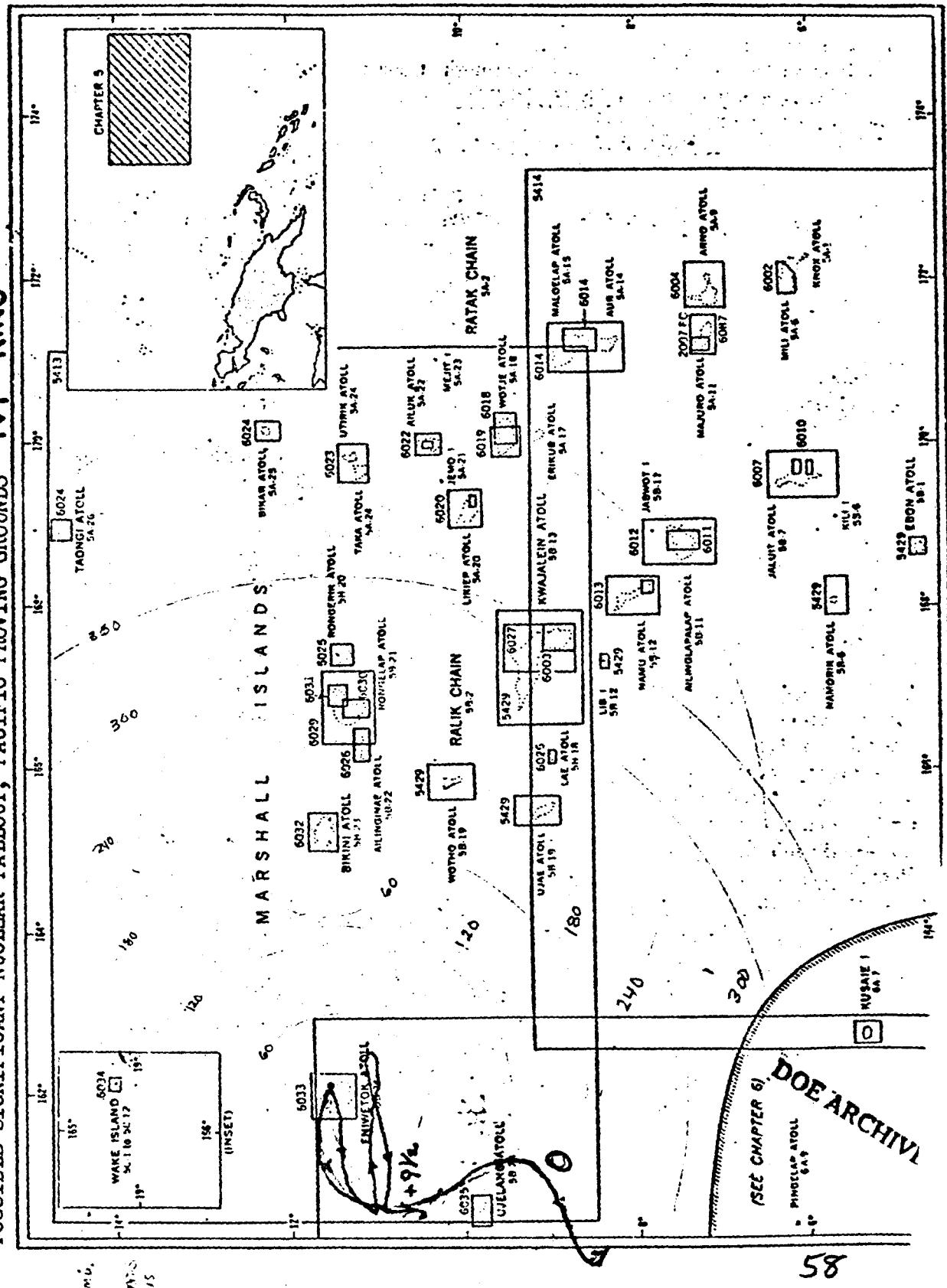


SECTION  
INDEX  
1000x1000  
0 NM.  
100NM.  
1000NM.

## GRAPHIC INDEX

H.O. 82-Change 3

## POSSIBLE SIGNIFICANT NUCLEAR FALLOUT, PACIFIC PROVING GROUNDS IVY KING



**DOE ARCHIVE**

## GRAPHIC INDEX

## POSSIBLE SIGNIFICANT NUCLEAR FALLOUT, PACIFIC PROVING GROUNDS IVY KING

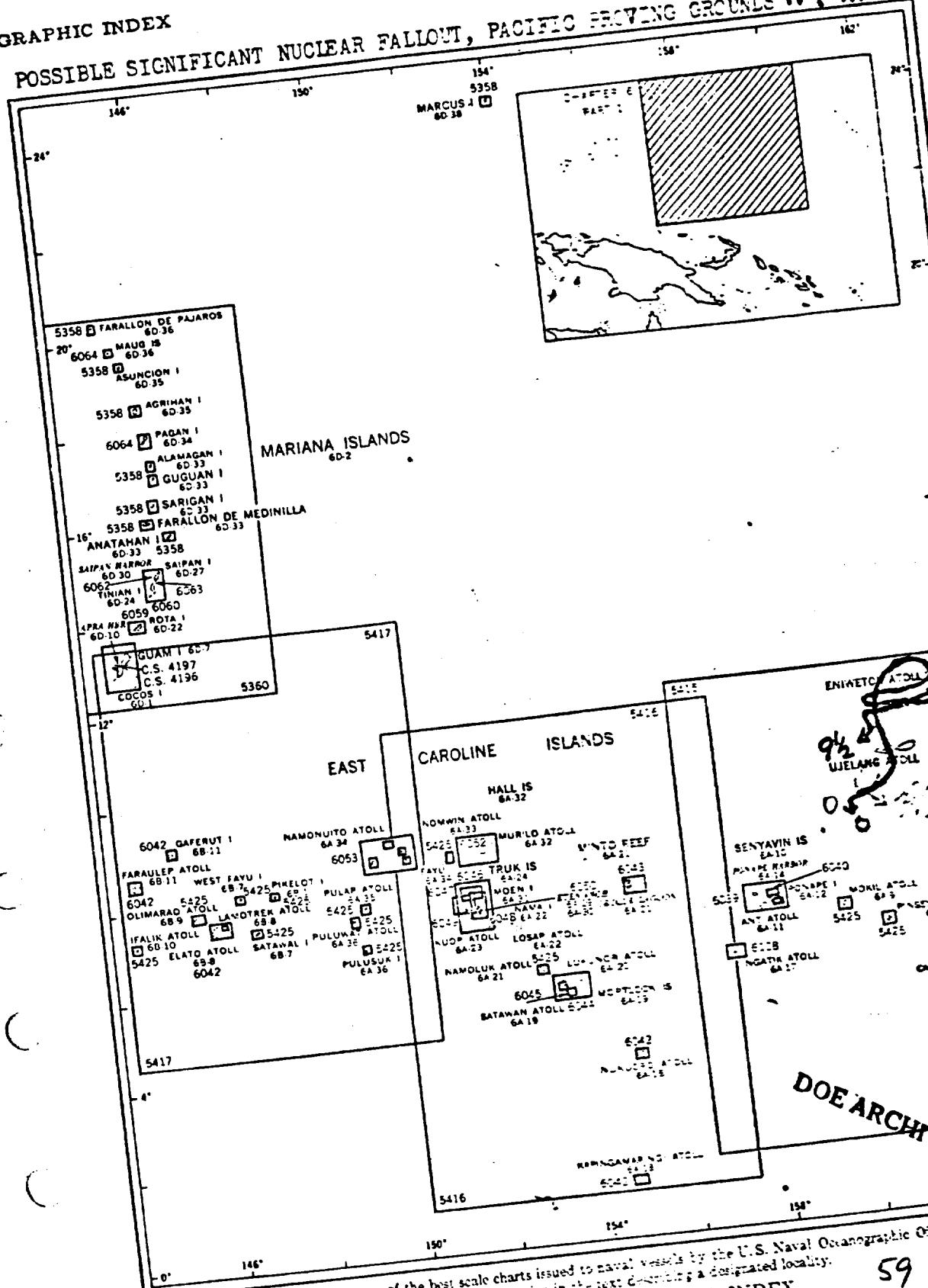
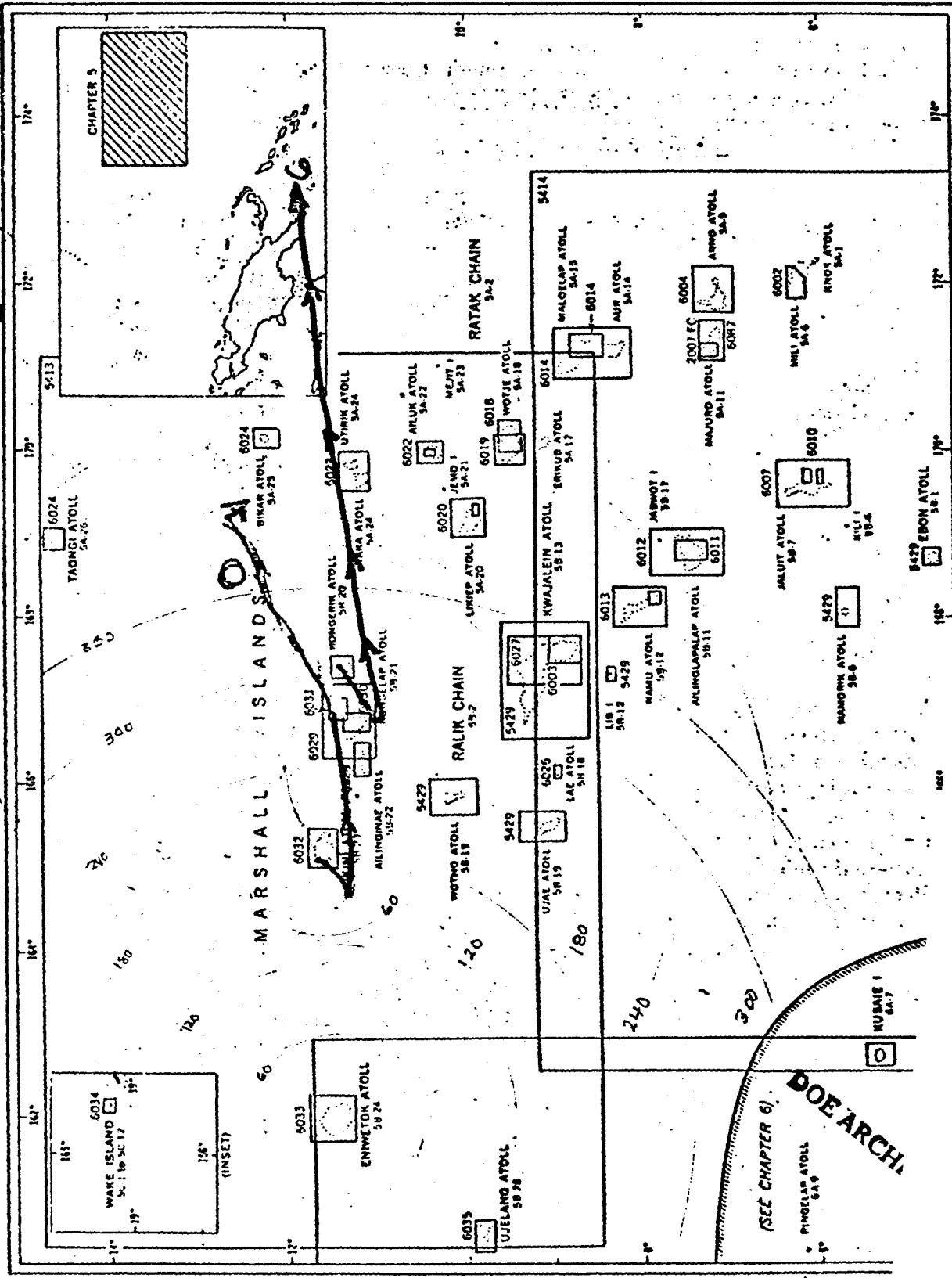


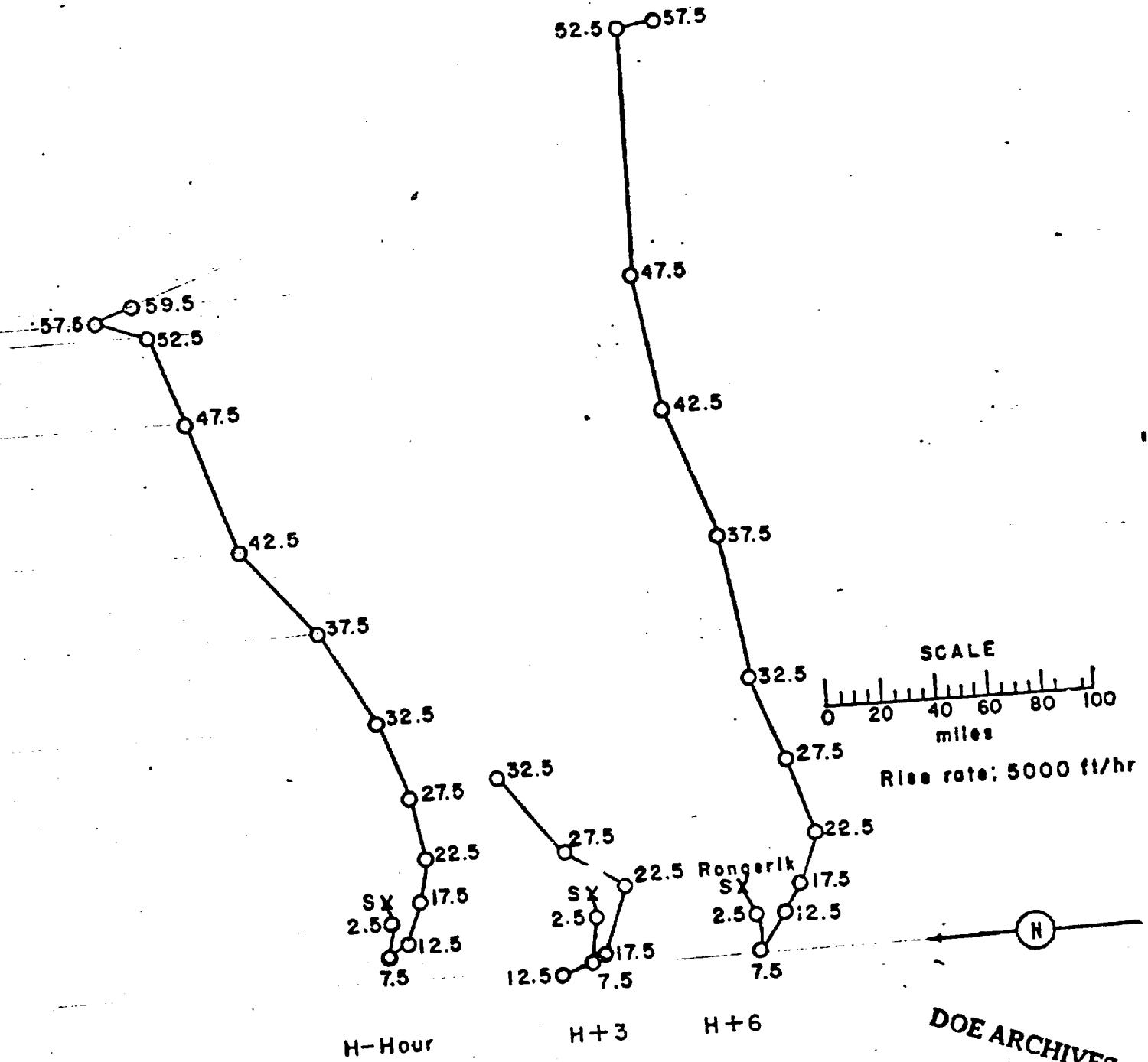
Chart limits shown are of the best scale charts issued to naval vessels by the U.S. Naval Oceanographic Office.  
Numbers refer to the section in the text describing a designated locality.

GRAPHIC INDEX

H.O. 82—Change 3

POSSIBLE SIGNIFICANT NUCLEAR FALLOUT, PACIFIC PROVING GROUNDS CASTLE BRAVO





Hodographs for Operation CASTLE - Shot 1 - Bravo.

DOE ARCHIVES

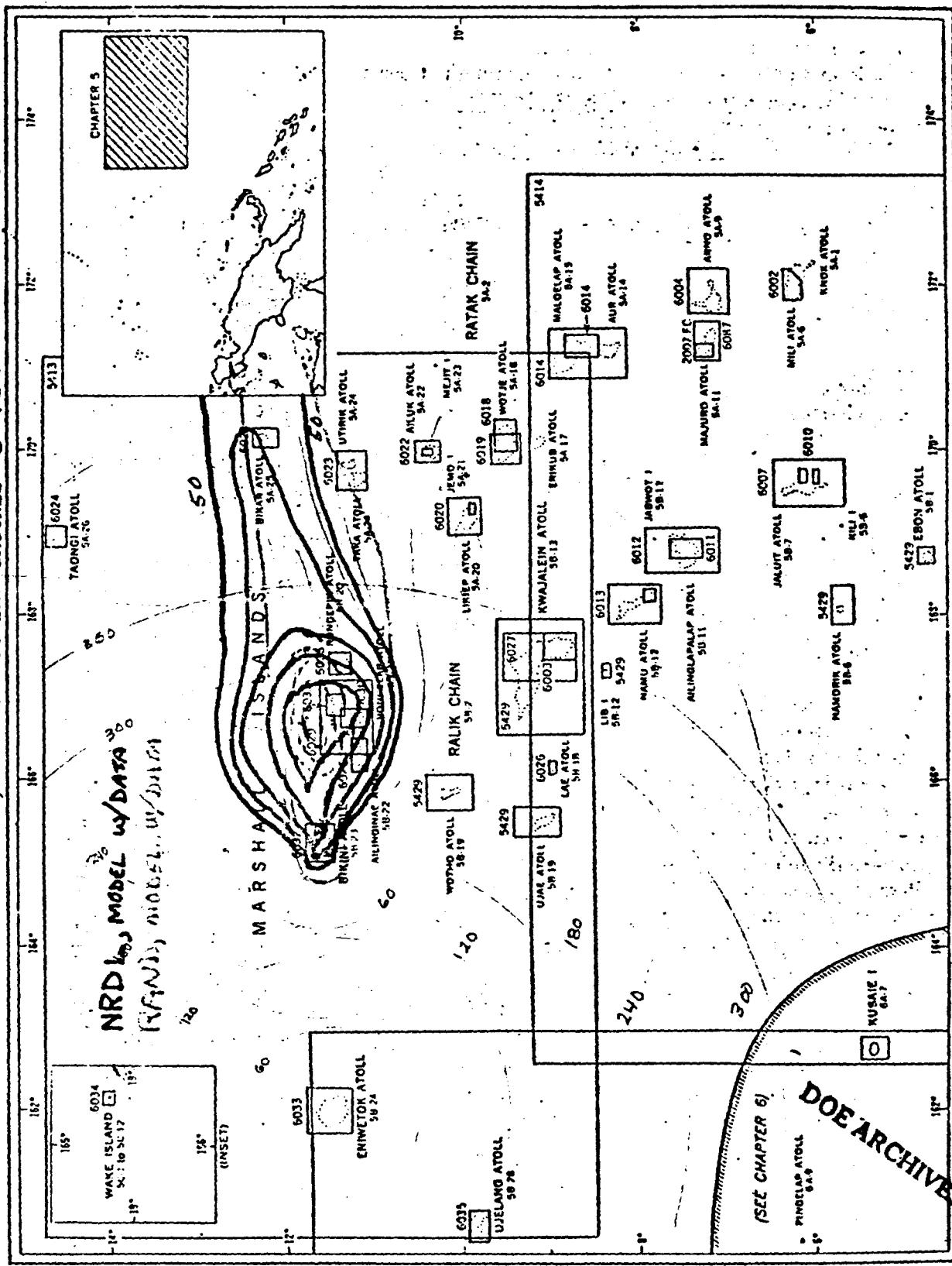
## GRÁPHIC INDEX

H.O. 82-Change 3

265

## **POSSIBLE SIGNIFICANT NUCLEAR FALLOUT, PACIFIC PROVING GROUNDS CASTLE BRAVO**

## NRD<sub>100</sub> MODEL w/ DATA<sup>300</sup>

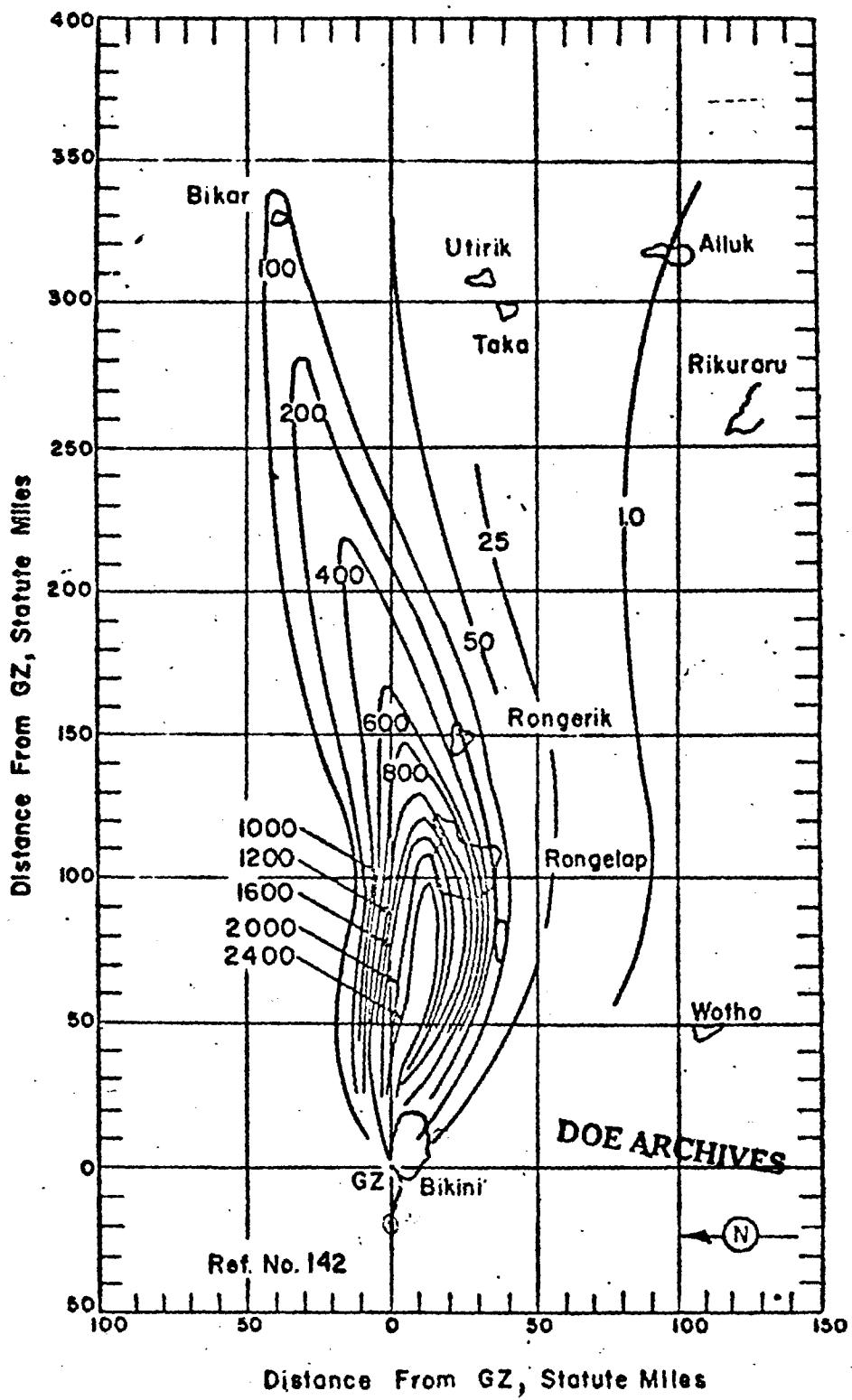


*[Handwritten]*  
DOE ARCHIVE  
*[Handwritten]*

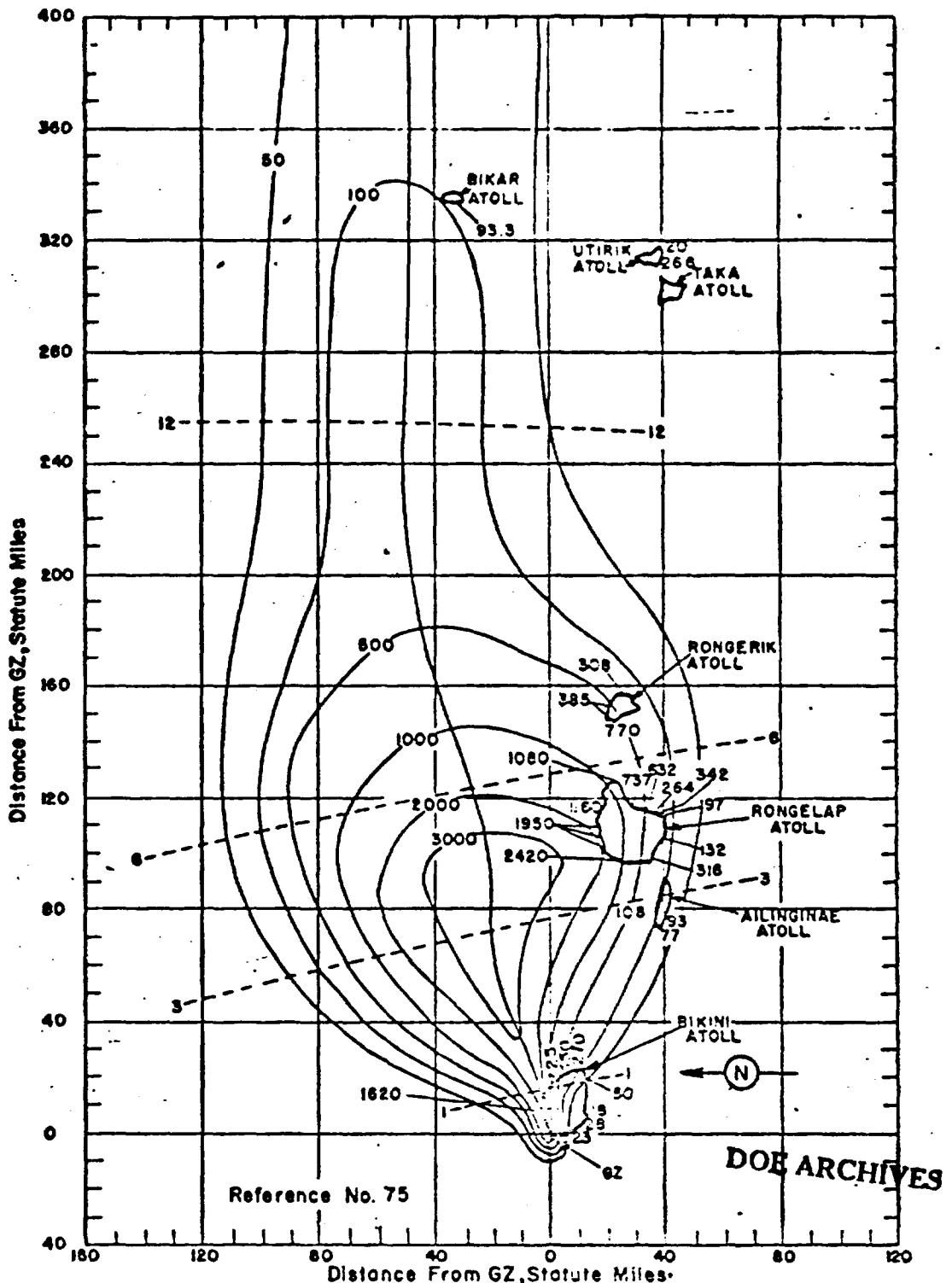
R/m<sup>2</sup>

62

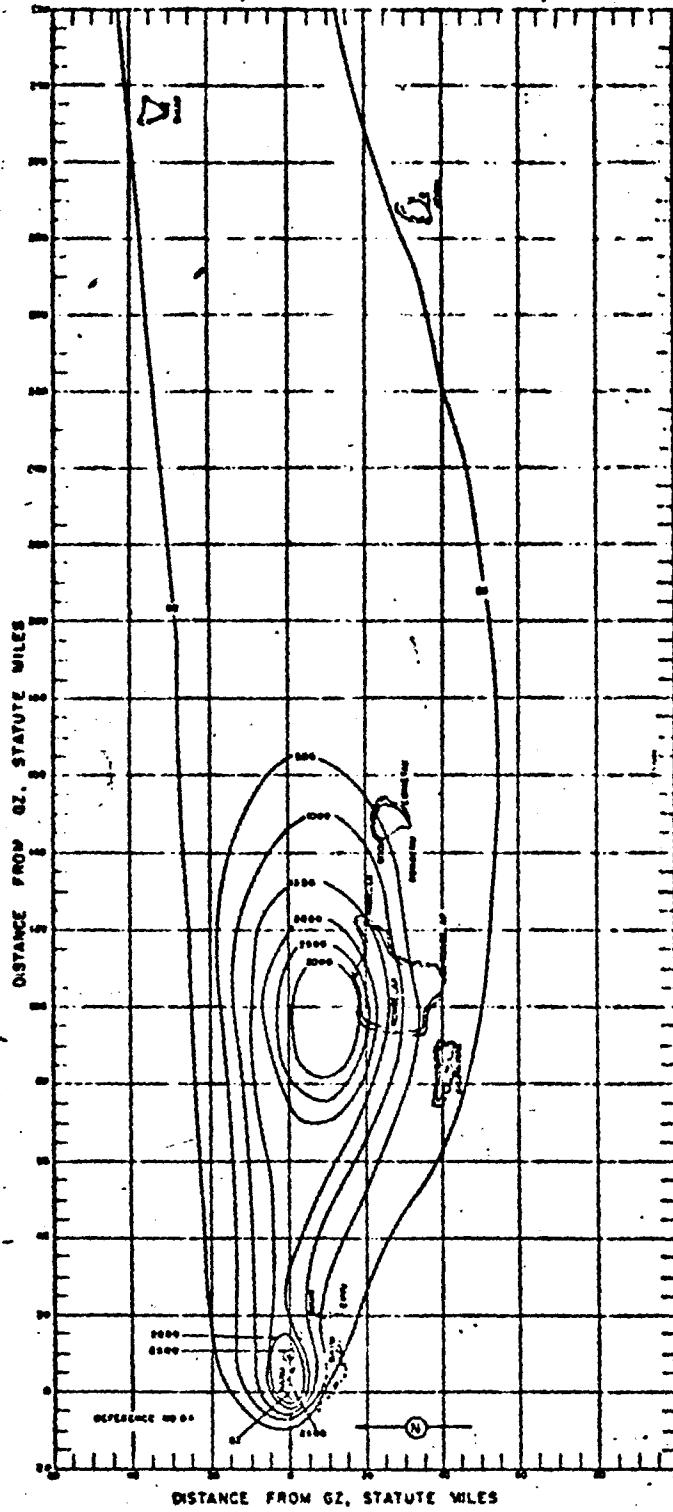
Chart limits shown are of the best scale charts issued to naval vessels by the U. S. Naval Oceanographic Office.  
Numbers refer to the section in the text concerning a document and locality.



Operation CASTLE - Shot 1 - Bravo.  
Off-site dose rate contours in r/hr at H+1 hour (t)



Operation CASTLE - Shot 1 - Bravo.  
Off-site dose rate contours in r/hr at H+1 hour (NRL).



Operation CASTLE - Shot 1 - Bravo.  
Off-site dose rate contours in r/hr at H+1 hour (RAN)

65

## GRÁPIIC INDEX

H.O. 82-Change 3

265

## POSSIBLE SIGNIFICANT NUCLEAR FALLOUT, PACIFIC PROVING GROUNDS CASTLE UNION

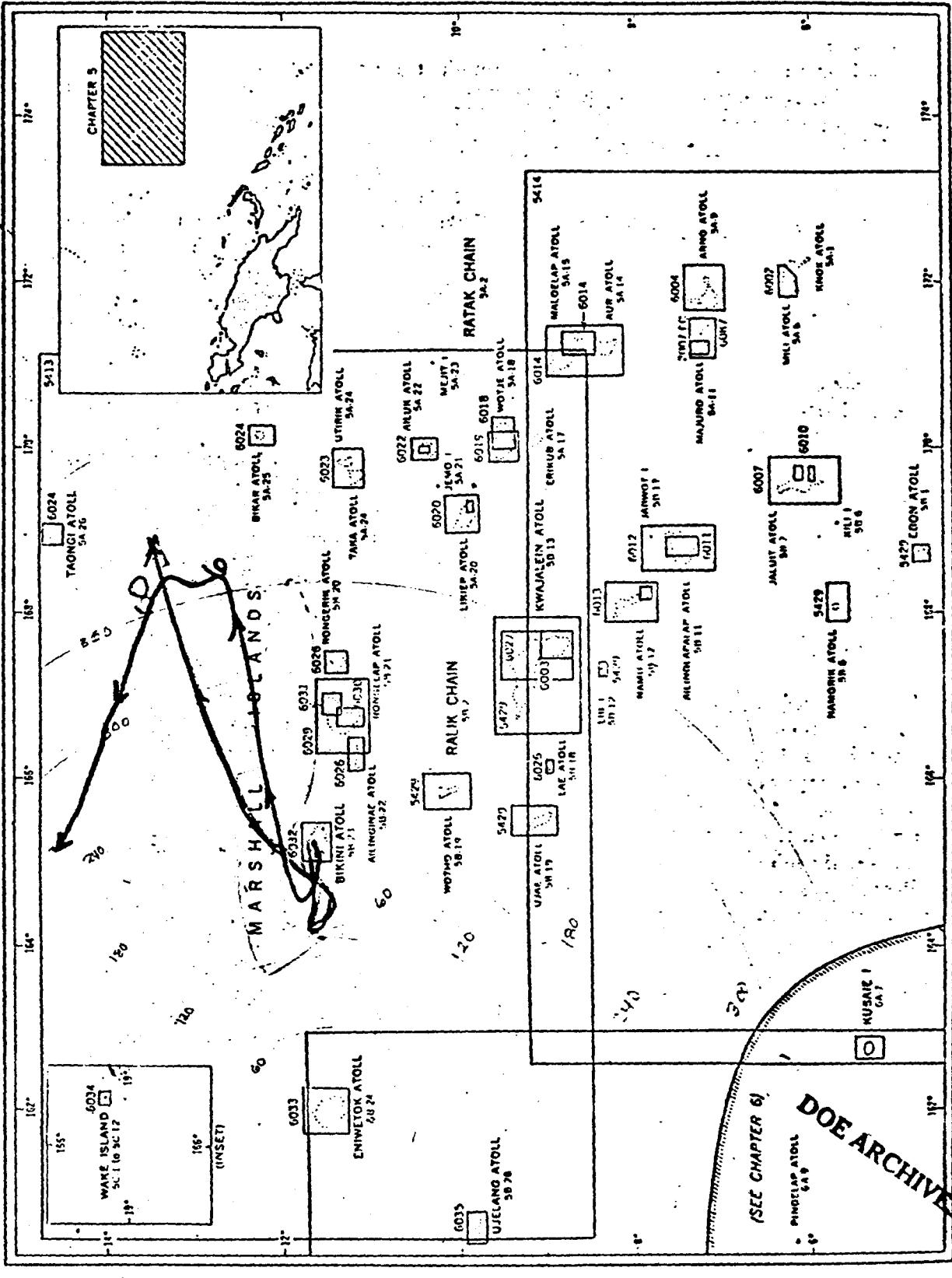


Chart 11011 shown on the front page here is based on material gathered by the U. S. Naval Oceanographic Office.  
Numbers refer to the sections in the text describing a circumnavigated locality.

## CHAPTER 5—GRAPHIC INDEX