

Technical Report

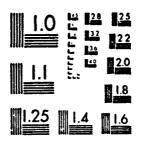
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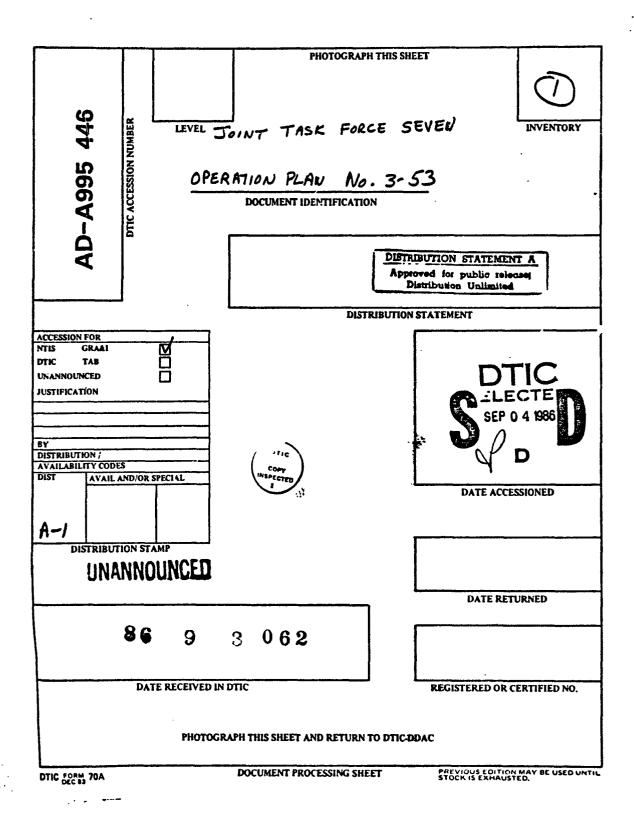
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a/4. C.126 • .: ŧ AD-A995 446 20 H **HEADQUARTERS** JOINT TASK FORCE SEVEN TEMPO KTL0088 Copy No. DTLO19, 32) 129 PLIII D. สาร์สิ OPEDATION Statemant A 1. r: sint A Car inter HIL CLASSIFIED foid DOVA/DUE Rene Chy Ising P.W. CLARKSON MAJOR GENERAL, U.S. ARMY COMMANDER S6C0 0 JTF SEVEN LOG NO. 5-54/ COPY NO. 126 0 0417 Wwatter ۲.

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(M. Jer (M. J.	53	From:	HEADCUARTERS, J. t Task Force SE ENGSI APO 187 (HOR), the Poetmaster San Francisco, California 10 February 1954 of the ARMED FORCES SPECIAL CLIPCES PROJECT

1. The following corrections and inclosed pages constitute Change No. 1 to CJTF SEVEN Operation Order No. 3-53. The inclosed pages should be inserted in their proper places and the rescinded pages removes and destroyed in accordance with applicable security regulations. New pages C-1 and C-2 replace original page C-1 only and require renumbering of subsequent pages.

2. Make the following pen and ink corrections:

✓a. <u>Annex A. page A-3. paragraph 5n</u> - After last sentence add "In the event unidentified aircraft enter the test area, CTG 7.3 will alert CTG 7.4 regarding the situation. CTG 7.4 will direct test aircraft to depart the area on appropriate headings and control of the area will revert to CTG 7.3 for the duration of the defensive effort."

b. <u>Annex A, page A-4, paragraph 8</u> - Change last sentence to read: "The weither island airlift will be controlled by CTG 7.4 utilizing PBM aircraft made available by the CO, Naval Station, .Kwajalein."

K. <u>Annex A. Appendix I and II</u> - Change classification from RESTRICTED to UNCLASSIFIED.

d. <u>Annex C. page C-2 (before renumbering)</u> - Delete first seven lines at top of page.

*submarine" between "for" and "contact."

f. <u>Annex C. page C-5. paragraph 12. Line 8</u> - Delete words "SECURITY INFORMATION" and substitute words "RESTRICTED DATA."

Vg. Annex C, page C-5, paragraph 12, line 9 - Delete words "RESTRICTED - SECURITY INFORMATION" and substitute the word "CONFIDENTIAL."

h. <u>Annex E. page 8-2</u> - Add Project 3-4, "Neutralization of Mine Fields."

 <u>Annex H. page H-1. paragraph f</u> - Delete and reletter subsequent paragraphs.

/j. <u>Annex H. page H-3. paragraph z (before relettering)</u> - Add second sentence as follows: "Assume control of shot area as necessary for air defense, alerting CTG 7.4 accordingly to permit removal of test aircraft from the area affected."

··· COPY NO. 126 JTP LOG NO. S-5

page 0 paragraph 3d(2) - Change to read: k. Annex L. "Emergency or routine administrative messages not concerned with Operation CASTLE which may be transmitted over normal Navy circuits."

1.1.1

1. Annex L. page L-2, paragraph 3d(7) - Delete and re-number paragraph 3d(8) to read 3d(7).

M. Annex L. page L-6, paragraph 6a(8) and page L-7, paragraph 6c(6) - Substitute "ENYU" for "Firing Party."

"n. <u>Annex L. page L-7. paragraph 6c(11)</u> - Change the word "plan" to read "plant."

o. Annex M. Appendix III. pages M-III-1 and M-III-2 - Change classification to CONFIDENTIAL.

. p. <u>Annex N. page N-4. paragraph 61. 71 and 71</u> - Change reference "71" to read "7k."

q. <u>Annex N. Appendix I. page N-I-4. paragraph 17c(3)</u> - Change reference "4a" to read "5a."

3. Attention is invited to CJTF SEVEN dispatch 1707472 Jan. Effective 17 January 1954, CJTF SEVEN Operation Plan No. 3-53 became an operation order.

4 Incl 1. Pages C-1 and C-2 (Rev.) 2. Annex D 3. Annex I (Rev.) 4. Annex S

P. W. CLAFKSON Major General, U.S. Army Commander

DISTRIBUTION: Holders of CJTF SEVEN OpOrder No. 3-53

OFFICIAL:

IAN S. 6711 Colonel, U. S. Air Force

Assistant Chief of Staff, J-3



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HEADQUARTERS JOINT TASK FORCE SEVEN

OPERATION PLAN NO. 3-53

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CHANGES TO OPERATION PLAN NO. 3-53

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Change Nc.	Dated	Effective	Date Mad-	Signature
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TEADQUARTERS, Joint Task Force SEVEN Washington 25, D C. 10 November 1953 1

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- <u>Chart References</u>: a. U.S. Navy Hydrographic Chart No. 5203, North Facific Gean, Marshall Islands.
 - b. U.S. Navy Hydrographic Chart No. 6032, North Pacific Ocean, Narshall Islands - Northern Part -Bikini Atoll
 - U.S. Navy Hydrographic Chart No. 6033, North Pacific Ocean, Marshall Islands, Eniwetok Atoll.

Task Organization

- a. Task Group 7.1 (Scientific) Dr. William E. Ogle, LASL
- b. Task Group 7.2 (Army) Colonel Edward H. Lahti, USA
- c Task Group 7.3 (Navy) Rear Admiral Henry C. Bruton, USN
- d. Task Group 7 4 (Air Force) Brig General Howell M Estes, USAF
- e. Task Group 7.5 (AEC Base Facilities) Mr. James E. Reeves, AEC
- 1 General

a. Scope of Instructions

(1) This operation plan covers the period of sperations from the time major elements of the joint *ask force are deployed in the forward area until the completion of on site operations. It is published at this time for planning purposes only and is subject to periodic revision and refinement as more detailed information becomes available. When so directed by the Commander, Joint Task Force SEVEN (CJTF SEVEN), this plan will become effective as an operation order covering overall on-site operations and will supersede Operation Order No. 1-53.

(2) "Forward Area", as the term is used in this plan, is defined as that area encompassing the MAREHALL ISLANDS.

(3) "ENTWETOK-BIKINI Danger Area", as the term is used in this plan, is that area encompassing ENTWETOK and BIKINI ATCLLS and bounded by the meridians 100''35 - 100'16' east longitude, and by the parallels 100'15' - 12''45' north latitude (an area of 150 by 350 miles).

(4) "Closed Area", as the term is used in this plan, is defined as including the land areas of ENIWETCK and BIKINI ATOLLS, the water areas of the respective lagoons and the water areas within three (3) miles to the seaward side of the respective land areas.

(5) "Atoll Commander, ENIWETCK (ATCOM ENIWETCK)", as the term is used in this plan, is the commander of the area defined in subparagraph (3) above, JTF SEVEN elements on KWAJALEIN and on task force weather islands



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Operation Plan CJTF SEVEN No. 3-53

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b. General Situation

(1) In accordance with directives from the Joint Chiefs of Staff (JCS), CJTP SEVEN will conduct tests of experimental weapons and devices on ENIWETCK and BIKINI ATOLLS early in 1954 and will make experimental measurements proposed by the Atomic Energy Commission (AEC) and the Department of Defense (DCD), is approved by their respective agencies. All weapons and devices will be statically detonated.

(2) By authority of the JCS, CJTF SEV:N exercises full operational control and certain administrative control of the task groups during on-site operations. This administrative control is defined as that exercised for the purpose of establishing communications channels and coordinating reports, movement and fiscal matters, exclusive of those pertaining to the administration of the AEC proving ground and AEC contractors, subcontractors and other participating agencies. (CJTF SEVEN No. 2-53, Administrative Order, refers).

(3) By authority of the Chairman, AEC, the commander of the joint task force is designated as the senior representative of the AEC in the forward area during on-site operations.

(4) By decision of the JCS on 2 April 1953, CJTF SEVEN reports to the Commander-in-Chief, Pacific (CINCPAC) for movement control, logistic support and for the purpose of general security with respect to the task force and ENIWETOK and BIKINI ATCLLS.

(5) Intelligence, Security and Public Information. Annex C applies.

(6) <u>Friendly Porces</u>. JTF SEVEN consists of units from the military Services and personnel of the AEC, its contractors, subcontractors and other participating agencies.

2. Mission

A. JTF SEVEN will:

(1) Conduct tests of experimental weapons and devices on ENIWETOK and BIKINI ATOLLS as soon as preparations are complete.

(2) Conduct experimental tests and measurements for the AEC and DOD as approved by their respective agencies.

b. CJTP SEVEN, as ATCOM ENIWETOK, will:

(1) Upon commencement of the operational phase of CASTLE, assume responsibility within the forward area for security of JTF SEVEN and ENIWETCK and BIKINI ATOLLS.

(2) To the maximum capability with the forces assigned:

(a) Enforce the status of ENIWETOK, which was closed effective 1 December 1947 pursuant to the provisions of the Strategic Trusteeship for the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, and BIKINI ATOLLS, which was closed effective 2 April 1953.

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(b) Limit entry into the ENIWETOK-BIKINI Danger Area to authorized vessels and aircraft.



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3. Tasks for Subordinate Units

a. Scientific Task Group (TG 7 1) will:

(1) Conduct tests of the experimental weapons and divices.

(2) Conduct the tecnnical and measurement programs (Annex E)

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(3) Conduct technical report film operations (Annex T).

Refer to Annex F for summary of tasks.

b. Army Task Group (TG 7.2) will:

(1) Provide a mebile defense force for the ground securit of ENIWETCK and BIKINI ATOLLS.

(2) Operate port, base and military communications facilities at ENIMETOK and certain military installations at BIKINI in accordance with existing AEC-DOD agreements.

(3) Provide and operate the overall military communications system for handling all forward area joint task force inter-atoll and long-haul traffic (exclusive of air operations, air weather, internal naval communications and the TG 7.1 inter-atoll radio circuit).

(4) With certain personnel augmentation from NG 7.4, provide logistic support for those elements of the joint task force based on ENIWETOK ISLAND.

Refer to Annex G for summary of tasks.

c. Navy Task Group (TG 7.3) will:

(1) Provide for the security of the ENIWETCK-BIKINI Danger Area by:

(a) Maintaining the status of the "Closed Area".

(b) Detecting, warning and escorting unauthorized vessels and aircraft out of the Danger Area.

(2) Provide suitable water transportation, air and surface escort and shipboard assembly facilities for the weapons and devices to meet the requirements of the Commander, TG 7.1.

(3) Provide shipboard command and control facilities for CJTP SEVEN, with command and administrative space for CTG 7.1, CTG 7.4 and CTG 7.5 afloat.

(4) Assume operational control of inter-island helicop.er airlift system at BIKINI and provide ship to shore and inter-island surface and helicopter transportation, primarily at BIKINI, to include flights for damage survey and recovery of scientific data.

(5) Provide shipboard facilities to house designated elements of the joint task force while afloat, including pre-shot evacuations as direct d by CJTF SEVEN.

(6) Support TG 7.1 directly with ships, aircraft and small craft





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required in experiments and projects and as otherwise directed by CJTF SEVEN.

Refer to Annex H for summary of tasks.

d. Air Force Task Group (TG 7.4) will:

(1) Assume operational control of the inter-atoll airlift system. and the inter-island airlift system at ENIWETOK (Annex Q).

(2) Execute assigned CASTLE missions to include cloud sampling, effects tests aircraft operations, communications services, search and rescue, technical report photography aircraft operations, weather service, Hilitary Air Transport Service (MATS) terminal operations and official observer flights.

(3) Provide air controller and other supervisory personnel for the air operations center aboard the command ship (USS ESTES).

Refer to Annex I for summary of tasks.

e. AEC Base Facilities Task Group (TG 7.5) will:

(1) Continue to execute missions assigned by the Manager, Santa Fe Operations Office (SFCO) in accordance with current AEC policies.

(2) Operate and maintain certain installations and facilities at ENIWETCK and BIKINI ATCLLS in accordance with existing agreements with CTG 7.1 and between the AEC and DOD.

(3) Provide necessary base facilities and logistic support for military personnel at ENIWETCK and BIKINI ATOLLS in accordance with existing agreements.

(4) Provide necessary test facilities to meet the scientific requirements and inform CJTF SEVEN of significant developments affecting his overall mission.

Refer to Annex J for summary of tasks.

x. Task Group Commanders will:

(1) Prepare plans for the accomplishment of all tasks assigned herein and forward copies of such plans to arrive in this headquarters not later than 1 January 1954.

(2) Provide personnel, as required, for participation in the defense of ENIMETCK and BIKINT ATCLLS. All military personnel based on ENIMETCK ISLAND will, to the extent practicable, be trained in and available for ground defense (Annex K).

(3) Submit reports for historical and other purposes to CJTF SEVEN in accordance with current JTF SEVEN directives.

(4) When so notified by CJTF SEVEN that units of equipment are released, return the equipment to parent organizations.

(5) Exercise maximum economy in the conduct of all operations. Attention is directed to letter, subject: "Conservation of Funds."



Operation Plan CJTF SEVEN No. 3 53

Time and Resources", published by CJTP SEVEN on 8 May 1953.

- 4. <u>Administrative and Logistical Matters</u>. CJTF SEVE: No. 2-53, Administrative Order, opplies.
- 5. Command and Signal Matters
 - a. Command Relationships

(1) Annex B applies. Also, see CJTF SEVEN letter, subject: "Exercise of Command", dated 2 October 1953.

(2) The senior task force officer based at KWAJALEIN will coordinate ratters including task force activities (except movement control) . that _ ition.

(3) The Commander, TG 7.4 exercises control for all JTF SEVEN activities on the weather islands, to include administration and supply.

b. Command Posts

UNIT	DURING THINT OPERATIONS	DURING ENIWETOK OPERATIONS
CJTP SEVEN	USS RETES (AGC-12)	PARRY ISLAND
CTG 7.1	USS ESTES (AGC-12)	PARRY ISLAND
CTG 7 2	ENIWETCK ISLAND	ENIWETCK ISLAND
CTG 7.3	USS BAIRCKG (CVE-115)	PARRY ISLAND or CVE
CTG 7.4	USS ESTES (AGC-12)	ENIWETOK ISLAND
CTG 7.5	USS ESTE (AGC-12)	PARRY ISLAND

c. Communications. And & L applies.

d. Time zone "M" applies for forward area activities.

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P. W. CLARKSON Major General, U.S. Army Commander

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Annexes:

A - Concept of Operations

Appendix: I - Map of Eniwetok Holl II - Map of Bikini Atoll III - Forward Area Native Population

B - Organization and Comman : elationships /

Appendix:



Operation Plan CJTP SEVEN No. 3-53

> I - Organization for Operation CASTLE II - Command Channels, JTF SEVEN Afloat

C - Intelligence, Security and Public Information

D - froop and Equipment List

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E - Scientific Test Programs (RESTRICTED DATA - Limited Distribution)

F - Scientific Task Group Summary of Tasks (TG 7.1)

G - Army Task Group Summary of Tasks (TG 7.2)

d - Naval Task Group Summary of Tasks (TG 7.3)

I - Air Force Task Group Summary of Tasks (TG 7.4)

J - AEC Base Facilities Task Group Summary of Tasks (TG 7.5)

K - Hostile Action Alert Plan

Appendix.

I - Control of 'lectronic Radiation and Surface Lighting

L - Communications

Appendix:

I - Principal Task Force HF Radio Circuita

- II VHF Voice Radio Circuits, Eniwetok and Bikini Stolls
- III JTF SEVEN Toletype Network

M - Weather Plan

Appendix '

1 - Location Chart of Weather Units

- II Weather Organization
- III Patrol Planes Weather Reporting Code

Y - Radiological Safety

Appendix.

I - Radiological Safety Regulations II - Radiological Safety Office and Center III - Hazards Resulting from Atomic Bomb Explosions

0 - Search and Rescue

P - Boat Plan

Q - Airlift Plan

R - Shot Phase Evacuation and Reentry Plan

S - Official Observer Plan

T - Photography Plan

U - Radioactive Samples Return Flan (RESTRICIED DATA - Limited Distribution)



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CNO (Op-36), Washington 25, D.C. CINCPAC, Navy #128, c/o FPO, San Francisco, Calif. CINCPACFLT, Navy #128, c/o FPO, San Francisco, Calif. ^O, NAVSTA KWAJALEIN, Navy #824, c/o FPO, San Francisco, Calif. BUMED, Washington 25, D. C.

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DCofS, Operations, USAF, Washington 25, D. C.
APDAT, USAF, Washington 25, D. C.
COMMATS, Andrews AFB, Washington 25, D. C.
CO, AWS, MATS, Washington 25, D. C.
CO, AACS, MATS, Washington 25, D. C.
CO, ARS, MATS, Washington 25, D. C.
COMARDC, Baltimore, Md.
COMAFSWC, Eirtland AFB, New Mexico
COMAMC, Wright-Patterson AFB, Ohio

DOD AGENCIES

Chief, AFSWP, Box 2610, Washington 25, D. C.

AEC AGENCIES

Chairman, AEC, 1901 Constitution Avenue, Washington 25, D. C.	
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DMA, AEC, 1901 Constitution Avenue, Washington 25, D. C.	
Manager, SPCO, Box 5400, Albuquerque, New Mexico	
Manager, San Francisco Operations Office, AEC, 200 Bush Street,	
San Francisco 4, Calif.	
Manager of Operations, USAEC, P.O. Box 30, Ansonia Station,	
New York 23, N.Y. (ATTN: Mr. Merril Eisenbud)	

JTF SEVEN AGENCIES

CTC 7.1, Box 1663, Los Alamos, New Mexico	10
CTG 7.2, APO 187, c/o PM, San Francisco, Calif.	5
CTG 7.3, Washington 25, D. C.	45
CTG 7.4, Kirtland AFB, New Mexico	10
CTG 7.5, Box 5400, Albuquerque, New Mexico	8
JTF SEVEN LNC, Travis AFB, Calif.	1
JTF SEVF. LNO, NSC, Oakland, Calif.	1
JTF SEVEN LNO, Hickam AFB, Box 440, APO 953, c/o PM,	
San Francisco, Calif.	1
JTF SEVEN LNC, Kwajalein, Navy #824, c/o FPO, San Francisco, Calif	1.1
JTF SEVEN Scientific Director, Box 1663, Los Alamos, New Mexico	1



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HEADQUARTERO, Joint Task Force SEVEN Washington 25, D. C. 10 November 1950 1

Annex A to CJTF SEVE Operation Flan No. 2-53

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CONCEPT OF CEERATICES

- 1. <u>General</u>. Operation CASTLD will be a series of atomic tests conducted carly in 1954 at ENTWATCH and BIKINI ATCLES, MURSTALL ISLANDS. The operation will consist of seven (7) shots. This concept of operations covers the period beginning with the deployment of major slements of STF SEVEN in the forward area and terminating with the completion of tests, collection of scientific data and disposition of radioactive samples.
- 2. <u>Mission</u>

a. To conduct tests of experimental weapons and devices as outliked below.

b. To conduct the technical and measurement programs.

c. To provide for security of the joint task force and ENIWLTOK and BIKINI ATOLLS.

- 3. <u>Tasks for Subordinate Units</u>. The conduct of missions fa and 2b, above, is the responsibility of the scientific Task Group. Other task groups will furnish the support receasing to fulfill these missions. To insure successful accomplishment of the missions, this support will be coordinated by CBMF SEVEN.
- Shot Schedule (For prediction of yield and robol, see Annak 3, Scientific Test Programs).

SHOT & COB	<u>5.775</u>	SITE
1 ERAVO	B Day 1 Mar	PIKINI - (n roof 2950 fact, bear- 250': from JW tij of NAMU.
#2 UNION	U Day 11 Mar	ELKINI (Darge) - Intersection of abos with radii of 6900 feet from DURCCHI and three (3) statute riles from AC KUN.
#3 YANKEE	Y Day 22 Mar	RIKIVI (Barge) - UNICN crater.
#4 ECHO	E Day 29 Mar	INIWITON - EBERIRU ISLAND.
#5 IDECTAR	l: Day 5 Apr	SIKINI (Barge) - UNION crater.
#6 ROMED	R Day 15 Apr	BIKINI (Rarge) - "MIGN crater.
#7 EDOI:	K Day 22 Apr	BIKINT - ERINAM ISLAND.



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5. Factors Significant to On-Site Operations

a. ENIWETOK ATOLL will be the base of operations irrespective of the scope of activities at BIKINI ATOLL.

b The principal port of entry for aircraft and the majority of shipping will remain at ENIWETOK ATOLL. Radio links with OAHU, T.H. and LOS ALAMOS, NEW MEXICO, will remain on ENIWETOK ISLAND.

c. Pre shot evacuation of joint task force elements will be conducted during certain operations at BIKINI. See paragraph 10, below.

d. One of the most critical operational factors during CASTLE will be population congestion at principal locations. In view of the anticipated conditions, task group commanders will assure that:

(1) Fersonnel are not permitted to remain in the forward area to perform routine tasks capable of accomplishment at home stations, or for the sole purpose of witnessing the photo ,

(2) Personnel are redeployed from the forward area as soon as practicable after completion of their tasks.

(3) Personnel will not be based at BIKINI longer than their operational mission requires.

e. Joint task force and task group headquarters will be located at ENIWETOK ATOLL, with commanders and key operations staff personnel moving to ETKINI so as to be on site two (2) days before and one (1) day after each shot CTG 7.3 headquarters will be located on PARRY ICLAND until about one week prior to shot #1; thereafter, 4* will be located afloat on board the CVE unless otherwise directed by CJTF SEVEN Administrative and logistic staffs will remain at ENIWETCK ATOLL CJTF SEVEN; task group commanders and key operations staff personnel will be located as follows:

	DURING BIKINI SHOTS (D-2 to D/1)	AT OTHER TIMES
CJTF SEVEN	AGC	PARRY ISLAND
CTG 7.1	AGC	PARRY ISLAND
CTG 7.2	ENIWETOK ISLAND	ENIWETCK ISLAND
CTG 7.3	CVE	PARRY ISLAND OF CVE
CTG 7.4	AGC	ENIWETOK ISLAND
CTG 7.5	AGC	PARRY ISLAND

f. Six (6) of the seven (7) weapons and devices will be assembled on ENIWETCK ATOLL.

g. Machine shop, laboratory, photographic, warehouse and stockroom facilities will remain on PARRY and ENIWETOK ISLANDS, except limited facilities at BIKINI.

h. Preliminary assembly and testing of experimental equipment and rehearsals will be done at ENIWETOK ATOLL, to the extent practicable.

1. The USS CURTISS will be used as the principal shipboard facility for TG 7.1 scientific personnel and laboratory, shop and office space.



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Concept of Operations CUTP SEVEN No. 3-53

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and unified aircraft enter the test area, CTC 7.3 will 7.4 rejurding the situation. CTC 7.4 will direct test air (the area on appropriate headings and control of the revert to CTC 7.3 for the duration of the defendive offort,

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j. All major crysgenic work will be done at ENIWETCK ATCLL.

k. The Army Task Group will be required to provide base facilities for approximately 2000 other task force personnel.

The command ship will be positioned within WHF communications 1. range of ENYU ISLAND during the BIKINI operations.

m. Inflight refueling operations will not be conducted During all shots at BIKINT, except KGGN, the airstrip on ENINMAN ISLAND group may be used for emergency landing. The airstrip on ROI ISLAND, KWAJALEIN ATOLL, will be available for emergency landing.

During shots and rehearsals, command of joint task force air n operations will be exercised through the CIC of the command ship. The CIC will be supervised by joint task force controllers provided by TG 7.4. These air controllers will control movement of TG 7.4 aircraft and, in the interest of safety and positioning requirements, the activities of such other aircraft as may be appropriate.)

o. CUTF SEVEN will coordinate arrangements for sample return flights.

All shots at BIKINI will be detonated by the Firing Party on ENYU ISLAND The ENIWETCK shot will be detonated by the Firing Party on PARRY ISLAND

All shote will be detonated before sunrise Los Alamos Scientific Laboratory shots will be one (1) to one half $(\frac{1}{2})$ hour before and UCRL shots one half $(\frac{1}{2})$ hour before.

Population During Operational Phase The following figures depict population distribution at ENIWETCK and BIKINI ATCLLS during various phases of the operation (Inese population figures will be subject to change in the near future due to revisions in shot locations).

DURING BIKINI OPERATIONS DURING ENIWETOK OPERATIONS

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3 - AGC (2 Cabin Class) Hq, JTF SEVEN 50 - AGC (25 Cabin Class) 40 - PARRY ISLAND 87 - PARRY ISLAND WX Central 20 - AGC (10 Cabin Class) | 20 - ENIWETCK ISLAND 80 - AGC (35 Cabin Class) 50 - CVE (33 Cabin Class) TG 7.1 111 - AV (98 Cabin Class) 184 - AP (Cabin Class) 310 - ENINMAN ISLAND 128 - Other islands of BIKINI 95 - ENIWETOK ISLAND 95 - ENIWETOK ISLAND 840 - PARRY ISLAND 150 - ROJOA ISLAND 605 - PARRY ISLAND 138 - Other islands of ENIMETOK TG 7.2 8 - AGC (2 Cabin Class) 117 - AP 124 - BIKINI ATOLL 983 - ENIWETOK ISLAND 997 - ENIWETCK ISLAND 1-3

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Concept of Operations CJTF SEVEN No. 3-53

	DURING BIKINI OPERATIONS	DURING ENIWETOK OPERATIONS
TG 7.2 (Contid)	95 - PARHY ISLAND 30 - Other Islands of ENIWETOK	95 - PARRY 1SLAND 30 - Other 1slands of ENIWETOK
TG 7.3		4200 - Afloat 60 - PARRY ISLAND 165 - ENIWETOK ISLAND 303 - KWAJALEIN
TG 7.4	8 - AGC (5 Cabin Class) 28 - CVE (7 Cabin Class) 1579 - ENIWETCK ISLAND 84 - Weather Islands 36 - BIKINI ATCLL 64 - KWAJALEIN	8 - AGC (5 Cabin Class) 1619 - ENIWETCK ISLAND 84 - Weather Islands 64 - KWAJALEIN
TC 7.5	30 - AGC (15 Cabin Class) AV (Cabin Class) 270 - AP (Cabin Class) 291 - BHINMAN ISLAND 438 - Other islands of BIK 954 - PARRY ISLAND 4C - ENIWETOK ISLAND 143 - Other islands of ENIWETOK	INI 1150 - PARRY ISLAND 40 - ENIWETCK ISLAND

- 7. Coordinated Inter-Island Airlift Operations. The limited availability of aircraft to support inter-island airlift operations will necessitate maximum utilization of all inter-island equipment in the forward area. To assure maximum utilization and provide efficient service in support of the overall task force mission, aircraft will be centrally controlled and dispatched by the commander responsible (CTG 7.3 at BIKINI and CVG 7.4 at ENIMETOK) for providing the service. Using agencies will be required to plan their movement activities well in advance to permit proper scheduling
- Coordinated Inter-Atcl: Airlift Operations CIG ~.4 will provide an inter-atol: airlift cystem between ENIWETOK and BIKINI ATOLLS with flights to other atols in the forward area as required to support joint task force elements. Using agencies will be r quired to submit requirements well in advance to permit proper scheduling Subsequent to the last shot at BIKINI, the ENIWETOK-BIKINI service will be provided by PEM virceaft, taking off from ENIWETOK ISLAND airstrip and landing in the EKINI lagoon. Except for MAJURO, which will be supplied by C-47, the weather island airlift will be controlled by CTG of the conditioned with CTO of Utilizing PEM 4 aircaft made auxielle by the CO. Touse State, 23 and CTG 7.5
 Coordinated Boat Peol Operations Since both CTG 7.3 and CTG 7.5
- 9. <u>Coordinated Boat Pool Operations</u> Since both CTG 7.3 and CTG 7.5 will provide large scale boat pool service at BIKINI ATOLL for multiple using agencies, overall control of this activity by either task group commander will not be feasible. A joint task force scheduling panel consisting of representatives of TG 7.3 and TG 7.5 will conduct boat pool operations at BIKINI ATCLL under the direct supervision of CJTF SEVEN. Prior to the last shot at BIKINI, the TG 7.5 boat pool will be evacuated to ENIWETOK at which time CTG 7.3 will assume responsi. Lity for all boat pool operations at BIKINI. CTG 7.2 and CTG 7.5 will continue to operate their respective boat



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> pools in accordance with existing procedures during the ENIWETOK phase of the operation. CTG 7 3 will continue to operate those units of his boat pool at ENIWETOK during the BIKINI operational phase.

10. Evacuation. Annex R applies.

a. All PIKINI based personnel and equipment not directly involved in or essential to late preparations d shot operations will be phased to ENIWETOK ATOLL or permanently redeployed prior to B minus 2 days.

b. The following evacuation procedures apply:

(1) Shot #1 (BRAVO), Shot #2 (UNION), Shot #3 (YANKEE), Shot #5 (NECTAR), Shot #6 RCM30)

(a) With the exception of the Firing Party on ENYU (and possibly a small maintenance party on ENINMAN) BIKINI ATCLL will be evacuated of all personnel. The number of personnel on ENYU (and ENINMAN) will be within the capability of helicopter lift

(b) In the event of excessive contamination of the ENINMAN ISLAND camp, a limited capability will exist for indefinite operations from afloat.

(c) Boat pool rraft, not accomparying the evacuation to sea, will be either anchored in deep water in the southern part of BIKINI lagoon or beached on the ENINMAN ISLAND group or ENYU ISLAND.

(2) Shot <u>#7 (KOCN)</u> Total pre-shot evacuation of all personnel (less Firing Party on ENYU) will be necessary. Equipment not previously redepicyed to ENIWETCK ATOLL will be reported on ENYU (and/ or BIKINI) ISLAND prior to shot time.

(3) Shot $\frac{\mu_4}{4}$ (ZCHO) There will be no pre-shot evacuation of personnel or material from ENIWETCK ATOLL. Unly the relocation of personnel, equipment and small craft from the northern islands to ENIWETCK and PARRY ISLANDS will be necessary.

(4) All ships of TG ? 3 will put to sea for each shot if not occupied in other operations at the non-involved stall. Small craft at the affected lagoon which cannot be evacuated will be moored in deep water or placed ashore in areas affording greatest protection from blast, heat, wave action and radiological effects.

c. Emergency Post-Shot Evacuation Capability

(1) During the ENIMETOK operations the joint task force will maintain a capability for emergency post-shot evacuation. An emergency post-shot evacuation will be executed on order of CJTF SEVEN in the event radiological contamination conditions so dictate. Such evacuation will be for personnel safety only and will not involve materiel or personal belongings other than toilet articles. Any such evacuation will be capable of accomplishment on four (4) hours notice.

(2) During shot phases at BIKINI (H Hour to H/24 hours) personnel at ENIWETCK ATOLL will be in an alert status. Although remote,



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there is a possibility that ENTWETOK will be subjected to radioactive fall-out during BIKINI operations. In the event radioactive fall-out is detected at ENTWETCK, a predesignated signal will be given at which time all personnel will proceed to covered areas (buildings, tents, etc.) and remain under cover until the all clear signal is sounded. Should excessive contamination become apparent, CJTF SEVEN will order that an evacuation be conducted, using available aicraft, and specified task force vessels will proceed on order of CJTF SEVEN from BIKINI to ENTWETCK to assist in the emergency evacuation of all endangered personnel. The provision of paragraph c(1) above will then apply.

(3) If reentry to either or both atolls 1: delayed beyond the period that the joint task force can reasonably sustain itself afloat, provisions will be made for an alternate destination landing.

d. <u>Progressive Redeployment</u>. Personnel, equipment and materiel will be redeployed consistent with completion of tasks or as soon as they become surplus to the needs for accomplishing the missions of JTF SZVEN. The troop transport (AP) will be utilized to redeploy some 600 personnel immediately after Shot #7 (KOON).

> P. W CLARKSCN Major General, U.S. Army Commander

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Appendix

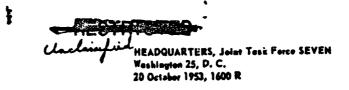
I - Map of Eniwetok Atoll II - Map of Bikini aTOLL

III - Forward Area Native Population

OFFICIAL:

D. Coarte WILLIAM S. COWART JR Colonel, U.S. Air Force

Assistant Chief of Staff, J-3

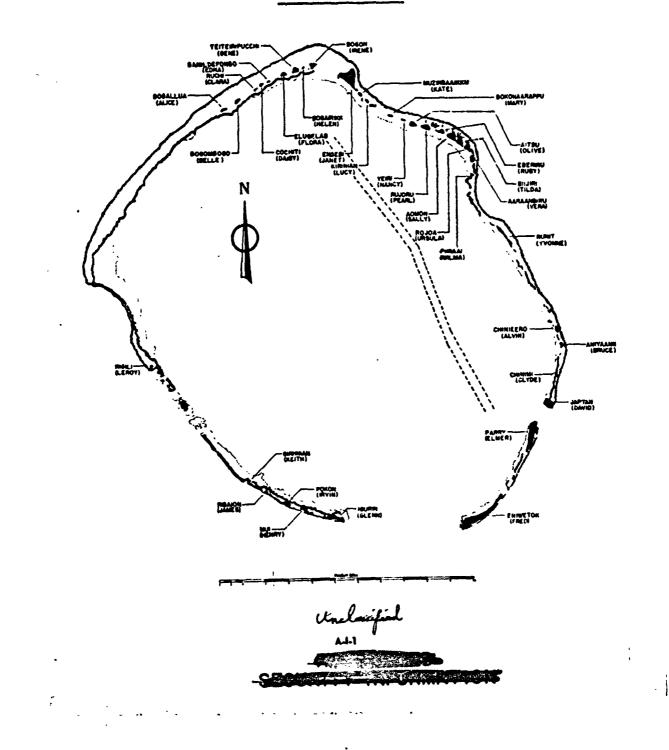


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Appendix I to Annow A Commander's Concept of Operations, CJTF SEVEN Operation Plan No. 3-53

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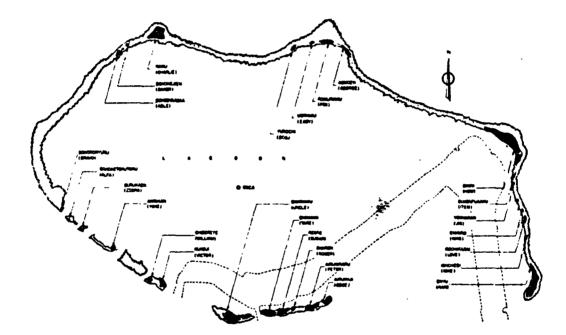
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's Concept of Operations, CJTF SEVEN Operation Plan No. 3-53

MAP OF BIKIN ATOLL



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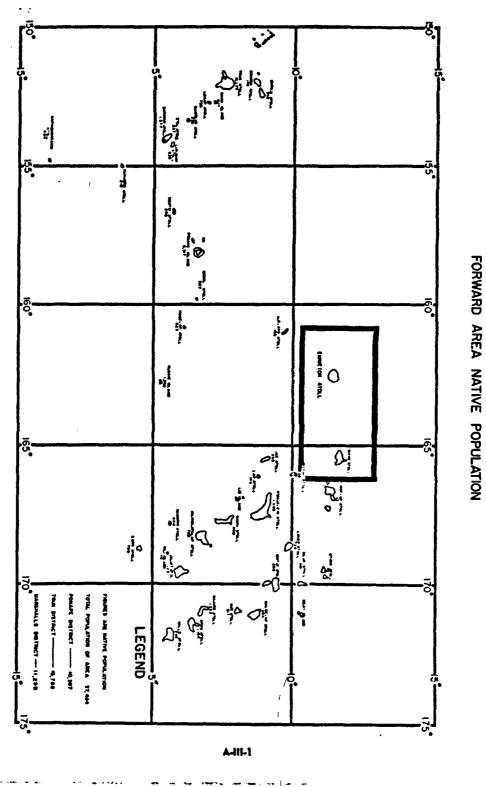
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HEADQUARTERS, Joint Task Force SEVEN Washington 25, D. C. 20 October 1953, 1600 R

Appendix III to Annex A

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Concept of Operations, CJTF SEVEN Operation Plan No. 3-53





HEALQUAFTERS, Joint Task Force SEVEN Wa-mington 25, D. C. 10 November 1953

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GEGANIZATION AND CONMAND RELATIONSHIPS

- The organization and command relationships of the joint task force are depicted on the charts attached as appendices hereto.
- 2. To enable JJTF SEVEN to exercise operational control while afloat, the organization as outlisted in Appendix II is established.
- 3. CUTP SEVEN elercises full operational control of the Army Task Group at all times and assumes full operational control of the Navy, Air Force and Supervisit Task Groups upon arrival of their respective hearquisters in the forward area. He will assume operational control of T6 7.5 upon commencement of the operational phase.
- 4. The objects order transliphase commences on a date agreed upon by the AEC and UUD. During the objects phase the AEC designates CJTP SEVEN a stronersliperresentative in the forward area, thereby giving him commute objectional control of the military and acientific expects of the operation.
- 5. CJTF SEVEN coordinates the soluties of the Scientific Task Group and the AEU Base Explicitles Task Group in accordance with existing AEC-CUTP policy agreerance.
- 5. While the task force headquarters is located at ElWETOK, the task force commander an unes the additional responsebility of ATCCH ENWETOK, under CLEPAC, per decision of the JUS on 13 April 1951 and letter Geo 322 JTF SEVEN TS (34 Arr 53), DEFTAL 23 April 1953, subject "Pirective for Conduct of Diemation CAUTLE". In the absence of the task force consumer, the senior task force officer precent will discharge the comparabilities of UTF SEVEN as ATCOK ENDETUDE.
- 7. The senior int take for a chicer of hWAJALER will coordinate matters have ing JTF SSLE activities (except movement control) at that station.

Appendix

P. W. CLARASON Major General, U.S. Army Cotmarder

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Operation CASTLE 11 - Command Commans, JTF SEVEN (Afloat)

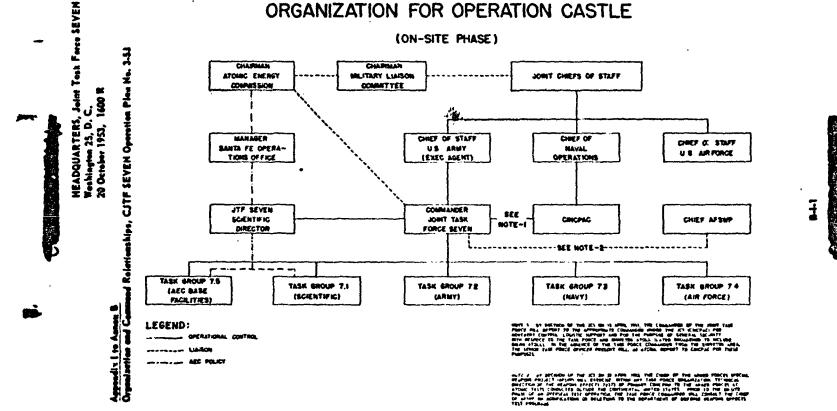
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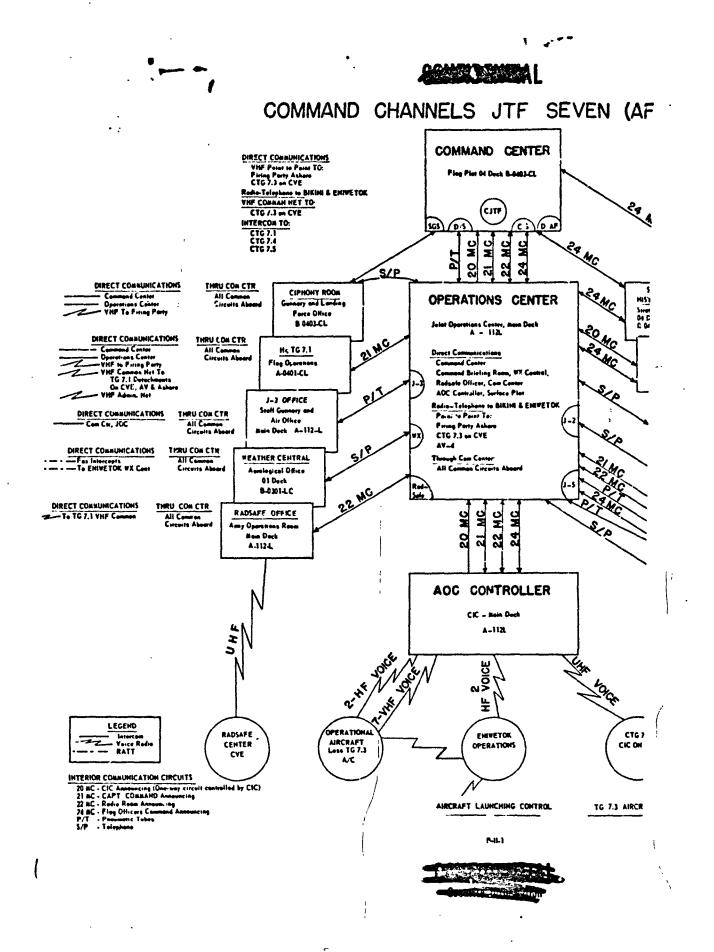
ORGANIZATION FOR OPERATION CASTLE

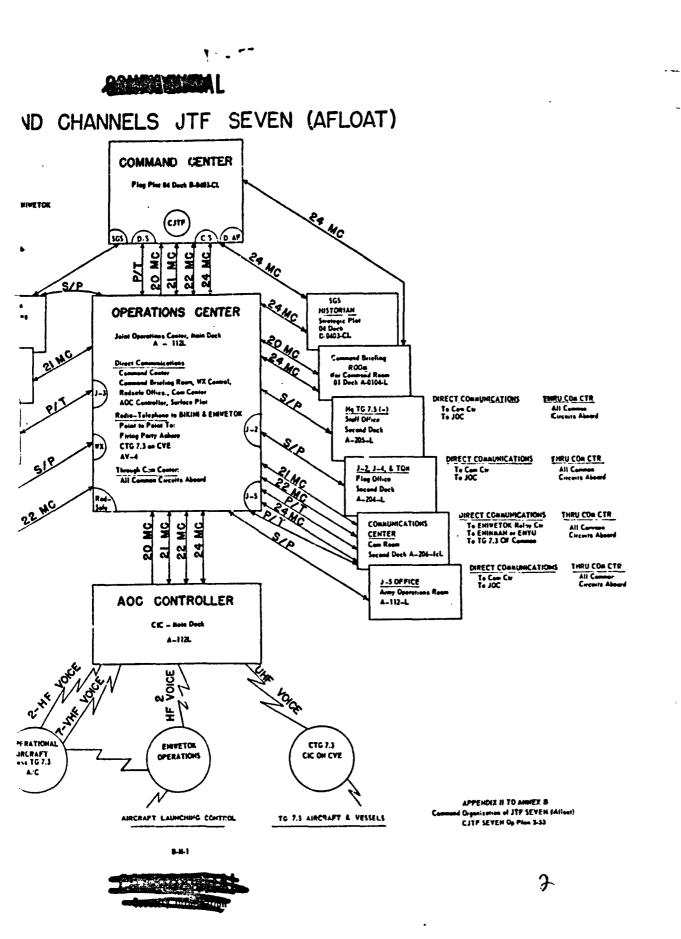
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HEADQUARTERS, Joint Task Force SEVEN APU 187 (HON) o/o Postmaster San Francisco, California 20 February 1954

Ann. C to CJTF SEVEN Operation Plan No. 3-55

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INTELLIGENCE, SECURITY AND PUELIC INFORMATION

- Intelligence General Situation. The atmosphere of tension existing between the United States and its allies and the USSR and its satellites stands little chance of diminishing during the next six months. It may increase as the result of possible further Soviet inspired actions against nations on the geographical fringe of the Soviet Blos.
- 2. General Soviet Capabilities. The armed forces of the USSR are maintained in an advanced state of military readiness. As a result, the Soviets can undert ke military aggression with little or no advanced warning.

>r Soviet Capabilities as Applied to JTF 7

a. <u>Naval Capabilities</u>. The Soviets have nineteen cocan patrol and thirty-seven medium range type submarines in the Pacific Ocean area. Because of endurance limitations of the medium range type, it is believed that the ocean patrol type would be better for operations in the Eniwetok area. It is estimated that at least four to six ocean patrol submarines could be maintained on station in the Eniwetok area indefinitely, and for short periods this number could be increased.

b. Air Capabilities

(1) Aerial photo and radiological reconnaissance of the Eniwetok area from Far East bases (Sakhalin or the Kuriles) is within Soviet capabilities. It is estimated that the TU-4 has a combat range/radius of 3,100/1,700 nautical miles with a 10,000-pound bomb load. The TU-4, with the rated bomb load replaced by fuel, could remain in the target area for only a brief period. By utilizing range extension techniques (including removal of defensive armament with attendant increase of fuel capacity, replacement of rated bomb load by fuel, and one aerial refueling), the time over the target for a TU-4 aircraft could be extended to over four hours. Although there is no evidence that the USSR has actually employed range extension techniques. It is within Soviet technical capabilities to employ such techniques. The Third Long Range Air Army is presently estimated to have a TOME strength of approximately 190 TU-4's. No TU-4 aircraft are known to be modified for long range reconnaissance.

(2) In 1951 a single four-engine bomber considerably larger than the TU-4 was observed in flight. This aircraft has been designsted as the Type 31 heavy bomber. It probably has a range/radius of 3,700/1,850 nautical miles with conventional reciprocating engines; The Soviets are known to have developed and tested a turboprop engine but the production status is unknown. A successful engine of this type would give the Type-31 a combat range/radius of 4,800/2,500 nautical miles and considerably in excess of this if the combat load were replaced with fuel.

(3) Although there is no intelligence to indicate that the Type-31 is in series production or in operational units, information suggests that the Soviets have a few aircraft, larger than the TU-4, which are estimated to be capable of overflying the operational area.

(4) It is possible that the Soviets might equip one or more of these aircraft for photo and radiological reconnaissance if a sufficiently high priority exists for this requirement.

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Intelligence, Security and Public Information CJTF SSVEN No. 3-53

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It is considered that the USSR could interfere with the mission of Joint Task Force Seven, or the compromise of its activities could be affected by:

a. Espionage. Espionage could be accompliante by the penetration of personnel into the Task Force or the defection of personnel within the Task Force. In addition to radiological reconnaissance, espionage could be accomplianted photographically by ship, aircraft, or submarine, with the latter two being the most plausible. Submarine approach within 1,500 yards or less of important islands of the atoll or overflight by enemy aircraft are possible. By such means periodic photography and observation could record the progress, process of preparation, and type of construction within the operational area, and important operations probably could be interproted by an analysis of these records.

b. Sabotage. Subotage could be accomplished by subversive personnel within the Task Force or, more remotely, by a raiding party landed from the sea. Subversive action by these means could include the destruction of communications and technical installation facilities within the operational area.

o. Overt Action by Vessel or Aircraft. Overt action by vessel or aireraft could take the form of attack by aerial bombardment, naval gunfire or amphibious assault.

d. <u>Raids</u>. Reids could be conducted by aggressive or surreptitious methods under the cover of darkness from combatant ships or submarines. The landing and recovery of raiders by submarine could be accomplished under the conditions of darkness and the confusion resulting from their activities.

e. Unauthorised Instrumentation. Interference with the mission could be accomplished by electronic counter-measures by a vessel or aircraft operating some distance from the area. Compromise could be effected by surreptiticusly planting and recovering instruments by a landing party.

f. Failure of JTF 7 Personnel to Observe Security Precautions. Failure of JTF 7 personnel to observe security precautions could easily compromise the mission by their talking or writing indisoriminately about classified information during the planning and operational stages.

Effect of Capabilities on JTF 7. The capabilities listed above make is possible for the Soviets to take the following action against the operational area:

- a. Submarine reconnaissance.
- b. Air reconnaissance.

o. Ground reconnaissance or sabotage by landing parties from submorine.

<u>c</u>. Raids from submarines or surface ships.

e. Raids by aircraft.

<u>Conclusions</u>. Capability <u>a</u> is considered the most likely to occur under conditions existing today. Capability <u>b</u> is a possibility but is less likely and capabilities <u>c</u>, <u>d</u>, and <u>e</u> most likely would be exercised in the event of open hostilities between the United States and the USSR. It is believed that information as to the operations of JTF 7 and the results thereof would be of more practical value to the Soviets than hindering or impeding the operation.

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Intelligence, Security and Public Information CJTF SEVEN No. 3-53

and radiological reconnaissance if a sufficiently high priority exists for this requirement.

d <u>Conclusions</u> Espionage, sacotage, observation and unauthorized instrumentation are considered most likely to occur under conditions existing today. The declaration of war, overt action by vessel or aircraft and raids are less likely possibilities which could take place in the event of open hostilities between the U.S. and USSR

3. <u>Security</u> Security of classified information is the normal responsibility of any commander but this responsibility must be reevaluated in Operation CASTLE where the operation is dealing with Atomic Energy, a development which played an important part in terminating World War II and which constitutes such importante that it has been regulated, controlled and protected by Federal law. The rosponsibility of each individual in properly safeguarding tlassified information concerning atomic energy and in preventing its compromise by nareless talk or correspondence must be understood by all military ranks and civilians.

4. <u>General Conception</u>. The general conception of the measures to provide security is as follows:

a The ENIWETCK-BIKINI area of operations will be closed to all vessels, aircraft and personnel except those participating. Access to this area will be in accordance with regulations established by CINCPAS Serial 020. All areas within the ENIWETOK BIKINI operational area will be designated in accordance with the degrees of security required.

b. Personnel participating in the operation will be cleared for loyalty and security in accordance with the varying degrees of responsibility

c. The ENIMETOK-BIKINI area of operations is under the general protection of CINCPAC.

d. Regulations governing security published by the DCD and AEC continue to apply to members of JTF SEVEN.

For appropriate units

(2) Hq JTP SEVEN Security Memoranda) Espionage Act) Apply Atomic Energy Act of 1946) JTP S AEC-DOD classification criteria)

Apply to all members of JTF SEVEN

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2:

e. Task group commanders are responsible for security training of members of their commands. All personnel will be required to pass a basic security examination, prepared and distributed by Headquarters, JTF SEVEN.

f. Each basic unit, ship or detachment participating in Operation CASTLE will have an officer designated as Security Officer, whose primary duties will include security training, enforcement of security regulations and supervising the administering, grading and





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recording the results of security examinations.

- 5. <u>Personnel Clearances</u> Each task group commander is responsible that all personnel participating in Operation CASTLE are cleared in accordance with CJTF SEVEN security memoranda
- 6. <u>Classification Criteria</u>. A "Classification Guide for Operation CASTLE" concerning all pertinent classification criteria will be issued to the task group commanders for their guidance

7. Travel Security Control

a. CINCPAC Serial 020, dated 1 April 1952, cutlines the requirecents for entrance to the ENIWETOK-BIKINI operational or closed area, as defined on page 1 of this operation plan

b. All persons who are authorized to enter the ENIWETOK-BIKINI operational area will be initially cleared for entry under the provisions of CINCPAC Serial 020. Task group commanders may authorize regitry without recourse to CINCPAC.

c CTG ? 2 is responsible that individuals arriving at the ENIWETCK BIKINI operational area who have not been cleared for entry under CINCPAC Serial 020, or reentry as provided in paragraph 7b, above, are restricted to ENIWETCK ISLAND and unclassified information pending proper clearance

d. Movements of surface vessels and aircraft within the ENIWET'K -BIKINI operational area will be monotored by CTG 7.3 \pm CTG 7.2 will be responsible for the socurity control of personnel and targo covessels and aircraft originally arriving at ENIWETCK-FIKINI ATOLIS and any further arrivals that may be obtained by inter-atoll travel

e. Travel of personnel within the ENIWETCK BIKINI operational area will be controlled by a badge system for access to the nigher classified areas.

8. Security Areas

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a The "ENIWETCK BIKINI Danger Area", as defined on page 1 of this operation plan, consists of three (3) classified area categories, as defined by AEC GM Security Bulletin No. 18 for purposes of security enforcement. These areas are.

(1) Exclusion Area A security area containing a security interest which is of such nature that access to this area constitutes, for all practical purposes, access to the security interest contained therein - 1 e., a shot site or assembly area.

(2) Limited Area A security area c ntaining a security interest in which area uncontrolled movement would permit access to the security interest contained therein; but such access may be prevented by escert and other internal restrictions and controls - 1 e, PARRY ISLAND

(3) <u>Controlled Area</u>. A security area adjacent to or encompassing limited or exclusion areas and within which area uncontrolled movement does not permit access to a security interest, and which is

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Intelligence, Security and Public Information CJTF SEVEN No. 3-53

designed for the principal purpose of providing administrative control, safety, or a buffer area of security restrictions for limited or exclusion areas - i.e., ENIWETCK Closed Area.

b. Exclusion and limited areas are established by CJTF SEVEN Internal security requirements and access to these areas are determined by CTG 7.5. CTG 7.2 will guard these areas, admitting only those persons authorized by CJTF SEVEN.

c. The closed (controlled) area has been established by CINCFAC Admittance to this area is authorized by CINCFAC upon recommendation of CJTF SEVEN or commander of any task group, as his representative. The internal security of this area is the responsibility of ATCOM ENTWETCK.

d. Clearance requirements for access to the security areas are designated as follows.

JTF CLEARANCE REQUISEMENTS	AEC CLEARANCE REQUIREMENTS	
"Q" Clearance and Access List.	"Q" Cl#arance at1 Access List	
"Q" Clearance, Top Scoret Military Clearance, Secret Kilitary Clearance under essort	"Q" Clearance, "P" approval under es- diri (without addess to Restricted Data), Top Secret Clearance (provided no ancesy to Restricted Data from AEC contractor personnel), Secret Military Clearance under escort	
INITIAL ENTRY G and Security Risk (CINCPAC Ser (CO)) C WIINUED ACCESS Secret Military Clearance	"F" arrroval & good security risk (CINC PAC Serial 020)	
	REQUIRDENTS "Q" Clearance and Access List. "Q" Clearance, Top Secret Military Clearance, Secret Military Clearance under essort INITIAL ENTRY G and Security Risk (CINCPAC Ser (CO)) C WTINUED ACCESS Secret Military	

- 9. <u>Contact Reports</u> The procedure for contact reporting is defined in <u>CINCPACELT Serial 003360 2B</u>, dated 14 April 1953 CTG 7.3 will comply with its provisions when carrying out security patrols in the ENIWETOK BIKINI area, deeping CJTF SEVEN fully informed.
- 10. Badge Sistem A badge system will control travel to the exclusion and limited areas CTG 7.2 will be responsible for controlling and enforcing this system on orders promulgated by CUTF SEVEN CTG 7.6 is responsible for procurement and issue of badges as set first in CJTF SEVEN security memorands. The badge system will become effective on or about 1 January 1954.

11. Contraband

a. Unless authorized by specific orders to individuals, possession of items of material listed below in the ENIWETOK-BIKINI area is prohibited and the items considered contraband



i.



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(1) All photographic equipment.

(2) All equipment adaptable for use in either visual or electrical communication

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- (3) All optical equipment.
- (4) All materials with explosive capabilities.
- (5) All weapons.
- (6) All drugs

b Travel orders for all personnel destined for the ENIWETOE-BIKINI operational area will include the following statement:

"Unless specifically authorized, personnel will not have in their possession any items of material to include all photographic equipment, all equipment adaptable for use in either visual or electrical communications, all optical equipment, all material with explosive catabilities, weapons and all drugs and intoxicating beverages".

c Items of contraband will be confiscated and report of the circumstances mais to CJTP SEVEN.

d. Film found in possession of unauthorized persons will be confiscated, forwarded to CTG 7.5 for processing and classification and a report will be made to CJTF SEVEN.

12. <u>Photography</u> Only official photography is authorized in the ENIWETUK-BIKINI operational area. All official photography will be reviewed by the Join' Task Force SEVEN Classification Officer for proper classification and determination of RESTRICTED DATA. Prior to review and final classification by the classification officer, all photography will be given a preliminary classification. The

Refinited Data preliminary classification will in no case be lower than SECRET -GEOURITE INFORMATION for scientific and technical report photography and RESTRICTED - GEOURITY INFORMATION for administrative photography. Confidential

- 13. <u>Communications Security</u>. The security and monitoring of communications will be accomplished under the direction of CJTF SEVEN.
- 14. <u>Counter-Intelligence</u> CJTF SEVEN will have operational control of all CIC units CTG 7.4 will have operational control of all OSI agents whose activities will, in general, be confined to Air Force matters
- Security Patrols. CTG 7.2 is responsible for conducting the necessary security patrols within ENIWETOK-BIKINI ATOLLS. Air and sea security patrols outside the ENIWETOK-BIKINI ATOLLS will be the responsibility of CTG 7 3.
- 16. <u>Inspections</u> Inspections will be conducted upon arrival of personnel and periodically thereafter to detect security violations and contraband and to insure the use of proper identification credentials and proper safeguarding of classified matter. Individuals are responsible for reporting security violations which come to their attention.



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Intelligence, Security and Public Information CJTP SEVEN No. 3-53

17. Security Violations. Task group commanders are responsible for investigating and reporting immediately all violations of security regulations which occur within their jurisdiction.

18. Security Control of AEC Accountable Material - Transportation

a. AEC is responsible for the security control in the transporting of AEC accountable and other classified materials from the point of origin to the carrier at the designated port of embarkation.

b. CIG 7.3 is responsible for the security control of AEC accountable and other classified materials while being transported on a Navy vessel to the ENIWETCK-BIKINI operational area.

C CJTF SEVEN is responsible for the security control of AEC accountable and other classified materials while being transported aboard aircreft and all vessels not under the command of CTG 7.3 to the ENIWETQK BIKINI operational area.

d CTG 7.5 is responsible for the security control of AEC accountable and other classified materials upon transfer from the carrier to his fustody. A representative from CTG 7.5 will accompany the materials, when necessary, from the poirt of origin until they are taken into the custody of CTE 7.5 at its ultimate destination.

e. After delivery of AEC accountable and other classified materials to the custody of CTG 7 3 at the ENIMETOK-BLAINI operational area, CTG 7 5 will be responsible for the necurity control of these materials, including inter-atoll movements, and is authorized to call upon CTG 7 2 and CTG 7.3 whenever guards are required for inter-atoll transport.

19. Public Information

a. JTF SEVEN does not release any public information.

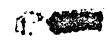
b. Releases to the press in regard to JTF SEVEN operations and activities are made only by the AEC or DOD.

c Personnel of JTP SEVEN are prohibited from releasing any information for publication, in regard to the joint task force or its activities. They must neither confirm nor deny any articles appearing in the press Queries from the press or elsewhere will be referred to AEC-DOD releases.

d. AEC-DOD releases, when made, will be disseminated to units of JTF SEVEN through normal communication channels at the sarliest possible time.

P. W. CLARKSON OFFICIAL: Major General, U.S. Army Commander S. P. WALKER, JH Colonel, U.S. Army Assistant Chief of Staff, J-2 C --

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HEADQUARTERS, . Int Task Force SEVEN APO 187 (HON), c/o Postasster San Francisco, California 10 February 1954

Amer D. to GJTF SEVEN Operation Order Ho. 3-53

TROOP AND ECUTFLENT LIST

- 1. This annex specifies the personnel and the significant major items of equipment of the ABC, Army, Navy and Air Force during the operational phase of CASTLE. It does not indicate the temporary location of personnel during the shot phases.
- 2. It is published for the information and overall planning guidance of all concerned.

SERVICE	OPERAT	IONAL ST	RENGTH	OPERATIONAL	CLOSED IN
ELEVENT	OFF.	ЕM	CIV.	LOCATION	FOR ARD AREA
COMMAND	9	9		PARRY ISLAND	16 Jan 54
J-1	5	15		PARRY ISLAND	16 Jan 54
J-2	4	3		PARRY ISLAND	20 Jan 54
J-3	ш	7		PARRY ISLAND	16 Jan 54
J-4	8	5		PARRY ISLAND	20 Jan 54
J-5	5	4		PARRY ISLAND	16 Jan 54
Compt	1	3		PARKY ISLAND	16 Jan 54
Advisors to CJTF	4	1	22	PARRY ISLAND	
TOTAL	47	47	2		

HEADCUARTERS, Joint Task Force SEVEN

TASK GROUP 7.1 TLOOP AND ENVIRENT LIST

NAME OF UNIT	OFERA MILIT OFF.	The second se	CIVILIA OFF. GR.	Operational Location	CLOSEL IN PORIAND AREA
HC TG 7.1	19	48	55	FARRY ISLAND	1 Peb 54
TASK UNIT 7.1.1 (LASL Pro- grams)	26	18	40		
7.1.2 (Production)			56	PARRY ISLAND	15 Feb 54
7.1.3 (Special Mats Facilities)	l		52	PARUX ISLAND	15 Feb 54
7.1.4 (LiSL Assemb)	y)		56	PARRY ISLAND	20 Jan 54

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CJTP SZVEN No.	<u>2000rt</u> 3-53	<u>Ju</u>			
• .	Ĩ	ASK GR	OUP 7.1 THOOP	NID EQUIPIONT LIST (cor	t'd)
OF UNIT	-	AT IONA TARY EX	L STRENGTH <u>CIVILLAN</u> OFF. CR.	OPERATIONAL LOCATION	CLOSED IN FORMARD ARE
7.1.6 (Firing Party)		ersonn ther u	el drawn from nits)	NPARRY ISLAND	
7.1.7 (RadSafe)	9	40	5	PARRY ISLAND	20 Feb 54
7.1.8 (Tech Photo)		4	6	PARRY ISLAND	1 Peb 54
7.1.9 (Doc Photo Air Force)	7	19	19	PARKY ISLAND	1 Feb 54
7.1.12	· 1		125	BIKINI & NORTH ISLAN	D 18 Mar 5
7.1.13 (DOD Programs)	54 1	151 5	175	PARTY ISLAND RONGERIK ATOLL	21 Mar 5 17 Jan 5
	•	,	47	ENIWETOK ATOLL	7 Feb 5
			1	GUAM	7 Feb 5
			1	JOHNSTON	7 Feb 5
			1	NAKE	7 Feb 5
7.1.14 (UCRL Assembly)	1		48	BIKINI & NORTH ISLAN	D 18 Kar 5
7.1.15 (ECAG Timing & Firing)	2	3	44	PARRY ISLAND	l War 5
TOTAL	120	268	751		······································

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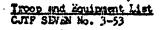
Administrative headquarters will remain on Parry Island during entire operation. Primary operational location during periods 15 Feb through 25 War and 1 Apr through 25 Apr will be Bikini. ŧ

TASK GROUP 7.2 TROOP AND MUITERT LIST

NEME	OP P	TIOlin	L STICHGTH	<u></u>	CLIGED	
OF UNIT	VILI OFF.	EM	CIVILIAN OFF. GA.	OFERATIONAL IOCATION	IN FORMARD AREA	
HQ & HQ DET	29 0	11.9 10		ENIWETOK ISLAND PARKI ISLAND	In Place	
SVC DET	20	218		ENIMETOK ISLAND	In Place	

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TASK GROUP 7.2 THOOP AND EQUIPHENT LIST (cont'd)

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NAME OF	OPERA	LIONAL STRENGTH	OPLERAT IONAL	CLOGED JN
UNIT	OFF.	EM. CIV.	LOCATION	FORMARD AREA
SIG DET	7	110	ENTLITOK ISLAND	In Place
	i	18	PARRY ISLAND	In Place
	ō	10	ENINMAN ISLAND	In Place
	ĩ	17	ENTU ISLAND	In Flace
MP DET	2	43	ENIMETOK ISLAND	In Place
	2 1	72	PARRY ISLAND	In Place
	0	28	EBERIRU ISLAND	In Place
	1	58	ENINUAN ISLAND	In Flace
	1	20	NAMU ISLAND	In Place
	1	24	ENYU ISLAND	In Place
•	- 1	15	ROMURIKKU ISLAND	In Place
PORT DET	5	132	ENIWETOK ISLAND	In Place
TRUCK DET	4	124	ENIMETOK ISLAND	In Place
18th LP CID	3	0	ENIMETOK ISLAND	In Place
	2	0	ENINKAN ISLAND	In Place
COMMUNICATIONS	3	21	ENTRETOK ISLAND	In Place
SECURITY DET 8600 AAU	ĩ	9	ENINMAN ISLAND	In Place
NAVY DET	1	28	ENINETOK ISLAND	In Place
PROVISIONAL CIC	1	0	PARRY ISLAND	In Place
DET	1	Ó	ENINMAN ISLAND	In Place
	1	0	ENTU ISLAND	In Place
	ĩ	Ō	EBIRIRU ISLAND	In Place
	Ĩ.	Ō	ENTWETOK ISLAND	In Place
ARLY HELICOPTER SECTION	(4)	(5)	mineThe Island	In Place
TOTAL	92	1096		<u></u>

Included in SVC DET 7126 AU

 BOAT 100L:
 2 LCM and 1 LCPL

 VEHICLES:
 83 special purpose, 297 general purpose

 ATHCRAFT:
 3 H-13 Helicopters

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Troop and Equipment Lett

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TASK GROUP 7.3 THOOP AND EQUIPLE IT LIST

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NAME OF		IONAL ST	RENCTH		CLOSED IN
UNIT	OF P.	Ell.	CIV.	EQUIPMENT	FORMARD ARE
STAFF OF CTG					
7.3	17	44	1		In Place
M 1 9 3 A				OPECIAL DESILONS INTO	
<u>10 7.3.0</u> 18 7.3.0.0	39	616		SPECIAL DEVICES UNIT Special Servia Elument	, 24 Jan 54
	77	. 774		(USS CURTISS AV-4)	
TE 7.3.0.1				Recort Element	
TU 7.3.1				SURFACE SECURITY UNIT	
<u> </u>	3	4		(Corthesbiv TVELVE)	
	3 16	289		USS EPPERSON (DDE-710)	24. jan 54.
	18	265		USS PHILIP (DDE-498)	24 Jan 54
	20	265		USS NICHOLAS (DDE-449)	
	15	265		USS LENSHAW (DDE-499)	24 Jan 54
	4	55		USS HC 1546	4 Feb 54
N 7.3.2				Cathlan UNIT	
				Carrier Element	
	70	849		USS BAIROKO (CVE-115)	22 Jan 54
	20	40		10 HBS & AF Helicopter	8
				as Assigned	
18 7.3.2.1	4	15		BIKINI VF ELEMENT 3 F4U-5N	
	-	~			
TE 7.3.2.2	4	15		ENIMETOK VF ELEMENT	
				3 F4U-5N	
V 7.3.3				PATROL PLANE UNIT	
	50	357		(VF-29)	In Place
				12 P2V-6	
				1 P2V-5	
	6	41		1 P4Y-2 2 PBU-52	
	-,			E 100-78	
N 7.3.4	47	624		JTF_FLAGGHIP	3 Feb 54
				(USS ESTES ACC-12)	
<u>V 7.3.5</u>				UTILITY UNIT	
	6	75		USS TAWAKONI (ATF-114)	16 Jan 54
	5	80		USS SIOUL (ATE-75)	26 Jan 54
	5 5 6	81	-	USS APACHE (ATF-76)	29 Jan 54
		82		USS MOLALA (ATF-106)	6 Feb 54
	?	73 62		USS COCOPA (ATF-101) USS GYPSY (ARSD-1)	8 Feb 54 8 Feb 54
	÷				
<u>V 7.3.6</u>				AK SHIP COUNTENDLASURES	
TE 7.3.6.0				TEST UNIT Drone Ship Element	
- 1031000	4	47		(YAC-39)	
	4	49		(YAG-40)	
TE 7.3.4.1				TORING AND DIVONTANIN-	
				ATION MELENT	
				ATF's as assigned	

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Troop and Envippent at CJTF Saval do. 3-53



TASK GROUP 7.3 THOOP AND EQUIPHENT LIST (cont'd)

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NALE CF		IONAL ST			CLUSED IN
UNIT	OFT.	म्य	CI/,	E UTPMENT	FOR AND AR
TU 7.3.7				BIKINI HARBOR UNIT	•
TE 7.3.7.0	20	253		USS BELLE CHOVE (LSD-2) Boat Pool Element	20 Jan :
	4	231		5 LCU	
		•		18 ICN -	-
				2 LCPh	
				1 LCPL	
				1 18/18 (261)	
				1 AVR	
	•			1 YO	
				1 YCV	
				1 YFN 1 YC	
TU 7.3.8				ENIWETOK HARBOR UNIT	
	0	40		(YOG, YOGN, 1 AVK)	
te 7.3.8.0	1	46		Underwater Detection	
				Element (1 LCM)	
<u>TU 7.3.9</u>				TRANSPORT UNIT	
TE 7.3.9.0				Special Devices Trans-	•
				port Element (USS BELLE GHOVE (LSD-2))	20 Jan
TE 7.3.9.1	6	116		Special Devices Trans-	
				port Element (USS LST	<u>.</u>
				762)	e 15 Jan
TE 7.3.9.2				Escort Element	
TE 7.3.9.3				Escort Alement	
TE 7.3.9.4	6	102		Materials Transport	11 Feb
				Element (USS LST 825)	
TE 7.3.9.5				Materials Transport	
	-			Element	~ -
TE 7.3.9.6	7	18	, 171	Personnel Transport Element (USNS FRED	26 Feb
				C. AINSTORTH)	
					• •
TOTAL	, 420	5365	172		

Total Individuals Task Group: 5957

TASK GHOUP J. & THOOP AND ECULPHENT LIST

NAME OF	OPERAT	IONAL ST	RENGTH		CLOSED IN	
UNIT	OFF.	E24.	CIV.	DUIPMENT	FOHKARD AREA	
HC TG 7.4	48	49	3	ENTY. LTOK	29 Jan 54	
TEST SUPPOR	-				• •	
GIOUP	6	38	1	1 G-54 (CJTF) (Opnl Con Only)	In Place	



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Troop and Faulpar, iss CJTP SEVEN No. 5-53

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TASK GLOUP 7.4 TROOP AND POULFMENT LIST (cont'd)

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NAME OF		IONAL ST			CLOSED IN
UNIT	OFF.	EN.	ÇIV.	EQUIPMENT	FORWARD AREA
		•		4 C-47 12 L-13 3 H-19A 4 H-19B 5 4-13 (Army)	
				(Opnl Con Only	7)
4931st test Ept sq	36	24.9			In Place
4932ND TEST SPT SQ	n	202			In Place
1110th Air Spt det	2	8			10 Feb 54
<u>rest acft unit</u> 4926th Test SC (S)	41	109	1	15 F-84G	30 Jan 54
CLOUD SAUPLING AND EFFECTS RLEMENT	-	717	15	1 RB-36 2 B-36H (FW) 1 B-36D 1 B-47	30 Jan 54
ACFT CONTROL	4	4			10 Jan 54
IBDA ELEMENT	12	30		3 B50	D - 2
RET SERVICES UN HQ TSU	<u>117</u> 7	10			20 Jan 54
WEA CENTRAL ELL	1 10	6		1	21 Jan 54
WEA RECON ELM	53	243		9 KB-29	1 Feb 54
WEA REPT ELM	2	9			20 Jan 54
COMM ELM AACS	4	124			20 Jan 54
SAR ELEMENT	10	પ્રં		2 SA-16	23 Jan 54
ATS TERMINAL DA 1502-1 NATS DET 1960-1 AACS DET DET 2, 57TH STH RECON SC	1 3 1 1	11 38 25			10 Jan 54 10 Jan 54 10 Jan 54
PHOTO ELM	10	IJ		3 C-54	1 Feb 54
ENIWETOK TOTAL	300	1298	20	1	

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Troop and Equipme. GJTF SEVEN No. 3-53	ist			* N 2 = 1 1 = 1	
	TASK CR	OUP 7.4	THOCP AND H	QUIFIERT LIST (c	ont'd)
NAME OF UNIT	OPERA CTA	TIONAL S	CIV.	EQUIPMENT	CLOSED IN FORWARD ARF
			NT.AJALFIN		
COMM DET MATS	0	34			•
			BIKINI		
4931st test spt sq Commelin	6 0	39 9			
		<u>Y</u>	EATHER ISLA	UNDS	
WEATHER REPT ELM	ı	86			

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TASK GROUP 7.5 THOOP AND EQUIPMENT LIST

NAME OF UNIT	OPERATION OFF CLASS	L STRENGTH FM CLASS	OFERATIONAL LOCATION	CLOSED IN FORWARD AREA
HQ TG 7.5	9 4 1		PARRY ISLAND ENINMAN ISLAND USS CURTISS	20 Jai. 54 20 Jan 54
HOLMES & NARVER	72 6 12 24 11 5	899 53 151 523 229 187 64	PARRY ISLAND ENIWETOK ISLAND ROJOA ISLAND ENIMMAN ISLAND NAMU ISLAND ROMURIKKU ISLAND ENYU ISLAND	20 Jan 54 20 Jan 54 20 Jan 54 20 Jan 54 20 Jan 54 20 Jan 54 20 Jan 54
TOTAL	168	2105	EVID LOLAND	20 021 74

BOAT POOL: 24 ICH, 9 ICU, 2 YTL, 3 Water Taxi, 18 DUNN.

P. W. CIAKKSON Major General, USA Commander

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OFFICIAL

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WILLIAM S. COWART, JR. Colonel, U. S. Air Force Assistant Chief of Staff, J-3

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HCADOWARTERS, Joint Task Force SEVEN Washington 25, D. C. 10 November 1953

Anrey F to CIMP STIFY Operation Plan No. 3-53

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SCIENTIFIC TASK GROUP SUMMARY OF TASKS (TO 7.1)

The following is a summary of tasks to be accomplished by the Scientific Task Group during the CASTLE on-site operational phase. CTG 7.1 will:

a Position, arm and detrnate the weapons and devices.

t Conduct termical and measurement programs (Annex E applies).

. Complete the installation and calibration of the devices and all instruments and test apparatue.

d. Recommend to CUTF SEVEN safe slant range distances from ground let for exercise during shot periods.

Contact the radiological safety program (Annex N applies).

2. Privid: technical and technical report film coverage in conformative with Armev T.

g - Schedule the inter-aboli movement of weapons and devices and provide required technical absistance to other task groups in connection with their responsibilities for such novements.

h - Se responsible for the removal of all TS 7.1 personnel and necessary equipment from the shot site danger area.

1. When directed by CJTF SEVEN, evacuate TJ 7.1 personnel from BIKINI ATCL

Be prepared, upon directive from CUTF SEVEN, to conduct emergency just shot evacuation of TG 7.1 personnel from ENIMETCK ATCLL.

k Keep CUTF SEVEN informed on test and technical developments affecting the operational plan and military support requirements therefor

1. Prepare appropriate technical reports at the conclusion of each shot and the overall operation (Annex E applies).

m. Provide CJTF SEVEN with a statement of preliminary test results at H plus 1, H plus 12 and H plus 72 hours.

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Colonel, U.S. Airforce Assistant Chief of Staff, J-3 P. W. CLARKSON Major General, U.S. Army Commander

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HEADQUARTERS, Joint Task Force SEVEN Washington 25, D. C. 10 November 1953

Anney G to CJTF SEVEN Operation Order No. 3-53

ARMY TASK GROUP SUMMARY OF TASKS (TG 7.2)

The following is a summary of tasks to be accomplished by the Army Task Group during the CASTLE on-site operational phase. CTG 7.2 will:

a. Provide for the ground security of ENTWETOK and BIKINI ATCLLS in accordance with Annex K, Hostile Action Alert Plan.

b. Take measures to prevent unauthorized entry into exclusion areas, coordinating this activity with CTG 7.5.

c. With certain transportation support furnished by TG 7.3 and TG 7.4, provide for the general surveillance of ENIWETOK and BIKINI ATOLLS to insure against removal by unauthorized agents of significant samples from shot islands and to prevent unauthorized photography and treepassing.

d. Deny entry of personnel into ENIWETOK and BIKINI ATOLLS to those individuals not appropriately cleared.

e. Conduct liaison with CTO 7.5 to the end that his support requirements are met, particularly as they relate to security and stevedcring facilities.

f. Provide and operate the overall military communications system for handling of all forward area task force inter-atoll and longhaul traffic (exclusive of air operations, air weather, internal naval communications and the TG 7.1 inter-atoll radio circuit).

g. Continue to operate all base facilities at ENIMETOR ISLAND, except those specifically allocated to CTG 7.4 and CTG 7.5, in accordance with existing agreemonts.

h. Conduct port and stevedoring operations at ENIWETOK ATOLL with stevedoring assistance made available by CTG 7.5 in accordance with existing agreements.

1. Operate and maintain a TG 7.2 boat pool at ENIWETCK, taking cognizance of Annex P, Boat Plan.

j. Provide support services for Headquarters, JTF SEVEN, as required. Contemplated requirements will include medical and mess personnel and equipment, transportation services, routine supply and administrative and housekeeping assistance.

k. Provide monitoring and decontamination services indicated in Annex N, Radiological Safety.

1. Be prepared, on order of CJTF SEVEN, to conduct emergency postshot evacuation from ENIWETOK ATOLL of all personnel based on ENIWETOK ISLAND.

E. With certain personnel augmentation from TG 7.4, provide logistic support for those elements of the joint task force based on ENTWETOK ISLAND.



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Army Task Group Summary of Tasks CJTF SEVEN No. 3-53

in Ship all equipment and material as it becomes surplus in accordance with instructions from CJTP SEVEN.

• o Support TG 7.1 as directed by CJTP SEVEN. • :

> P. W. CLARKSON Major General, U.S. Army Commander

OFFICIAL:

N WILLIAN S CONART, S Colonel, U.S. Air Force Assistant Chief of Staff, J-3



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MEADQUARTERS, Joint Task Force SEVEN Washington 25, D. C. 10 November 1953 122

Annex H to CJTF SEVEN Operation Plan No. 3 53

NAVAL TASK GROUP SUMMARY OF TASKS (TG 7.3)

The following is a summary of tasks to be accomplished by the Naval Task Group during the CASTLE on-site operational phase. CTG 7.3 will:

a. Provide for the security of the ENIWETOK-BIKINI danger area by.

(1) Denying entry of unauthorized vessels and aircraft into the :losed area in accordance with instructions to be issued at a later date.

(2) Maintaining a plot of ships and aircraft transiting the danger area.

(3) Providing a capability for rapid surface movement of ground defense forces between ENTWETCK and EIKINI in the event of emergency.

(4) when directed before each shot, patrol the significant sector out to 600 miles to detect, report and warn surface shipping.

b. At BIKINI, operate a beat poel in accordance with Annex P, Boat Plan Be prepared to operate the boat pool from other task force ships when the LSD is engaged in transportation of experimental weapons and devices.

c. Provide an inter-atoll surface transportation system to support joint task force elements in the forward area. Annex P, Boat Plan, applies

d. Control harbor operations at ENINETOK and EIKINI.

e Detail two (2) PBMs and required personnel to CTG 7.4 for operational control, to augment the ENIWETCK-BIKINI airlift system and to provide amphibious airlift services between ENIWETCK and EIKINI when required

- F §. Provide shipboard assembly facilities for the experimental weapons and devices and limited laboratory, shop and office space for TG 7.1.
- Gr W As directed, transport the experimental weapons and devices and the necessary barges and associated personnel between and within ENTWETOK and BININI ATOLLS. Provide suitable escort in transit and conduct rehearsals of this activity as required.
- H . Operate a ship-to-shore and inter-island helicopter lift system at BIKINI to support pre-shot operations and post-shot flights for damage survey and recovery of scientific data. Be prepared to assist CTG 7.4 in the conduct of this activity at ENIWETOK upon conclusion of BIKINI operations. Annex Q applies.



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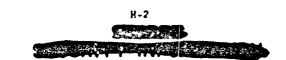
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Naval Tank Group Summary of Tasks CUTF SEVEN N: 3-53

Provide space on the CVE for a mobile radiochemical laboratory, a photodesimetry trailer and the associated operations of the radiological pafety unit of TG ? 1 1

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- J Assume responsibility f. all aircraft decontamination at BIKINI ATTLL Aircraft decontamination operations aboard the CVE will be accomplished without outside assistance, however, operations ashore at EIKINI will be conducted with assistance from CTG 7.1.
- \mathcal{K} Frontide defontamination crows for TG 7.3 aircraft at ENIWETOK AT LL. Limited assistance will be furnished by CTG 7.4 when required.
- L gL Provide Standard command, control and communications facilities for CUTE SEVEN and staff, communications and electronics facilities for TG The aircraft control and command and administrative space for Pendquarters, TG 7.1 and TG 7.5.
- M g is vite impleard facilities to house elements of the joint task force with affinitiat BIRINI Annex R applies.
- N K Provide spatiality for emergency post shot evacuation of personnel for less than uS fours) when pre-shot evacuation has not been conducted
- 0 yL F- rid- trinshilogical safety of embarked task force personnel juring pert is affinit.
- P K With facilities available, to propared to provide alternate emergency communications channels for the joint task force.
- 9 * Frivide intilities and serilogical personnel aboard the AGC for the task fithe weather central and familities required by communications serurity monitoring personnel.
- K g Assist CTG 7.5 as required in positioning and mooring weapons barges and by prividing stardby support for moored barges in event of bid weather.
- S K Positi n service and recover special buoyage systems and instrumentation f v 70 ? 1 prejects
- + X Assist in carrying out crater surveys as required by designated projects
- 4 g Direct the movement of drone vessels during shot periods, in coordination with CT3 7.1, and be prepared to assist in large scale decontamination of these vessels and effects aircraft loaded thereon.
- V ¥ Assist CTS 7.4 in search and rescue operations as required. Annex 0 applies
- W X Provide one (1) DDE on station between ENINETCE and BIKINI -ATCLLS during the BIKINI shot phases to assist in the control of mircraft.
- Coordinate with CTG 7.4 in the integration of TG 7.3 aircraft into shot time aircrift positioning plans.



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Naval Task Group Summary of Tasks C.TP SEVEN No. 3-53

Y Effect positive positioning control of TG 7.3 aircraft in shot areas in accordance with shot time positioning plans and in compli-ance with order issued from the joint task force air operations cen-ter, USS ESTES. Convert control of shot area and pactaging of shot area and pactaging to present of as. Provide CTG 7.2 with personnel augmentation as necessary to sup-Just. port TG 7 3 elements on ENIWETCK ISLAND.

bb. Place and renover free-floating buoys used for pressure and fall-out measurements

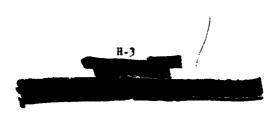
cc. Frewide additional support for TG 7.1 as directed by CJTP SEVEN.

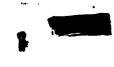
P. W. CLARKSON Major General, U.S. Army Commander

OFFICIAL

4 WILLIAM S. COWART, 20 Colonel, U.S. Alt Forre

Assistant Chief of Staff, J-3





HELDQUARTERS, Joint Task Force SEVEH APC 107 (HOJ). 7/0 Postmastor San Francisco, 1027 Jornia 10 February 1954

Anner I to CJTT SKYPA Operation Order No. 3-53

AIR PORCE TASK GROUP SULLARY OF TASKS (TJ 7.4)

The following is a summary of tasks to be accomplished by the Air Force Task Group during the CAJILE on-site operational phase. CIG 7.4 will:

a. Provide, mintain and operate aircraft in support of the following equantific missions:

(1) Cloud sampling and cloud tracking.

(2) Measurements of blast, gust and thermal effect on aircraft.

(3) Technical and technical report photography.

(4) Airborne direction of sampling aircraft.

b. Conduct weather reconnaiseance flights to provide joint task force weather central with required data. Annex H applies.

e. Operate joint task force weather stations at D/IWENOK, POMAPE, RONGERIE, MAJURO and RUSAIE. Support, in accordance with approved agreement, certain TG 7.1 requirements at weather stations. Annex M applies.

d. Administer and logistically support the Joint Task Force Weather Central. Annex M applies.

e. Conduct resupply of weather islands utilizing PBM sircraft made available by CO, MAVSTANNAJ.

f. Operate an inter-atoll air transportation system between ENIMEROX and BIXINI to include C-47 flights to Analalais and other atolis as required. Annex Q applies.

g. Operate an inter-island airlift system at ENTRETOK ATOLL, utilising lisison aircraft and mulicopters. Annex C applies.

h. As required, detail helicopters and associated personnel to CTG 7.3 to sugment the TG 7.3 inter-island airlift system at BIKDNI.

i. Conduct administrative flights in connection with the joint task force mission and the maintenance of flying proficiency of rated joint task force personnel.

j. Provide search and rescue coverage in the forward area, assisted by CTG 7.3 and within cognizance of SAR area commander. Annex 0 applies.

k. Control and position flights for official observers as required by CJTF SEVEN.

1. Operate and maintain continuously an air operations control center on ENIMATOR ISLAND.

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Air Force Task Group Suggery of Tasks CJIP SD/AN NO. 3-53

a. Provide supervisory personnel for the joint task force air operations center aboard the AGC during shot phases.

n. Provide senior neval aviator of TG 7.3 - Air Defense Riemant at 2NINERDE - with data and communications facilities to maintain air security of the ENIMETOK portion of the ENIMETOK-BIRINI arcs.

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o. Operate airdrome facilities on ENTNETOX ISLAND and BIXINI, except for FOL storage facilities at both locations.

p. Provide and operate complete MATS terminal facilities at ENIMETOX, coordinating traffic management aspects of this activity with CTG 7.2.

q. Provide Airways and Air Communications Service (AACS) as required in support of joint task force operations.

r. Prepare shot time aircraft positioning plans, coordinating with CNG 7.3 in the integration of TG 7.3 aircraft into the plans.

5. During shot periods, assume everall positioning control of task force aircraft, other than security forces operating in shot areas. (Instructions to TG 7.3 test aircraft will be given through GTG 7.3 in the CVE.) In the event interception of unidentified aircraft becomes nuccessary in shot area, direct test aircraft to depart the area, passing control of the area to CTG 7.3 for the duration of the defensive effort.

t. Provide CTG 7.2 with personnel augmentation necessary to support TG 7.4 at ENIMETOK ISLAND.

u. Provide decontamination crews and facilities for TG 7 aircraft at ENIWSTOK ATOLL and assist CTG 7.3 in aircraft decontamination as required.

v. Assist TG 7.2 in emergency evacuation of personnel based on LMINATOK IS'AND.

W. Support TG 7.1 as directed by CJTF SEVEN.

P. W. CLARKSON Major General, U.S. Army Commander

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VILLIAM S. COMART, df. Colonel, U.S. Air Porce Assistant Chief of Staff, J-3

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HTADQUANTEND, Joint Task Force SEVER Washington 25, D. C. 10 November 1953

Annex 7 to CUTE SETEN Operation Plan No. 3-53

APC HADE PACILITING TACK GROUP SUMPLARY OF TASKS (TO 7.5)

The following is a summary of tasks to be accomplished by the AEC Base Ficilities Task Group during the CASTLE on-site operational phase. CTJ 7.5 will:

a. Render necessary ASC contractor support to CTG 7.1 in the accomplishment of 7G 7.1 missions.

b. Operate, manage and direct camp facilities at BIKINI and on all islands of ENIWETOK ATORI, except ENIWETOK ISLAND, to include the following.

(1) Provide subsistence, quarters, launity, medical, recreational and other camp services on all islands, except ENDERCK ISLAND.

(2) Operate and maintain land transportation service at BIKINI and on all islands of ENIMETOK ATCLL, except ENIMETOK ISLAND and except in those circumstances where the use of vehicles assigned to units is appropriate.

(3) Operate and maintain all utilities on all imlands, except the PCL farm on DRIVETCK ISLAND and certain military communications facilities on ERIVETCK ISLAND and BIKINI ATOLL.

c. Conduct necessary liaison with GTG 7.2 to enable him to discharge his responsibilities toward preventing unauthorized entry into exclusion areas.

d - Operate and maintain local communications systems at EIKINI and at ENDETCH ATOLL, except ENDETCH ISLAND.

e Assist CTO 7.2 in the conduct of port and stevenoring operations at ENTHEDEK in accordance with existing agreements.

f. Conduct port and stevedoring operations at BIKINI.

g - Operate and maintain a TG 7.5 boat pool at ENIMETCH and BININI AT LIS - Annax P Applies

h Be responsible for removal of TG 7.5 personnel (and supporting military personnel) and equipment from the shot site danger area.

1. When directed by CUTF SEVEN, evacuate TG 7.5 personnel (and supporting military personnel) from BIKINI ATCLL.

3. Be prepared, upon directive from CJTF SEVEN, to conduct energency post-abut evacuation of TG 7.5 personnel from islands of ENIWETOK ATCLI other than ENIWETOK ISLAND. (Assume responsibility for the emergency evacuation of TG 7.2 MP personnel from FERRIRU ISLAND.

k. Assist CTG 7.1 in decontamination of AEC facilities and equipment as necessary.

1. Augment the shipboard housekeeping personnel of CTG 7.3 with



AEC Base Facilities Task Group Summary of Tasks CJTF SEVEN No. 3-53

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such personnel as necessary to support TG 7.1 and TG 7.5 elements afloat.

m. Provide support services for Headquarters, JTF SEVER as required.

n. Continue to redeploy contractor personnel expeditiously, commensurate with progress of the construction program.

> P. W. CLARKSON Major General, U.S. Army Commander

OFFICIAL: .

WILLIAM S COWART, CA. Colonel, U.S. Air Force Assistant Chief of Staff, J-3

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HEADQUARTERS, Joint Task Force SEVEN Washington 25, D. C. 10 November 1953 l

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Anner K to CJTF SEVEN Operation Plan No. 3-53

HISTILE ACTION ALERT PLAN

Definitions: The following alert conditions are for use by the task force and should not be confused with CINCPAC alert conditions. Reports by ATCOM ENTWETCK to CINCPAC will conform with alert conditions as defined in Annex X and Z to CINCPAC General Emergency Operation Plan No. 11-53, dated 20 June 1953.

WHITE Alert, as employed in this plan, indicates that hostile action or attack on forward area installations is imminent and will occur within a period of time specified by ATCON ENIWETOK.

RED Alert indicates that any one or all of the forward area positions are being subjected to hostile reconnaissance or attack.

Since this plan is designed to comply with CINCPAC General Emergency Operation Plan No. 11-53, CJTP SEVEN will be referred to as ATCOM ENIMETOR. In the absence of CJTF SEVEN, while the task force headquarters is in the forward area, the senior task force officer . present will discharge the responsibilities of ATCOM ENIMETOR.

1. General Concept

In the event of an outbreak of general war during the on-site operational phase, the task force will continue toward the execution of its mission within the capability of the forces remaining available unless instructions to the contrary are received from the ASC and DOD. The purpose of this hostile action alert plan is to insure that Operation CASTLE will be conducted with a minimum threat from direct hostile interference or threat of capture by enemy of its critical supplies, material and key scientific personnel This plan establishes those measures best suited to the defense of the BIKINI-ENIMETOK area and will become effective upon commencement of the operational phase. The premise upon which this plan is based is that any actual attack by an enemy would, in all probability, occur when the entire task force has been established in the forward area The objective would then more appropriately warrant and reward the risk involved Short of such an actual attack, hostile action would in all likelihood be limited to missions of reconnaissance nature ATCOM ENTWETCK will command and, through his staff, coordinate the defense when major elements of the task force are involved.

The task force will be placed on WHITE and RED alerts in accordance with orders initiated by ATCOM ENIMET(K based on information secured from higher and adjacent commands or from local sources When on a WHITE alert status, all task group commanders will prepare for RED alert conditions to the maximum extent possible in view of their primary tasks and missions. ATCOM ENIMET(K will suspend or modify existing security regulations regarding entry to islands north of ENIMETOK as required under the RED alert.

The ground defense of the atolls is at all times a function of CTG 7.2. The existence of his trained, organized and equipped combat security force gives him a small but highly mobile striking force capable of rapid movement by vessel and/or sircraft to any threatened island in sither of the atoll areas. CTG 7.3 will



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Hostile Action Alert Plan CJTP SEVEN No 3-53

> provide the vessels necessary to transport the combat security force to threatened areas and will assume control of all bosts and landing craft operated by CTG 7.5 during such an emergency and will provide ship gunfire support as practicable to assist in preventing enemy landings. CTG 7.4 will, through the employment of his liaison aircraft section, provide additional transportation, reconnaissance, maintenance of emergency communications and resupply, as appropriate. Naval aircraft, by reconnaissance over the ocean areas of the danger area, will provide timely detection and warning of hostile forces, deny entry to the danger area of all hostile aircraft and vessels, a.d, during the combat phase, provide close air support to the ground combat security force. The TG 7.2 combat security force will be augmented and reenforced by available military personnel from TG 7.1, TG 7.3 and TG 7.4.

Transient vessels and aircraft at ENIWETOK and BIKINI ATOLLS will be utilized by ATCOM ENIWETOK in the best interest of the defense missions.

Consideration is given to the plan of evacuation of certain key scientific personnel and designated critical material in the event of timely and accurate warning under the provisions of a WHITE alert and the actual evacuation on order of ATCON ENIWETOK under the provisions of a RED alert. This evacuation will be conducted by boat and/or aircraft as the situation requires. Total or partial evacuation of the task force from either or both atolls will be on order of ATCON ENIWETOK only, and the methods of evacuation will be commensurate with the situation at the contemplated time of evacuation Preparation for the destruction of scientific and military equipment to include critical material to preclude capture will be made on the initial warning of hostile action. Actual destruction will be carried out by order of ATCON ENIWETOK only.

a. Enery Forces

(1) Enemy forces in the event of general hostilities will be those of the Soviet Union and its eastern European and Asiatic satellites.

(2) Indigenous communist groups in anti-Soviet and neutral countries will support the Soviet bloc.

(3) The USSR and its satellites have given no indication of relaxing their drive toward world domination and are maintaining an advanced state of preparedness for war. The Soviet Union will probably not initiate overt warfare so long as other means are successful or unless it seems evident that the U.S. and its allies are cocoming so strong as to prevent the further spread of Communism For additional details see Annex C.

b. Friendly Forces. CINCPAC will:

(1) Defend the U.S. against attack through the Pacific Ocean.

(2) Maintain the security of the U.S. island positions and bases within the Pacific Command.

(3) Establish and maintain control of essential sea areas and protect sea and air communications.

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> (4) Establish a convoy system and control and routing of shipping to include providing convoy air and surface escorts and air defense of convoys.

(5) Coordinate and conduct search and rescue operations, military control of air traffic, ocean weather operations and reconnaissance within the Facific Command.

(6) Evacuate or assist in the evacuation of such U.S. LACE male from areas within or adjacent to the Pacific Tempand as notes wry or as directed.

 <u>M'ssions</u>. In the event of hostile intervention or warring to sof during the period the plan is in effect, ATCOM ENTWETOK with

(1) Mainatin the status of ENIMETCK and EIEINI ATULE and the territorial waters as "closed areas".

(2) Frevent entry into the ENIMETOK-BIKINI danger are of the authorized vessels and aircraft within the capitility of the theory forces

(3) Deny entry of personnel into ENTWETCK and EIKINE (1997) in those individuals not cleared for entry in accordance with the first structions.

(4) Provide for general surveillance of ENIWETCK and $\mathbb{Z} \neq \mathbb{C}^{+}$. ATCLLS to prevent unauthorized photography, trespassing and remained by unauthorized personnel of significant samples from stat unbas

(5) Provide for internal security and passive air deferme of activities and prevent or minimize subversion or sabotage within areas of responsibility.

(6) Control electronic emissions and surface lighting, comptting such operations as are essential and do not conflict with minimum active and passive defense measures.

(7) Keep CINCFAC informed of current situation.

(8) Take measures to minimize the effects of attack if oll scapons of mass destruction (chemical, biological and radiol.giral)

(9) Postpone or discontinue all activities not essential to the defense of the area, protection of critical materials and devices and protection of key scientific personnel.

(10) Be prepared to evacuate or destroy all classified inducents and materials as specified in Security Memorandum Ho. 6, max, UTP SEVEN, dated 13 September 1953.

(11) Be prepared to evacuate key scientific personnel.

3. Tasks For Subordinate Units

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a. The Commander, TG 7.1, in the event of a WHITZ alert, dili



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(1) Designate those key personnel to be executed as sepreprize on the mest interests of the selectific efforts of the United States.

[2] Martain key personnel, weapon and device complicates and original test equipment in a state of readiness for including over operation to the extent permitted by the situation at the time.

(3) "Ithin means available, assist 077 7.2 in the preparation for the defense of threatened areas.

(4) Maintain a list of T3 7.1 military personal to be made available for the T3 7.2 combat security force.

b. The Commander, 13 7.1, in the event of a RT slort, will:

(1) On order of TOCH LIVETCK, assist in the state evacuation of three designated personnel whose evacuation is in the best interfer of the scientific efforts of the United Low

(2) Assist TTT V.2 in the everyency loading of the list and defense of threatened areas.

(3) is directed by ATCOM ENHLETICK, remove on d.) ... of atomic weights economies and critical test equipment, assisted by CTG 7.2, CT7 7.3, CTG 7 4 and CTG 7.5.

(4) Release designited TG 7.1 military presented to 707 707 combit recurring formet

c. The Commander, DJ ? C. in the event of a WHTT start, all:

(1) Make necessary adjustment of atcl1 security forces to previde maximum uny-coll defense of the DNTNETOF-BIKINI TO US against overt acts and fording various componentate with the means and latest information available.

(2) Be prepared to move ground defense units either by water or air transportation to the scene of any energy threat within the danger area

(3) Prevare and improve appropriate field fortil offices in the area or island considered to be most susceptible to thack

(4) Conduct final coordination with ATCOM ENDATE and other task group commanders as required for implementation of these defense measures.

(5) Frequers for the evacuation or destruction of classified documents as specified in Security Memorandum No. 6, .q., JFP SEVEN, dated 13 Se tember 1953.

(6) Be prepared to assist CTG 7.1 in the innel: the innel to receive or destruction of atomic weapons components and critical test equiprication

d. The Commander, TO 7.2, in the event of a RET alor', will:

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(1) Initiate the appropriate tactical disposition of his defense forces, disperse threatened critical classes of supply and physically occupy previously constructed fortifications for the defense of

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Hostile Action Alert Plan CJTF SEVEN No. 3-53

any critical threatened island.

(2) Defend ENIWETCK ATCLL, particularly ENIWETCK, PARRY and shot islands. from hostile attack with combat security force and, on order of ATCOM ENIWETCK, move to BIKINI ATCLL by vessel and/or aircraft in event that atoll is threatened. Į

(3) Assist CTG 7 1 in the immediate removal or destruction of atomic weapon components and critical test equipment in threatned area.

(4) Besist and counter-attack energy forces until the threat is resolved or until orders are issued by ATCOM ENIWETOK to the contrary.

e. The Commander, TG 7.3, in the event of a WHITE alert, will:

(1) Be prepared to implement the conditions of a RED alert.

(1) Maintain strict surveillance of the danger area to detect and report the location and movement of hostile forces and their probable direction of attack

(3) Deny entry to the danger area to all unauthorized vessels

(4) Prepare to assist CTG 7.2 in the defense of the ENIWETCK -BIKINI ATOLLS through the use of naval aircraft in close support and intercept missions where feasible.

(5) Frovide necessary surface vessels to transport the TG 7.2 combat security force to threatened areas.

(6) Inrough coordination with CTG 7.4, prepare to augment the airlift capability of TG 7.4 in accomplishment of his missions as outlined below

(7) Be prepared to assist CTG 7.1 in the disposition of critical materials and equipment where required.

(2) Propare to evacuate key personnel designated by ATCCM ENIWETCE by ship and to disperse ships with escorts

f. The Commander, TG 7 3, in the event of a RED alert, will:

(1) Defend ENIWETOK and BIKINI ATOLLS from attack by enemy vessels and protect sea lines of communication in the danger area.

(2) Assist in the evacuation of key personnel when such evacuation is ordered by ATCOM ENIWETCK. Coordinate evacuation with other task groups.

(3) Deny entry to danger area of all unauthorized vessels.

(4) Assist CTG 7.2 in the defense of atolls through the destruction of enemy aircraft and vessels.

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(5) Transport the TG 7.2 combat security force to threatened areas as required.

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(6) Augment the TG 7.4 airlift capability as required.

(7) Coordinate with and assist ground units by naval gunfire, air support and disruption of enemy ship to shore activities in the event of hostile amphibious action.

(8) Disperse ships when directed by ATCOM ENIWETOK.

(9) Assist CTG 7.1 in the disposition of critical materials and equipment where required.

g. The Commander, TG 7 4, in the event of a WHITE alert, will:

(1) Prepare to furnish sufficient airlift in the forward area to evacuate key personnel, atomic weapons components and critical test equipment as designated by CTG 7.1.

(2) Assist CTG 7.2 wherever possible in defensive measures by providing personnel for defense, loading of vessels and construction of shelters and field fortifications.

(3) Provide an airlift capability for movement of the TG 7.2 combat security force from ENIWETOK ATOLL to BIKINI ATULL in the event of a threat at BIKINI

(4) Assist CTG 7.3 in the detection, location and movement of any hostile force in the danger area.

h The Commander, TG 7 4, in the event of a RED alert, will:

(1) Provide airlift for evacuation of previously designated personnel, critical weapons components and critical test equipment as designated by CTG 7 1

(2) Assist in the defense of the atoll through the utilization of lia.son a_recaft and helicopters for evacuation, resurply of ammunition to ground defense units and conduct of aerial reconnaissance.

(3) Provide CTG 7 2 with ENIWETOK based personnel for ground defense, leading of vessels, construction of hasty fortifications and shelters and on order of ATCOM ENIWETOK the destruction of military installations.

(4) On order of ATCCM ENIWETCK, move the TG 7.2 combat security force from ENIWETCK ATCLL to BIKINI ATCLL.

i. The Commander, TG 7 5, in the event of a WHITE alert, will:

(1) Assist CTG 7 1 in maintaining weapons and device components and critical equipment in a state of readiness for immediate evacuation to the extent permitted by the existing situation.

(2) Consistent with means available, assist CTG 7.2 in the preparation for defense of threatened areas.

(3) Prepare to assist other task groups in the emergency loading of vessels.

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Hostile Action Alert Flan CJTP SEVEN No. 3-53

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j The Commander, TG 7.5, in the event of a RED alert, will:

(1) Assist CTG 7.1 in the evacuation or disposal of weapon and device components and critical test equipment.

(2) Assist CTG 7 2 in the defense of threatened areas consistent with means available.

(3) Assist other task groups in the emergency loading of vessels.

x. All task groups will.

(1) Prepare a detailed hostile action alert plan, complying with instructions contained herein, and forward copy to this headquarters not later than 7 January 1954

(2) Comply with the provisions of Appendix I as conditions are ann runowd by ATCOM ENTWETON

(3) Comply with the provisions of Security Memorandum No. 6, Hqs, JTF SEVEN, dated 13 September 1953, in the evaluation or destruction of classified documents

4. <u>Administration and Logistics</u> See CJTF SEVEN Administrative Order for Operation CASTLE (CJTF SEVEN No. 2-53).

5. <u>Comminications</u> Annex L applies

a In the event of hostile action the Assistant Chief of Staff, J-5 Division, Hqs, JTF SEVEN, will immediately assume operational control of all task force communication facilities. With task group coordination, all existing atomic test communication facilities will be converted to tactical communication requirements. Minimum tactical communication requirements will be included in task group nostile action alert plans. See Annex L for additional details

b See Appendix I for control of electronic radiation and surface lighting

c. Command Prets

UNIT	ETKINI PHASE	ENTWETOK MASE
CJTF SEVEN (ATCOM)	USS ESTES (AGC-12)	PARTY ISLAND
CTG 7 1	USS ESTES (AGC-12)	PARET ISLAND
CTG 7.2	ENIWETCK ISLAND	ENIWETOK ISLAND
CTG 7.3	USS BAIRCKO (CVE-115)	PARTY ISLAND or CVE
CTG 7.4	USS ESTES (AGC-12)	ENIWETOK ISLAND
CTG 7.5	USS ESTES (AGC-12)	PARRY ISLAND

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P. W. CLARKSON Major General, U.S. Army Commander



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Appendix

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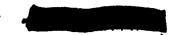
I - Control of Electronic Radiation and Surface Lighting

OFFICIAL WILLIAM S COWATT, Colonel, U.S. Air Mrce Assistant Chief of Staff, J 3



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HEADQUARTERS, Joint Task Force SEVEN Washington 25, P. C. 10 November 1953

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Appendix I to Annex K Hostile Action Alert Plan, CJTF SEVEN Operation Plan No. 3-53

CONTROL OF ELECTRONIC RADIATION AND SULFACE LIGHTING

- 1. This appendix provides procedures for the curtailment of non-essential radio, electronic and lighting services on ENIWETUK ATCIL.
- 2 Assumptions

a Ecomy fortes will rely primarily on celestial and/or radar means for navigation but electronic emissions and surface lighting could be used to increase the accuracy of attack.

ъ The extent of control of electronics emissions will be such as to satisfy the following conditions:

(1) Degree of protection to be gained must be greater than the cost of controls.

(2) Controls will be imposed on all types of non-essential emissions,

c. The importance of black is, dimout and camouflage has been reduced by the developments in electronics devices and bombing techniques so that total blackout is no longer justified.

d. The geographical and meteorological characteristics of the island positions tend to nullify the effects of electronic and surface lighting deception.

3. Concept of Control

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a. Upon announcement of the following conditions by ATCOM ENIWETOR, all task group commanders will:

(1) WHITE ALERT

(a) Lighting: After outbreak of general hostilities, place into effect dimout conditions based upon the following criteria:

1. Lighting needed for maximum productive and operational efficiency should be retained.

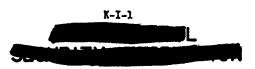
2 Lights exposed to the sky or seaward and capable of creating skyglow or of silhouetting vessels should be dimmed seventy five (75) percent.

3 Street and other exterior lighting should be extinguished, reduced or shielded to the minimum needed for safety

4. Blackout curtain will not be required other than to meet the requirements outlined in the foregoing.

(b) Electronic Services: Normal wartime controls.

(c) Maritime Navigational Aids (other than electronic): As determined by CINCPACFLT and CCGDFOURTEEN.



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Control of Flectronic Radiation and Surface Lighting CJTF SEVEN No. 3-53

(2) RED ALERT

 (a) <u>Lighting</u>. Reduce lighting to the minimum consistent
 with safety in the dispatching of personnel and equipment involved in active or passive defense measures

(b) <u>Electrinic Services</u>: Shut down all non-essential electronic services except key electronic air and maritime navigational aids

(c) Maritime Navigational Aids (other than electronic). Extinguish all except designated key aids

(3) Hore stringent conditions may be imposed by CINCPAC as the situation becomes more critical. Such conditions could result in

(a) All non-essential electronic services being shut down Key electronics air navigational aids would then be operated as required by the Air Defense Control Center (CTG 7 3). Key electronic maritime mavigational aids would be operated only as required by CINTPACFLT.

(b) All maritime navigational aids (other than electronic) being extinguished except those required by CINCPACTIT

- Reports by ATCOM ENTINETCK will be made in conformity with Annex X to CINCPAC General Emergency Operation Plan No. 11-53, dated 20 June 1953
- 5 Each task group commander will submit his determination of key aids and essential services to this headquarters. This will accompany the task group alert plan

P. W. CLARKSCH Major General, U.S. Army Commander

OFFICIAL:

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WILLIAM S. COWART R Colonel, U.S. Air Force Assistant Chief of Staff, J-3





HEADQUARTERS, Joint Task Force SEVEN Mashington 25, D. C. 10 November 1953

Anner L to CJTF SEVEN Operation Plan No. 3-53

COMMUNICATIONS

1. General Remarks

a. The objectives of the basic plan are to:

(1) Conduct tests, commencing in January 1954, of weapons and experimental devices in the ENIMETOR-BIKINI area to include technical and measurement programs proposed by the AEC and DOD.

(2) To provide for the security of the joint task force plus ENTMETOK and BIKINI ATOLLS.

b. This annex establishes the policies and general plans for the installation, maintenance and operation of communication-electronic fecilities of Joint Task Force SEVEN. Further information concerning communication-electronic facilities of task groups will be found in the operation orders of the task groups.

2. <u>Statement of the Situation.</u> On 21 May 1952, the JCS designated the Chief of Staff, U.S. Army as Executive Agent for an overseas atomic test operation (Operation CASTLE) and assigned the mission of the execution of CASTLE to the Commander, Joint Task Force 132. On 1 February 1953, JTP 132 was administratively redesignated as Joint Task Force SEVEN (JTF SEVEN) with no change in the previously assigned mission of conducting Operation CASTLE.

a. <u>Energy Situation</u>. The Soviet Union has the following capsbilities which may affect the accomplishment of our communication electronic mission.

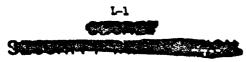
(1) <u>Monitoring or Intercept</u>. All low, medium and high frequency radio circuits are subject to constant intercept from fixed land . positions or possibly from ships, aircraft or submarines. In the same manner and under favorable atmospheric conditions, VHF transmissions also are susceptible to active Soviet monitoring.

(2) <u>Jamming</u>. Although it is not expected that the Soviets will take aggressive action to interfere with task force communicationelectronic operations, they have demonstrated their capabilities in HF jamming. There also are indications that they are prepared to jam in the VHF/UHF bands.

(3) <u>Other Interference</u>. In addition, it is considered that interference with the communication-electronic mission or compromise of its activities could be affected by espionage, sabotage, overt action by vessel or aircraft, raids, observations, unauthorized instrumentation and declaration of war.

b. <u>Friendly Situation</u>. The following activities, outside the task force, will furnish communication-electronic support as indicated.

(1) <u>National Security Agency (NSA)</u> - will provide experimental AFSAY 804 (x) ciphony equipment for the USS ENTES firing party circuit.



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Communications Corr Seven N 3-53

> (2) A By Tenarity Apenny (ACA) will provide a communications senarity unit for monitoring task form form on an the ENINGTON -BIKINI area

> (3) USAF Security Service - will provide special SCM-4 (SAMOCN) synchronows miser montenance personnel and equipment required for principal task force reducteletype circuits

> (4) Frimary Belay Leatton (1995) ORHY, T.E. will be the printiput relay facility for task force traffic on than air task group to and from the ENTWEIDK FIXINI area

> (*) Mater Pelay Station (IRF). WHIALEIV, M I = will be the principal relay facility for air task group teaffines and from the TD [WRFX BIRINT area, will also provide an alternate relay facility for other task force traffine.

(c) <u>Communication Center ('WF'A', SALAMIC, THE VETICO</u> - will provide an autornate rolay facility for taus time to ffic destined for ZI addressees

3. Guiding Frinriples

a No radio circuit or telephone circuit having a railo link is approved for transmission of classified information in the clear.

b All TOP SPORE and RESTRICTED DATA traffic will be electhored off-line prior to transmission

c fode names will not to assigned to individuals. The use of personal names on write radio nirtuite is automized

d All messages for transmission to addresses outside the ENIMETOK-EIKINI cierational area will be routed the source for the failer for ter. FileTick extern the fourth for the former former for the former former for the former for

(1) Unauthorized entry, contact and any lifting reports which may be transmitted over normal kavy circuits

(2) Fourthe administrative messages bet internet with Operation CADILE which may be transmitted over normal Navy circuits

(3) Traffi: between CTG 7 3 and VF 29 Detachment, AwaUniEIN,

(4) Traffic between CTG 7.4 and the weather island detachments.

(5) Unclassified traffic (i m., weather, alteraft movement) between AACS, KWAJALEIN and 'CCS Detachment, ENIWERSY

(6) Intra-task group operational traffic

(?) Edergancy toffer which tannet te detter is there Joint Relay Center because of circuit failure,

(#) Other traffic as directed by CUTF SEVEN.

Commanders are responsible that communication security is observed at all times.



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> B. Personal message service is outlined in COT 29-2, will be available to all personnel in the ENIMETOK BIKINI area

f Radioteletype facilities will be used in lieu of voice radio. whenever practicable for communication security reasons.

g. Since the new phonetic alcharet (alpha, brave, coca, etc.) .s not being used by all Services the old phonetic alphabet (able, baker, charlie, etc.) will be used during CASTLE

h. COIs issued by this heatquarters will supplement instructions contained herein

1. No cover or deception tian is to be employed except for deception offered by the renestable and for such traffic security as is provided by the use of SIGTOM SAMPN equipment on RATT circuits

3 No requirements for radio a lence are immeted on Joint Task Force SEVEN radio circuits. Commarises of task groups may impose radio silence as required for anomalishment of their mission.

 Operational Soprert, Capabilities and Limitariers of the Baele and Communication Plans

a. Task Force Operations (perat. 4. CASTLE will be conducted on both EXIMPTOR and EXIMILAT LLS where are appriximately 180 miles apart EXIMPTOR ATOLL will be the base of organizations irrespective of the scope of activities at BIRINI ATOLL Joint task force and task group headquarters except of C. , will be located at ENTMETOR ATOLL with commanders and key operations staff personnel moving to BIRINI so as to te on the two (1) days before and one (1) day after each shot. Headquarters TG 7. J. will be located on PARRY ISLANT until about one week trior to the first shot. Thereafter, it will be located after in the tot of the first shot. Thereafter, it will be located after in the tot of the first shot. Theredirected Administrative and institute staffs will remain on ENIMETOR ATOLL. The Air Force Task Gr up will be based at KMAJALEIN for maintenance and will stage partol missions through ENIMETOR SLAND. During shots and remains is command of joint task force air operations will be exercised through the CIC of the command ship. The joint task forme air ontrollers will also control movement of TG 7.1 air and the movements of other aircraft as may be appropriate

b. <u>Affect on Communications</u>. Operations over such widely dispersed areas, as well as control of operations from both ashere and afloat, make reliable and efficient communications a mandatory requirement.

c. <u>Types of Communication Facilities</u> A limited number of submarine cable telephone circuits will be maintained and operated by Task Group 7.5 to inter-connect islands of the ENIMETCE ATCLL and to inter-connect islands of BIKINI ATTLL. Havinum use should be made of these facilities to meet communication needs within each atoll because of the communication security afforded by wire facilities. However, the limited number of cable facilities, wide dispersion of operations and work parties and the number of aircraft and ships involved will require extensive use / f medium (MF), high (MF) and very high frequency (VHF) and ultra high frequency (UHF)

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redic equipters stream is thin FURBICK and BIRINI ATOMIC. The last of the COntribution is thin FURBICK and BIRINI ATOMIC. The stream is the Contribution will be kept to a minimum for secutive relevance of a long desired of Memorer possible, reductions report the range of Von equipment. Automatic unline energy for normally will be used for implantion with such facilities except where off-line energy takes in comparation with such facilities except where off-line energy takes in receivery to meet security requirement. Considerable numbers of VON radio equipment will be used in the distribution of CONTRESS NOT PE DISCUSSED CVER WINT CONTRESS of DESCREPTION.

2. Comparison theory of particular strength in which be given to end of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strength of the stight for enclose to office.

f <u>figure finite</u> figure Center, FNINTER, will be crypto quard for all worke mentioned tributary statics except CTD 7 5 (afters) and using TDD 3 for the traffic. Badio reletype circuits between the following points will be the raid of munications between major forward and more worke on the force elements and will be operated with CN LINF energy tion, using SIDTCT and SAMSLY (synchronous mixer) for teletype traffic up to and including CEDET.

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INTWETTIN CARAN (1948)		Punt Car (1)
DUWETCE - CININI	-	Full Dax (1)
FAMMY CINING (TR D C CITALIA)		Full Dux (1)
ENTWETCH - MARACETY		Full Dux (1)
TNIWETCK INS ALAMIE		Full Dax (1)
TRUMETRY - AND (UCS FITES)		7:11 Dux (1)

All TOP SECRET and REDEPICTED DATA traffic will be encombered offline prior to transmission. This is indepict by to meet AEC requirements and because terminal communications personnel are not in all instances TOP SECRET or "Q" cleared.

g - A full duplex off line SIGTOT circuit will be operated between the UCS BAIRDYO and Joint Helay Center, SNEET K

h. <u>Telefor Partities</u> Telecon familities will be available at Healguarter (...TP SOURT (PAPPT ISLAND) Requerts for this service will be submitted in accordance with COI item 27-1

1. <u>Total Teles of Facilities</u> while telephone facilities cleared for conversion of the and including OFMET will be available at:

(1) THINE " INTING (40" line dial exchange with connecting service of entropy ATTLE)





Communications CJT SEVEN No 3-53

(2) BIKINI ATOLL (connecting service between necessary islands of BIKINI ATOLL).

(3) PARRY ISLAND (270 line manual with connecting service to other islands of ENIWETOK ATOLL).

(4) Six pair telephone cables are installed to the following

buoyst			-	
-	ENTINHAN ISLAND	PARKY ISLAND	ENTWETOK ISLAND	
	LSD Monring	B-1	¥-3	
	IVE Hooring		L-2	
	AGC Mooring		L-4	
	Crash Boat Mooring		Crash Boat	
	_		Mooring Buor	

) <u>WHE Badia Backup</u> WHE radio relay equipment will be provided at key points as a tackup for wire and catle telephone facilities but communications will be limited to unclassified conversations and message traffic when such facilities are in use T.L.EPHONE OPERA-TORS WILL INFORM TELEPHONE USERS IN ALL CASES WHEN CALLS ARE ROUTED OVER WHE PADIO RELAY PACILITIES AND USERS WILL BE INFORMED THAT COM-VERSATIONS MUST BE CONFINED TO UNCLASSIFIED WATTERS

k <u>HF Voice Radio Circuits</u> Long distance and inter-atoll radio facilities using HF equipment will be limited to those authorized by CJTF SEVER. All voice radio circuits will be limited to UN-CLASSIFIED matter and the users will be held responsible for security violations. Task group commanders will be responsible that such facilities are used properly and in accordance with security requirements. Voice radio circuits will be closely montable of Radio teletype or CW facilities will be used in lieu of voice radio whenever practicable. The following long distance voice radio circuits will be available on a closely controlled basis between the following points:

(1) ENIWETOK/PARRY - BIKINI ATCLL (controlled by CJTF SEVEN).

(2) TG 7.1 PARRY - EIKINI ATOLL (controlled by CTG 7.1).

(3) ENIMETOK - BIKINI ATOLL - FWAJALEIN (controlled by TG 7.4 for the control of air movement traffic only).

(4) AOC ENIMETOK - CIC USS ESTES (controlled by TG 7.4 for air operations)

1. ESTES-Firing Party Ciphony Voice Circuit. A two way VHF voice radio circuit with voice security equipment cleared for conversations up to and including TOP SECRET will be available between the USS ESTES and the firing party on shore.

5. <u>Communications-Electronics Mission</u> Communication elements of JTF SEVEN and supporting agencies will provide all essential communications to insure the successful accomplishment of the mission of JTF SEVEN and subordinate elements. Such communications will provide maximum security, reliability, accuracy, speed of service and flexibility consistent with existing technical and logistic capabilities.



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Communications CJTP SEVEN No. 3-53

6.: Assignment of Communication Responsibilities

a Hission, J-5 Division, Headquarters, JTF CIVEN

(1) Coordinate overall task force communications and electronics activities

(2) Assign and control all radio frequencies, call signs, address groups and routing indicators.

(3) Maintain operational control of the communications security monitoring unit. Prepare for CJTF SEVEN reports of security violations

(4) Operate communications center and crypto facilities at Hqs, JTF SEVER, Washington 25, D C

(5) Control utilization of teleconferencing facilities in the ENIWSTON BIKINI area

(6) Prepare Headquarters, JTP SEVEN telephone directory.

(7) Prepare and distribute COIs (Communication Operation Instructions).

(8) Provide for operation and maintenance of terminal VHF ciphony facilities (USS ESTES Firing Party) ENJ 4

(9) Control distribution of available SIGTOT-SAMSON equipment and tapes to meet operational requirements of the task force.

(10) Maintain a transmission security training program for all users of voice radio facilities and a message drafter improvement program to insure most efficient use of limited operational communication facilities.

(11) Pre, re and distribute to all task groups the Operation CASTLE Joint Authentication System (AFSAL 5369).

b Scientific Task Group (TG 7.1)

(1) Operate and maintain special electronic and communications equipment required by the Scientific Task Group; this to include E G. & G. terminal equipment at PARRY and ENTU for the TG 7.1 HF duplex voice and RATT circuits.

(2) Initiate voice-time broadcast for all elements of the task force.

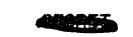
c. Army Task Group (TG 7.2)

(1) Operate and maintain relay center, ENIWETOK.

(2) Operate and maintain communications centers for Hqs, JTF SEVEN (PARAY ISLAND), Hqs, TG 7.2 (ENIMETOK ISLAND) and in support of AEC operations at BIKINI ATOLL

(3) Provide crypto guard facilities for Hqs, JTF SEVEN, TG 7.1, 7.2, 7.4, 7.5 and for other than intra TG 7.3 (ashore) traffic.

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Communications CJTY SEVEN No. 3-53

> The Commander, TG 7.3 will provide crypto facilities for Navy traffic transmitted and received over CTG 7.3 CW Common Net

(4) Operate and maintain all land based communications facilities required at ENIWETCK ATCLL except:

(a) Task Group 7 4 internal communications.

(b) Task Group 7.3 internal communications.

(c) Telephone plant on islands other than ENTWETOK.

(d) Inter-island and buoy cable systems.

(e) Special facilities required by TG 7.1 and TG 7.5.

(f) Inter-stoll radio facilities of TG 7.1.

(5) Operate and maintain backup facilities for:

(a) The ENIMETOK-PARRY submarine cable circuits

(b) The ENINMAN-ENTU submarine cable keying circuits.

(c) Buoy cable circuits at ENIMETOK and BIKINI

(d) On-line SIGTOT-SAMSON facilities at relay center, ENIMETOK and communications centers at PARRY ISLAND and BIKINI ATOLL, using standard teletypewriter equipment.

(6) Operate and maintain ENTU terminal facilities for the USS ESTES - firing party VHP cipnony link Be prepared to move, upon order of CJTP SEVEN, equipment and operations to PARRY ISLAND.

(7) Operate and maintain HF radio terminal facilities at ENY" for use on the ENIWETCK-EIKINI RATT duplex circuit.

(8) Operate and maintain theater facilities at ENIMETCR ISLAND and maintain motion picture projection facilities at PARRY ISLAND and BIKINI ATCLL.

(9) Operate a crystal grinding facility for emergency production of crystals for all elements of the task force.

(10) Furnish emergency power for communications facilities provided by TG 7.2, to include the joint transmitter building.

(11) Operate a battery charging plantTor the maintenance of storage batteries.

(12) Provide maintenance for Special Service radio broadcast station WXLE and Special Service radio receivers.

(13) Provide personnel and equipment to operate and maintain Hqs, JTF SEVEN teleconferencing facilities on PARRY ISLAND.

(14) Provide a send circuit from Hqs, JTF SEVEN Communications Center (PARRY ISLAND) to central receiving point in Building 208-209, PARRY ISLAND, for delivery of teletype traffic for TG 7.1 and



Carlos Santa

CJIF SEVEN No 3-53

TG 7.5.

 (15) Provide such other electronic facilities, the operation and maintenance of which are normally considered a responsibility of
 the Signal Corps, which are within the capabilities of personnel and
 equipment available.

d. Naval Task Group (TG 7.3)

(1) Frevide internal task group communications to include facilities for transmission of contact and amplifying reports and traffic of an administrative nature only between CTS 7.3 and the Kavy commands and with naval operating forces not directly concerned with CASTLE.

(2) Provide space aboard USC ESTES for housing and operations of one (1) officer and six (6) enlisted men of the communications security monitoring detachment from approximately 3-2 thru D/1.

(3) Operate and maintain shipboard command and control communications facilities for CJTF SEVEN and staff afloat to include online CIGTOT-SAMEON facilities from the USS ENTES to Relay Center, ENTWETOK. Be prepared to provide, upon request of CJTF SEVEN, communications for CJTF SEVEN to Primary Relay Station, Pearl Harbor (EMF).

(A) Operate and maintain off-line SIGTOT facilities from Hqs, TG 7.3 afloat (CVE) to Relay Center, ENIWETOK.

(5) Frovide radio teletype facilities to major relay stations at C4HU (UHP) and KWAJALEIN (JHK) in case of emergency evacuation of ENIPERST ATCLL.

(6) Frovide and operate electronic facilities for the detection of possible undesirable surface and underwater activity within the ENINETON area.

(7) Provide communications facilities required by the Joint Task Force Weather Central aboard the AGC.

(8) Frovide standard teletype backup for ships using on-line SIGTO1-SAMSON facilities.

(°) Provide communications and electronics facilities required for air control purposes in the CIC aboard the AGC.

(10) Provide and operate communication center and crypto guard facilities at Hqs, TG 7.3 ashore for internal task group communications.

(11) Provide communications facilities, including operation of a radio beacon, required for air control purposes aboard the control (homing) DDE.

e. Air Force Task Group (TG 7.4)

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(1) Operate and maintain internal task group communications to include weather, aircraft movement, air-ground, air-air navigational communications and communications center (less code room)

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Communications CJTF SEVE: No. 3-5)

> serving as a tributary of Relay Center, ENIWETOK Telephone service on ENIWETOK will be provided by TG 7 2.

> (2) Provide two channels of ENIWETCK-KWAJALEIN MUX circuit to Hqs, JIF SEVEN for termination in Relay Center, ENIMETOK.

> (3) Operate and maintain communications facilities for AOC on ENIWETOK ISLAND and provide communications personnel as required for AOC aboard the command thip

> (4) Provide communications perconnel as required for operation of task force weather central aboard the command ship.

(5) Provide Surborne VHF simplex radio relay facilities for VHF radio relay between BIKINI and ENIWETOK ATOLLS

f ATT Base Facilities TROK Group (TG 7 5)

(1) Operate and maintain telephone systems, except on ENIWETCK ISLAND

(2) Provide and maintain wire circuits in the inter-island and buoy cable systems to meat thming telemetering and communications requirements of the scientific programs and to meet operational and administrative communications requirements of Hqs, JTF SEVEN.

(3) Operate and maintain the LOS ALAMOS terminal of the ENIWETCK-LOS ALAMOS RATE dimension $\ensuremath{\mathsf{ENIWETCK}}$

(4) Provide alternate ZI relay facilities from Communications Center, LUS ALAMOS, for forward area task force traffic during operational periods

(5) Operate and maintain TG ? 5 communication-electronic equipment and with the assistance of TG ? 2, military type radio equipment required for use by TG 7.1 and 7.5

(6) Operate and maintain TG 7.5 boat pool communications facilities.

(7) Operate motion picture facilities at BIKINI and ENIWETOK ATOLLS (excluding those on ENIWETCK ISLAND).

(8) Prepare and distribute a consolidated atoll telephone directory in accordance with JTF SEVEN COI item 40-1

(9) Provide a central receiving point for traffic (except TOP SECRET and RESTRICTED DATA) for TG 7.1 and TG 7.5 received from Hqs, JTF SEVEN Communications Center (PARRY ISLAND).

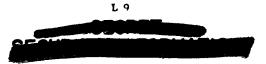
g. All Task Groups

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(1) Submit telephone directory and subsequent changes thereto in accordance with JTF SEVEN COI item No. 40-1

(2) Maintain a transmission security training program for all users of voice radio facilities and a message drafter improvement

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program to insure that afficient use of limited operational communications fat. State.

(3) From the provident for frequencies through J-5 Division, Hgs 217 SD-WC Alexander for mythy interference problems to this same division

(4) Prior to each so t and each renearcal, test all communication facilities and electric to be employed during the shot to insure their satisfactory electric.

(5) As inducated in pleasmaps 7. COI 10-3, task groups may subturn requirements for additional COIs desired to Assistant Chief of Staff $J \in H_{25}$ (TF STAT)

7 Special Measures and statistical of

a CGI Consumption of the selection with the current issue of CTP SWED For an of the control Instructions (COI).

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(1) Time the Meril of Line for forward area activities.

(1) Washington (1997) is a line prompt for our going messages, JANAF 107 will be an an intervention or the environ Civil (ZRBRA) time for the purpose

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(c) Consist renewers weather rentral and weather aircraft.

(2) BATT

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(3) Yours

Text instant parameter Veather Central, ENTWETCK and weather aircraft

(b) Clinnet from Weather Central USS ESTES and weather aircrafts

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Communications CJTF SEVEN No 3-53

> . (4) <u>Facsimile</u>. Intercept of <u>Pacific-Weather Fox in ENIWETOK</u> and USS ESTES weather centrals.

d. Special Communication Relay Information

(1) Upon approval of the supervisor at UWFJA, AEC Communication Center (UWFJA), LOS ALAMOS, NEW MEXICO, will act as a relay point for traffic encrypted at point of origin (Relay Center, ENIWETOK).

(2) Task force traffic destined for KIRTLAND APB, NEW MEXICO, (JWPKD) will be routed through SACOMNET facilities within the ZI.

(3) Direct on-line teletype service will be provided from Primary Ralay Station (UHP) to Hqs, USARPAC (UHPB) and CINCPAC/CINCPAC-FLT (BHPB).

e. <u>Search and Rescue</u>. Communications for search and rescue will be provided in accordance with "Search and Rescue Joint Standard Operating Procedure, Pacific"; JANAP 300, The Air-Sea Rescue Manual, and JANAP 107, Joint Emergency Rescue Communication Procedure.

f. <u>Jamming or Interference</u>. Any jamming or serious interference should be reported immediately to the J-5 Division, Hqs, JTF SEVEN by the most expeditious means. In emergencies, such reports may be made over available VHF circuits or over the local ship-shore CW circuit (2836 kcs), using encrypted message.

8. Communications-Electronic Logistics Support

a. <u>Legistics Support</u>. Communications-electronics units and sections of this command will receive logistics support as indicated in CJTF SEVEN Administrative Order No. 2-53.

b. <u>Standard Equipment</u> Each task group is responsible for providing logistic support for communications electronic equipment procured or supplied by its respective Service. Sufficient spare parts will be maintained on hand to insure successful completion of the mission.

c. <u>Non-Standard Equipment</u> Requests for communications-electronic supplies or equipment to be supplied by another Service or equipment non-standard to any of the military services requiring the use of task force funds will be submitted to Hqs, JTF SEVEN for approval.

d. <u>Crystals</u> Each task group will procure crystals through normal channels so far as possible. Task Group 7.2 will operate a crystal grinding facility for emergency production of crystals for all elements of the task force. Task group communications officers desiring special crystals ground will submit requests for such crystals to the J-5 Division, Hqs, JTF SEVEN.

9. <u>Administration</u>. Joint task force and task group readquarters, except CTG 7.3, will be located at ENIMETOK ATOLL with commanders and key operations staff personnel moving to BIKINI so as to be on site two (2) days before and one (1) day after each shot. Hqs, TG 7.3 will be located on PARRY ISLAND until about one week prior to the first shot Thereafter, it will be located afloat on board the CVE, unless otherwise directed. Administrative and logistic staffs





Communications CJTP SEVEN No 3-53

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will remain on ENIWETOK ATCLL. The Commander, JTF SEVEN, task group commanders and key operations staff personnel will be located as follows:

	DURING EIKINI SHOTS (D-2 to D plus 1)	AT OTHER TIMES
CJTT SEVEN	AGC	PARRY ISLAND
CTG 7.1	AGC	PARRY ISLAND
CTG 7.2	ENIWETOK ISLAND	ENIWETOK ISLAND
CTG 7.3	CVE	PARKY ISLAND or CVE
CIG 7.4	AGC	ENIWETOK ISLAND
CTG 7.5	AGC	PARRY ISLAND
Rear Echelon, Hqs JTF SEVEN	WASHINGTON 25, D. C.	WASH. 25, D. C.
Los Alamos Scientific Laborat	LOS ALAMOS, N. MEX. Lory	los alamos, n. Max.
CTG 7.1, Rear Echelon	LOS ALAMOS, N. MEX.	LOS ALAMOS, N. MEX.

P. W. CLARKSON Majur General, U.S. Army Commander

Appendix

I - Principal Task Force HF Radio Circuits II - VHF Voice Radio Circuits, Eniwetok and Bikini Atolls III - JTF SEVEN Teletype Natwork

OFFICIAL:

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Ellis J. VSAF ھ

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FRANCIS C. BOWEN Colonel, U.S. Army Assistant Chief of Staff, J-5



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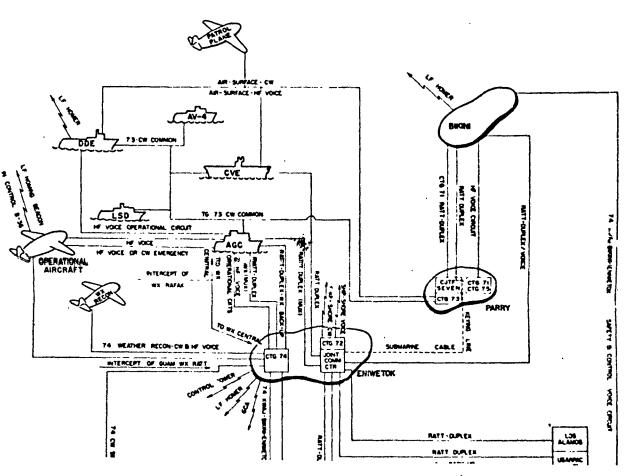
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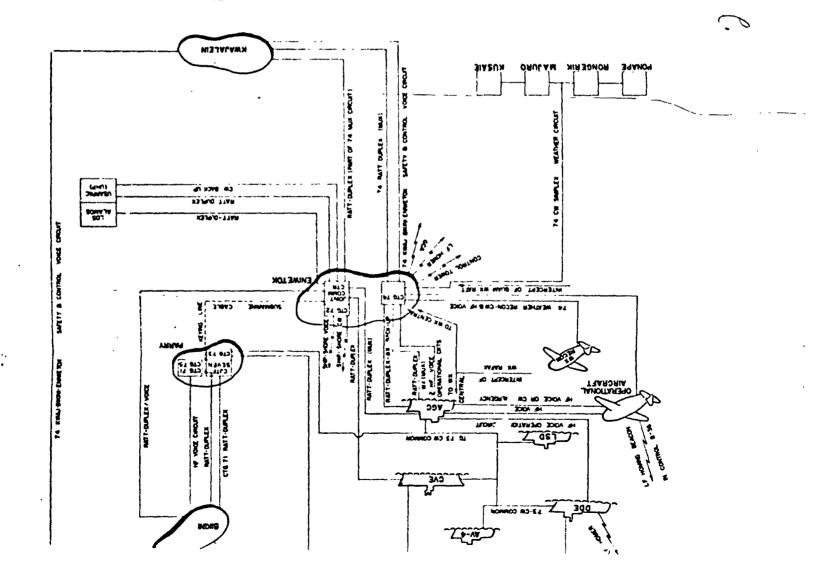
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HEADQUARTERS, JOINT TASK FORCE SEVEN WASHINGTON 25, D.C. 20 OCTOBER 1953 1600R

APPENDIX I TO ANNEX L COMMUNICATIONS PLAN, CJTF SEVEN OPERATIONS PLAN NO 3-53

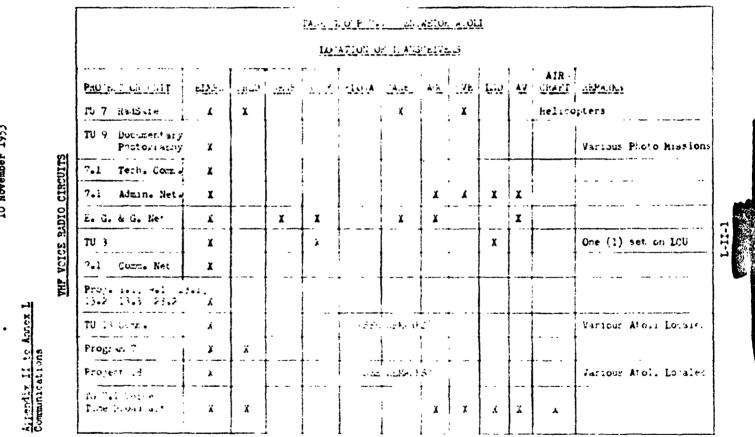




PRINCIPLE TASK FORCE HF RADIO CIRCUITS L-1-1

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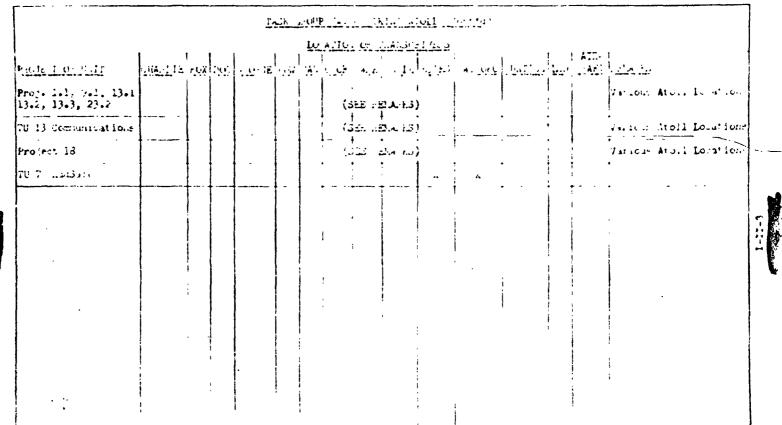
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Control Tower	X			X	
Control Tower		x		x	
GCA	X			x	
Backup for Centrol and HCD Lines	X				Building 89 to Building 4 - FRED.
Ship/Shore	X		X		
Air/Ground	X			x	
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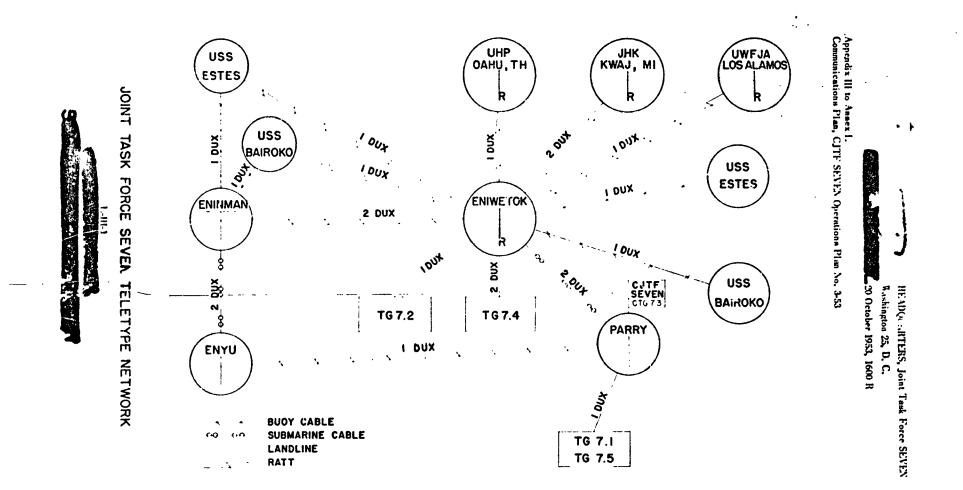
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HEADQUARTERS, Joint Task Force SEVEN Washington 25, D. C. 10 November 1953

Annex M to CUTP SEVEN Operation Plan No. 3-53

WFATHER PLAN

1. Responsibility

a. Commander, TG 7.4 will administer and logistically support weather elements as indicated below to provide meteorological data and to perform radiological safety missions required by CJTF SEVEN for the tinduct of operations in the forward area.

- 3. A task force weather central.
- b A weather reporting element.

An aircraft weather reconnaissance element.

The weather reporting element and the aircraft reconnaissance element will function under the operational control of the Commander, TG 7.4. while the Commander, JTF SEVEN will retain operational control of the Task Force Weather Central.

b Cormanier, TG 7.3 will place at the disposal of the CJTF SEVEN those aerological units which are assigned to ships of the Naval Task Group . Anti-submarine patrol aircraft assigned to CTG 7.3 will make special weather reconnaissance observations.

2 Mission ar. Concept

a. Weathe Central

(1) The Task Force Weather Central will be located on ENIWETCK ISLAND until CJTF SEVEN transfers his command post to the command ship, at which time the Task Force Weather Central will be established aboard the USS ESTES (AGC-12). A forecasting and observing section all be maintained on ENIWETCK to provide the necessary weather service for that location during the time the Task Force Weather Central is afloat.

(2) <u>Mission</u>

(a) Collect, evaluate and present basic weather information.

(b) Prepare weather and upper air forecasts for the task force commander.

(c) Provide operational forecasts, flight clearances and such other weather information and services in the area as may be appropriate.

(d) Coordinate the operational effort of the outlying weather stations and weather reconnaissance aircraft.

(3) Eequirements

(a) Collect, plot, analyze and display weather information covering the Pacific Ocean Area, with emphasis on the Central Pacific and MARSHALL ISLANDS

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Weather Plan CJTF SEVEN No. 3-53

(b) Prepare briefing charts and forecasts for use in the Joint Task Force Headquarters.

(c) Issue operational forecasts to JTF SEVEN subordinate commands as required.

(d) Coordinate the operational effort of the outlying land stations

(e) Coordinate the aircraft weather reconnaissance effort with respect to tracks to be flown.

(f) Assume overall responsibility for informing participating units in Operation CASTLE of tropical storms and typhoons in accordance with procedures established by 2143rd Air Weather Wing Typhoon SOP. All observations, advisories and warnings transmitted will contain information addressees as follows: CINCPAC, AF Typhoon Warning Center at GUAM and Fleet Weather Centrals at GUAM and PEARL HARBOR

(g) Establish full scale operations on or before the first shot minus thirty five (35) days.

(h) Plan to remain fully operational for a period of 150 days.

b. Weather Reporting Element

(1) In addition to the existing weather facilities in the Pacific Grean Area completely self-contained weather stations will be established on the outlying islands of KUSAIE, MAJURO, PONAPE and RONGERIK

(2) Mission

(a) Provide surface and upper air weather data necessary to meet the peculiar demands of the operation.

(b) Provide administrative and logistic support to the weather central

(3) Requirements

(a) Possess a capability to take hourly surface observations and four rawinsonde observations daily The rawinsonde observations will attain a minimum height of 90,000 feet. All observations will be taken in accordance with current procedures and expeditiously transmitted to the Task Force Weather Central.

(b) Assemble personnel and equipment at a central location in the ZI by the first shot minus eighty (80) days.

(c) Insure that all outlying stations are in place and fully operational on or before the first shot minus thirty-five (35) days.

c. Aircraft Weather Reconnaissance Element

(1) The aircraft weather reconnaissance element will be based on ENIWETOK ISLAND.



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Weather Flan CJTF SEVEN No.-3 53

· (2) Mission

(a) Obtain inflight weather observations in accordance with current procedures along tracks and at times requested by the Task "Force Weather Central,

(b) Conduct radiological safety tracking missions.

(c) Conduct typhoon reconnaissance flights.

(d) Conduct post-shot heavy nuclide radioactive sampling missions.

(3) Requir ments

(a) Possess a sapubility to perform the following missions for an on site operational period of approximately 100 days:

1 Two (2) weather missions each day of approximately twelve (11) hours duration, commencing on first shot minus twenty (20) days and that inuing for the duration of the project.

2 Three (3) weather missions each day of approximately twelve (12) neurs diration, commencing on first shot minus four (4) days and terminating on D 1 day or as otherwise specified by CJTP SEVEN

3. For shot missions in connection with radiological safety for forty-right (48) hours starting at H/6 hours, scheduled specifically for loud tracking purposes. Certain of these missions will satisfy a per com of the daily weather reconnaissance requirement.

4. One theory nutlide sampling mission for each shot, approximately three (?) hours duration to penetrate the radioactive cloud at H/1 not?

(b) Commencing on first shot minus twenty (20) days, assume synnoon reconnaistance responsibility in the area bounded by the Equator, latitude 25 N, the meridian of 180° and longitude of 157° 31 E. The Task Force Weather Central will coordinate this effort.

d Aerolegical inits Afloat

(1) The USS ESTES will accommodate the Task Force Weather Central during the PIKINI place of the operation. Command ship aerological personnel will augment and be assigned to duty in the Task Force Weather Central both ashere and afloat. These aerological personnel will be under the direction and control of the weather central commander.

(2) The USS ESTES will make normal hourly surface observations only, the USS CUBICS and USS RAIROKO will possess the capability of taking nearly surface and twice daily upper air soundings (rawinsordes). The merclogical complement of these ships will be expected to make orectal weather observations when requested by CJTP SEVEN All observations will be taken in accordance with current procedures and exceditionally transmitted to the Task Force Weather Central.

e. Anti-Submarine Fatrol Aircraft Patrol aircraft (P2V) will

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Weather Flan CJTF SLVEN No. 3-43

> make and transmit weather reconnaissance observations every half hour juring their patrols, using special code (See Appendix III).

3. Instructions of General Arglication

a. Warning and adviscries for typnoors or other storms will be assigned "EMERGENCY" () pre-science.

b. For surposes of standardization, typhoon readiness conditions are defined in the Pacific Ocean Area as follows:

<u>CONDITION III</u> Winds of fifty (50) knots of more are anticipated its in forty eight (47) course

<u>CONDITINTIA</u> Wirds of fifty (50) knots or more are anticipated within theory. For the Chapterian

<u>CADITION I</u> Winds of fifty (30) knots on more are antici, ated with the invelop (13) hours.

C. <u>Arist fix thre Peppers</u> Responsibility for troops delivery of all statues reports for a usily of stations and weather remonaissates are affine AACS at BINETIK for transmission on the Padific Steps Area weather a code of ne work has been assigned to the Commander. Task Force Weather Central by CJTP SEVEN.

4. We the Communitation of Available to the Juint Task Force

a <u>Real Preserve</u> Standard receiving equipment in the weather central other EHNERSK and afloat, with 24 hour intercept of the Tokil broateast constructed

b. <u>Raditicletyre bradtast</u> Full time intercept of the SUAM blind weather creations. Circuit (31F1) in the weather central, both ashere and aft it.

C <u>Air-3: Air</u> BiWET K air-ground station will provide CW and Voice Laturals at openified times for the collection of recordansance data fr = WB- 9 and P2V aircraft.

d <u>OW</u> A GW set will be established between ENIWETCK and cutlying statistics for the following of surface and user air observations and weather included administration.

e Radiotelety + Print-to-Point Circuits

(1) Time will be Authorized on installed count-ti-point mincuits to exchange a minimum selection of meteorological data.

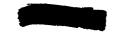
(2) Existing prior to-prior circuits will be utilized to relay certain weather bats collected at SLARK AFB and HICKAM AFB which are not evaluable of Circuit (giF1)

f. <u>General</u> Times, frequencies and contents of the Pacific knean Area weather broadcasts are available in current Navy and Air Force publications.

> P. W. CLARKSCN Major General, U.S. Army Commander

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Weather Flan CJTF SINYN No. 3-53

make and transmit weather recontaissance observations every half hour during their patrols, using special code (See Appendix III).

3 Instructions of General Application

a. Warning and adviscries for typhons or other storms will be assigned "EMERGENCY" () pre-mence

b. For purposes of standardization, typnoon readiness conditions are defined in the Parific Icean Area as follows:

".NDITIN III Winds f fifty (50) knots or more are antinipated its in Servy Fight (40) source

<u>CONDITION II</u> Winds of fully (50) muchs or more are anticipated within therefore (24, 1997).

CADITION 1 Winds of fifty (70) and s on more are anticipated with the twenter (11) hours.

c wilt: fk the Percett is unertility for prompt selivery
of listabler regions from unly an elitions and weather reconnaissation on the AAOS at WENTER K for the massion on the Pacific
"the Abes weather so off the work has been assigned to the Commander. Task Force Western Perturbity CUTP SEVEN

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B. <u>B. M. Marine</u> Statari receiving equipment in the weather being to the EduFTLE and afloat, with 24 hour intercept of the Table breakes to estate (D1).

b <u>Radicteletype breadcast</u> Full time intercept of the GUAM blind weather treaters (Circuit C31F1) in the weather centred, both as one and affect.

c <u>Air-3:</u> D.WET K air-ground station will provide CW and Voice conturns at commission times for the collection of reconnaissame data from WB-9 and P2V aircraft.

d _____A TW has well be established between EXIMPTOR and setting stations for the collection of surface and unter air observations and weather 1 and administration.

e Radioteletzie Point-to-Point Circuit:

- . .

(1) Time will be accorded on instabled content-corcuits to exchange a minimum second of meteoricligical data.

(2) EXISTING TO THE POINT STORES WILL BE UTILIZED TO Relay certain weather data collected at GLARK AFB and HIGHAN AFE which are not available of Circuit 6 (F).

 General Times, frequencies and contents of the Picific Losan Area weather broadcasts are available in current Navy and Air Force publitations.

> P. W. CLARKSON Major General, U.S. Army

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William Andrews

Weather Plan CJTF SEVEN No. 3-53

Appendix

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I - Location Chart of Weather Units II - Weather Organisation III - Patrol Planes Weather Reporting Code

OFFICIAL:

k WILLIAM S. COWART, J. Colonel, U.S. Air Force Assistant Chief of Staff, J-3

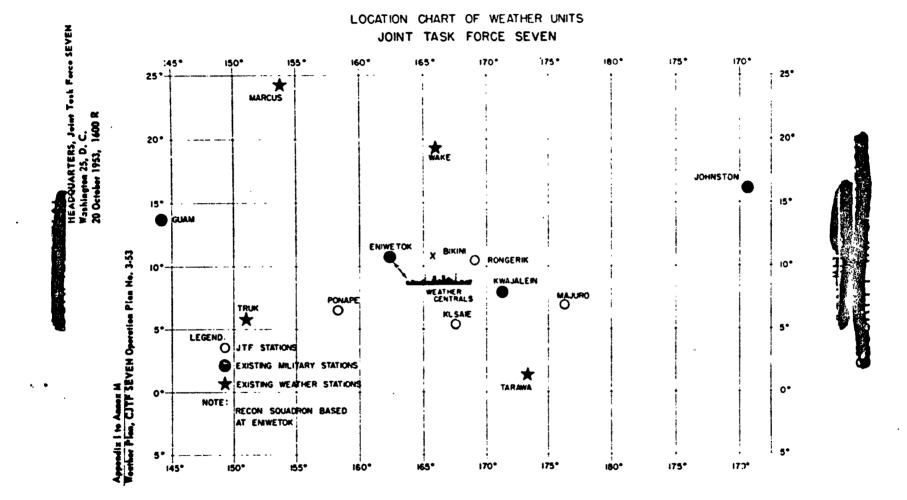
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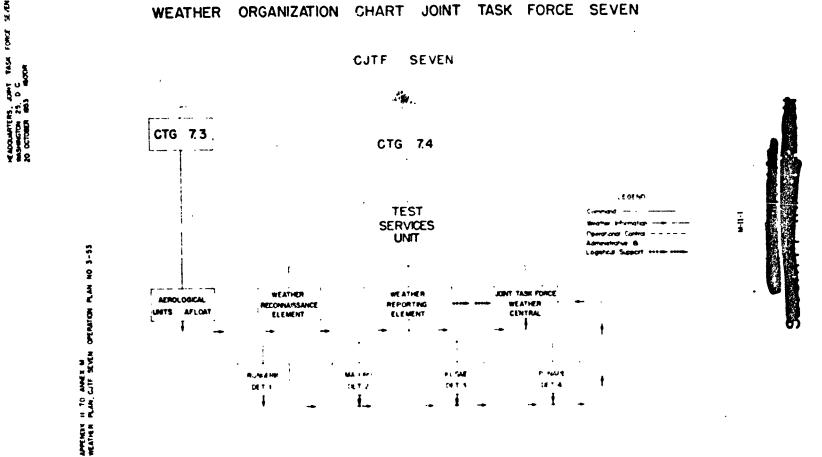
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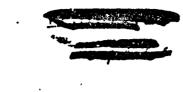


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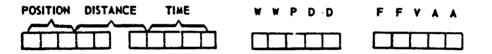


HEADOI ARTERS, Joint Task Force SEATN Washington 25, D. C. 10 November 1953 . ..

Appendix III to Annex M Weather Plan, CJTF SEVEN Operation Plan No. 3-53

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PATROL PLANES WEATHER REPORTING CODE OPERATION CASTLE



POSITION- Bearing in Degrees (T) from Eniwetok Island. DISTANCE- In Navtical Miles.

TIME- Zerbe

- WW Comprehensive Weather Description (two numbers)
- P Precipition; Sector of Visual or Scope Observation Covered by Rain, Reported Directly in Tenths from 0 to 9.
- DD Surface Wind Direction, 10's of Degrees, Estimated, (daylight only, transmitt 99 of night).
- FF Surface Wind Speed, Knots, Estimated (daylight only; transmitt 99 et night).
- V Visibility (toble).
- AA Altitude, Hundreds of Feet.

TRANSMIT REPORT BY RADIO

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Patrol Plane We CJTF SEVEN N	ather Reporting Code ia. 3–53		Γ	COM	PREH	IENSI	E WE	ATH	ER DE	ESCRI	PTIO	N
VISI	BILITY TABLE				Γ					Γ		
0 Under 50 YD. 1 50-200 YD. 2 200-500 YD. 3 500-1000 YD 4 1000 YD-MIL 5 1-2 MILE 6 2-5 MILE 7 5-10 MILE 8 10-30 MILE 9 30 MILE OR). _E	AANDOM Co UN CA	Ct OR Ct IN ELOURS		WIDDLE OF THE	5 5	AANDOM F. OR CA		: :	DLE ON MC	: 5	CICLOS, REACING
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BROKEN 6 10-9 10	NƏ SKEAR MOD, SHEAR MARKED SHEAR	4 0 5 0 6 0	4 1 5 1 6 1	4 2 5 2 6 2	4 3 5 3 6 3	4 4 5 4 6 4	45 55 65	4 K 5 6 6 6	47 57 67	4 R 5 R 6 8	49 59 69	
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HEADQUARTERS, Joint Task Force SEVEN Washington 25, D. C. 10 November 1953

Annax N to CJTF SEVEN Operation Order NJ. 3-53

RADIOLOGICAL SAPETY

- Radiological safety of all task force military and civilian personnel is a command responsibility and radiological safety activities will be performed through normal command channels.
- 2. The Commander, Joint Task Force SEVEN will:

a. Specify the measures necessary to insure the radiological safety of task force personnel and furnish technical advisory assistance to task group radiological safety officers

b. Inform CINCPAC of radiological hazards which may exist in areas outside the task force responsibility

c. Maintain an information center (RadSafe Office) with displays of current air and murface radexes, radiological situation maps of atolls and peripheral aerial and surface areas and such other allied data as may be appropriate

d. Arrange for the designation of monitors and couriers to accompany radioactive and special cargo shipments on sample return aircraft and to monitor loading and unloading of such cargo.

3. Task Group Commanders will

a. Provide radiological safety units within their task groups and insure that these units are in the required condition of readiness to carry out the radiological safety missions of their respective task groups.

b. Provide complete allowances of radiac equipment and special clothing The requirements of CTG 7.5 will be included in the allowances of CTG 7.1 for necessary issue to TG 7.5 personnel during the operational phase and for subsequent loan or sale to CTG 7.5 for post-operational use at the Facific Proving Ground

c Prior to the first shot minus 10 days, forward to CTS 7.1 (for use of the RadSafe Center in conjunction with film badge radiation dosage control) a listing of task group personnel to whom film badges will be issued during the overseas phase of the operation. Within five days following each shot, provide CTG 7.1 with additions to previous lists. Lists will indicate full name, rank or rate, serial or service number if applicable and home station or laboratory as appropriate.

4. The Commander, TG 7.1, having the major technical radiological safty unit, will:

a. Perform all ground monitoring services associated with scientific minsions except those in conjunction with aircraft and airborne collection of scientific data

b. Provide laboratory services and technical assistance to all task groups, to include:



Radiological Safety CJTF SEVEN No. 3-53

- . (1) Provision of standard type film badges and specified supplementary items of personnel radiological safety equipment.

(2) Laboratory services to develop and interpret film badges.

(3) Records of exposures from film badges. (Duplicates will be furnished task group commanders).

(4) Laboratory services for the radiochemical analysis of water samples.

(5) Provision of primary facilities at PARRY ISLAND radiological safety building for calibration, repair and maintenance of instruments and storage of spare parts of radiac equipment. Similar limited facilities will be maintained at BIKINI during the operational phase at that atoll

(6) Monitoring the removal and packaging of radioactive sources and samples except, as indicated in paragraph 4a above, removal operations from aircraft will remain the radiological safety responsibility of the task group to which the aircraft are assigned

c. Provide radiological safety surface situation maps after shot times to the task force and task group commanders

d. Provide and issue special high density goggles to specified personnel of the task force.

e. Provide and maintain "shine equipment and protective clothing as necessary for TS 7 1, TG 7 5 and specified recovery personnel.

f. Provide technical personnel to assist task group commanders in the inspection of radiologically contaminated items and the certification of destruction, disposal or unserviceability of such items as required

g - Maintain a radicingical safety center (RadSafe Center) for the control of TG 7.1 radicingical safety operations

h Provide personnel and equipment decontamination facilities for radiological safety survey and recovery operations

1. Perform limited fail-out studies within the Facific Proving Ground for radiological safety documentation only.

j. Assume rediclogical easety responsibilities of TG 7.5 during the overseas phase of the operation

k. Integrate within TG 7 1 key radiological safety personnel made available by CTG 7 4. Such personnel will assist CTG 7.1 during the operational phase and will be assigned duties ammnable to training in the fundamental radiological safety services to be assumed by CTG 7.5 upon completion of the overseas phase of the operation

1. Assist CTG 7.3 to the extent of providing equipment, personnel and supervision for rough operational decontagination of aircraft ashore at EIRINI ATOLL. Lecontamination will be limited to washdown of exterior and vacuum cleaning of interiors. No detailed decontamination will be attempted by TG 7.1 personnal. Aircraft crews

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Radiological Safety CJTF SEVEN No 3-53

will assist in this operation.

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5. The Commander, TG 7.2 will.

a. Perform all ground monttoring services associated with ENTMETON ISLAND except in those areas or activities assigned to other task groups.

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b. Provide own radiological safety monitors, fifty (50) of which will be "G" cleared for emergency monitor support of TG 7.1 if required.

c. Provide our decontamination personnel, ten (10) of which will be designated for emergency decontamination support of TG ? 1 if required.

d. Provide own radiac equipment and protective clothing

e Provide own repair, spare parts and calibration facilities for radiac equipment

f. Provide contaminated clothing laundry facilities for TS 7.1

g. Provide contaminated equipment storage area with the necessary security

6. The Cremander, TO 7.3 will

a - Fronide cum radiological safety conitors, including one airconne monitor for each multi-engine aircraft crew assigned to TG 7.5

b. Provide own radiat equipment and protective cluthing.

c. Provide own repair, spare parts and calibration facilities for radian equipment

d. Provide monitors and decontamination crews abound each ship within the task group.

•. Provide familities for personnel decontamination on the CVE

f. While the task force is enhanced introde space for use of the tradiclogical safely unit (RadSafe Center) of TO 7 1

g Provide decontamination crows and facilities for all "irrraf" at EIKINI ATULL Limited assistance ashere will be furnished by CTU 7.1 in accordance with paragraph 4.2., as required.

h. Provide decontamination crews and familities for two aircraft aboard the CVE at SNIVETOK ATOLL. Limited assistance ashore will be furnished by CTU " $u_{\rm c}$ as required.

1 Provide necessary buildopter air service for radiological surveys and post-shot recovery operations (monitors furnished by T3 7.1).

j Collect Lagoon water samples

k. Provide water spray equipment aboard all vessels likely to be in the fall-out area



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Radiological Safety CJTF SEVEN No. 3-53

> 1. During the EIKINI phase provide for air to ground reporting of approximate air radiation intensities encountered by all aircraft operating between ENIWETOK and EIKINI from H Hour to H plus 24 hours. It is not contemplated that aircraft should be scheduled for this specific requirement alone. Reports will be routed to the RadSafe Office at the task force command post by the most expeditious means. Reports will be prepared and coded in accordance with paragraph 7%, K below.

7. The Commander, TG 7.4 will:

a. Provide own radiological safety monitors, including one airborne monitor for each multi-engine aircraft crew assigned to TG 7.4.

b. Provide own radiac equipment and protective clothing.

c. Provide own repair, spare parts and calibration facilities for radiac equipment.

d. Provide facilities for personnel decontamination on ENIWETOK ISLAND.

e. Provide decontamination crews and facilities for own aircraft at ENIWETOK ATOLL.

f. At ENIWETOK ATCLL, assist TG 7.3 in aircraft decontamination with TG 7.4 equipment, as required.

g. Provide necessary helicopter and liaison air service for radiological surveys and post-shot recovery operations (monitors furnished by TG 7.1).

h. Provide monitoring services for the removal (by TG 7.1 personnel) of radioactive samples or data collected by aircraft.

i. Provide cloud tracking aircraft for post-shot radiological safety "situation data" up to radius of 500 miles in the significant quadrant for a period of 48 hours, starting at approximately H plus 6 hours. Reports will be prepared and coded in accordance with peragraph 7%, Kbelow.

j. During the ELKINI phase, provide for air to ground reporting of approximate radiation (air) intensities encountered by all aircraft operating between ENIWETOK and ELKINI from H Hour to H plus 24 hours. I' is not contemplated that aircraft should be scheduled for this specific requirement alone. Reports will be routed to the RadSafe Office at the task force command port by the most expeditious means. Reports will be prepared and coded in accordance with paragraph 7%, K below.

k. Employ simple codes (to be furnished separately by CJTF SEVEN) in conjunction with the periodic weather reconnsistance reports to report approximate air radiation intensities encountered on regularly established weather reconnaissance/or cloud tracking flights and for reports required from aircraft operating during the BIKINI phase between ENIMETOK and BIKINI from H Hour to H plus 24 hours. Reports will indicate the approximate position, altitude and order of magnitude of radiation encountered.



Rediciopical Safety CUTT SEVEN No. 3-53

1. Develop the air RADEX for each shot.

3. The Commander, TO 7.5 will:

a. Develop a schedule of requirements for raliological safety services required from CTG 7 1 and assist CTG 7.1 in decontamination of AEC facilities and equipment as necessary.

b. Provide key radialized personnel for integration into and training with the ratiological safety organization of TG 7.1 during the overseas phase of the operation The total number and qualifica-tions of such personnel will be as determined necessary by CTG 7.5, commensurate with the assumption of responsibilities indicated in paragraph 8c, below.

c. Assume residual task force radiological safety functions at the Pacific Proving Ground upon completion of the overseas phase of the operation Required equipment and supplies will be made available at that time to (TG 7 5 on a loan or sale basis from stocks provided by CTG 7.1.

> P. W. CLARKSON Major General, U.S. Army Commander

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Appendix

I - Radiological Safety Regulations II - Radiological Safety Office and Center

III - Hazards Resulting from Atomic Bomb Explosions

CFFICIAL:

Lin WILLIAM S. COWART, JB Colonel, U.S. Air Force Assistant Chief of Staff, J-3

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HEADQUARTERS, Joint Task Force SEVEN Washington 25, D. C. 10 November 1953

Appendix I to Annex N Radiological Safety, CJTF SEVEN Operation Plan No. 3-53

RADIOLOGICAL SAFETY REGULATIONS

1. General

a. Radiological Defense (RadDefense) operations or Radiological Safety (RadSafe) operations, short term RadOps, are general terms. They are used to denote the means by which a unit can control and confine the damage and radiological effects of an atomic explosion or of radioactive material spread by other means, thereby preventing and avoiding health hazards to personnel. They are interpreted to include measures such as training, organization, distribution of radiological personnel, development of techniques and procedures, use of detecting equipment, protection or removal of exposed personnel and decontamination of personnel, structures and equipment.

b. Following each detonation there will be areas of surface radiological contamination and areas of air radiological contamination. These areas are designated as Radiological Exclusion Areas (RADEX). Prior to shot times, the forecast air and surface RADEX will be disseminated by CJT? SEVEN in the target area. These RADEXES will represent a forecast from H Hour until dissemination of a later surface and air RADEX at about H plus 4 hours. The later RADEXES will be based upon the master radiological "situation map" maintained in the RadSafe Office of CJTF SEVEN, Since the air RADEX after shot times will be based on monitored tracking by aircraft over significant large ocean areas, information promulgated from the forecast air RADEX may have to be extended beyond the originally anticipated 4 hour period.

c. The surface RADEX will be determined by actual survey with Radiation Detection, Indication and Computation (RADIAC) equipment after shot time. The most rapid method of accomplishing surface survey in the early stages will be by helicopter flight in and around the surface of contaminated areas. From the radiation intensities measured at a known altitude, it is possible to obtain an estimate of the radiation dosage rates which would be encountered on the surface of the ground or water. Actual water samples from the lagoon will also be utilized. Ground survey will follow these guides to determine definitely the contaminated regions and objects. Formal ground survey of the shot atoll, as feasible, will be accomplished on H plus 24 hours.

- 2. The Maximum Permissible Exposures (MPEs) and Maximum Permissible Limits (MPLs) as stated herein are applicable to a field experimental test of nuclear devices in peacetime wherein numbers of personnel engaged in these tests have been previously exposed or will be continuously exposed to potential radiation harards. It may become necessary from a study of personnel records to reduce the MPE for certain individuals who have recently been over-exposed to radiation. Further, the MPEs and MPLs are subject to revision by waiver from the task force commander in individually designated cases when circumstances indicate the need and justification therefor.
- 3. Due to the special nature of field tests it is considered that a policy of strict adherence to the radiological standards prescribed



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Radiological Safety Regulations CJTF SEVEN No. 3 53

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for routine work is n + realistic. The regulations set forth herein have been designed as a reasonable and safe compromise considering conservation of personnel exposures, the international import of the test and the cost aspects of operational delays chargeable to excessive radiological precautions. In all cases other than emergencies or tactical situations the ultimate criteria will be limited by the MPEs for personnel. Special instances may arise such as in the case of an air-sea rescue within the RADEX or in the case of tactical situation in which operations will be carried out without regard to the MPEs and MPLs prescribed herein. For such emergency or tactical operations the criteria prescribed below for tactical situations will be used as a guide. Wherever possible, however, film badges will be carried and RadSafe monitors will accompany such operations to determine the extent of the actual radiation hasard experienced in order that appropriate medical action may be initiated.

- 4. Task force radiation desage control will start on first shot minus fifteen (15) days and terminate upon departure of individuals from the forward area or on the last shot plus fifteen (15) days, whichever occurs first All personnel will be considered to have arrived at the Pacific Proving Ground by first shot minus fifteen (15) days. Prior and subsequent to this period, radiation desage control will be as prescribed by CTG 7.5.
- 5. a. The MPE for personnel involved in this operation, as defined by paragraph 4, above is 3.9 reentgens (gamma only) This exposure may be acquired at any time during a thirteen (13) week period of the operation. Provided no previous over-exposure remains for compensation, 3.9 roentgens may be acquired without regard to the individual's past radiation history. This MPE will be considered further augmented (without separate action) by 0.3 roentgens per week for each week in excess of thirteen (13) weeks required during the operational period defined by paragraph 4, above.

b. A special MPE of 20 roentgens (gamma only) is authorized for the operational period as defined by paragraph 4, above, for crew members of air sampling aircraft.

c. All exposure to external gamma radiation will be regarded as total body irradiation.

- 6. Those individuals exposed to ionizing radiation in excess of the value computed by paragraph 5a, above, will be informed that appropriate remarks will be included in their medical records. Military personnel in this category will be advised that they should not be exposed to further radiation until sufficient time has elapsed in order to bring their average radiation dose down to 0.3 roentgens per week. Civilian personnel in this category will be informed that limitations on further radiation exposure will be as determined by the laboratory or agency having administrative jurisdiction over such personnel.
- 7. All atoll land and lagoon areas in or near which a detonation takes place will be considered contaminated until cleared for operations by the task force commander. Entry to and exit from contaminated areas will be via RadSafe check points only.
- 8. Contaminated land and water areas will be delineated as such. Personnel entering these areas will be subject to clearances by the



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Radiological Safety Regulations CJTF SEVEN No 3 53

RadSafe Office. To 7.1, and will normally be accompanied by a RadSafe monitor. RadSafe clothing and equipment will be issued to the personnel.

- 9. Contaminated land areas of intensities less than 10 mr/hr (gamma only) will be considered unrestricted from a RadSafe standpoint. Areas coming within this limitation will be designated specifically by CJTP SEVEN prior to unrestricted entry.
- 10. RadSafe monitors assigned to individuals or groups working in contaminated areas or with contaminated equipment during recovery operations will act in an advisory capacity to keep the recovery party leader informed of radiation intensities at all times. The recovery party leader is expected to accept this advice and act accordingly. It is the responsibility of both the leader and the members of the recovery party to adhere to the limits established in these regulations. The RadSafe monitor will limit his activities to monitoring and will not engage in actual recovery operations.
- 11. Film badges, desimeters and protective clothing (coveralls, booties, caps, gloves, dust respirators, etc.) as desmed necessary will be issued to personnel entering contaminated areas by appropriate task group RadSafe supply sections. All personnel desage film badges will be procured from and returned to the laboratory of TU 7, TG 7.1, where all processing and recording will be accomplished.
- 12. All personnel within viewing distance of an atomic detonation who are not supplied with protective suggles will turn away from the detonation point and close their syss during the time of burst. At least 10 seconds should be allowed before looking directly at the burst.
- The arrival and proposed use of radioactive sources at the Pacific Proving Ground will be reported to the RadSafe Officer of TG 7.1.
- 14. Transportation of radioactive material to and from the forward area shall be in accordance with AFC regulations for escorted shipment of such material. The assignment of couriers and RadSafe monitors will be the subject of separate instructions. No radioactive material shall be removed from the test site except as authorized in experimental projects.
- 15. All samples of radioactive material which are couriered in aircraft will be packaged and loaded so as to reduce radiation to a minimum. Prior to departure of such aircraft, the RadSafe Officer, TG 7.4, will have a survey made of the aircraft cargo to determine if adequate precautions have been taken. The following criteria will determine space and packaging requirements:
 - a. Prior exposure of aircraft crew, courier and passengers.

b. Anticipated future exposures on trip, considering length of trip, compartmental loading requirements and capability to isolate personnel from radioactive material.

16. All air and surface vehicles or craft used in contaminated areas will be checked through the appropriate task group decontamination section upon return from such areas.



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17. The MPLs listed herein are to be regarded as advisory limits for control under average conditions. All readings of surface contamination are to be made with Geiger counters, with tube walls not substantially in excess of 30 mg cm² with shield open unless otherwise specified. The surface of the probe should be held one (1) inch to two (2) inches from the surface that is under observation unless otherwise specified. For operational purposes the contamination MPLs presented below will not be considered applicable to spotty contamination tion provided such areas can be offectively isolated from personnel.

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a. Personnel and Clothing MPLs

(1) Skir reading: should not be more than 1.0 mr/hr. Complete decontamination by bathing will be utilized for readings in excess of this level. If the tody is generally contaminated and especially if contamination is on the eyes or gonads, special efforts should be made to reduce the contamination level. In general, however, it is not considered profitable to abrade the skin or epilate the scalp in an attempt to reduce stubber contamination below 1 mr/hr (about 1000 cpc). Bets radiation exposure to the hands should not exceed 30.0 rep for the operational period, as defined in paragraph 4, above

(2) Underclothing and body equipment such as the internal surfaces of respirators should be reduced to 2 mr/hr.

(3) Outer clothing should be reduced to 7 mr/hr

b. <u>Vehicle MPLs</u> The interior surfaces of occupied sections of vehicles should be reduced to 7 mr/hr. The outside surfaces of vehicles should be reduced to less than 7 mr/hr (simma only) at five (5) or six (6) inches from the surface

c. Ship and Boat MPLs

(1) It is desired to point cut that the employment of the ships and units in TG 7.3, insofar as radiological safety is concerned, is not considered routine usage within the purview of NavMed P-1325, "Radiological Safety Regulations" Current revision of NavMed P-1325 indicates that its provisions do not apply for special operations such as field tests and that for such operations naval personnel will operate under regulations set forth by the task force commander as approved by the Chief of Naval Operations.

(2) In general, ships and boats operating in waters near shot sites after shot times may become contaminated. Monitors shall be aboard all such craft operating after shot time, either as passengers or mombers of the crew, until such time as radiological restrictions are lifted.

(3) Task group commanders will take necessary action to ensure that personnel of ships and boats are not over-exposed to radiation and that ships and boats are not contaminated excessively. The criterion in both cases is that no personnel will be over-exposed ardefined by paragraph. Ms, above, except in emergencies or tacticaoperations, and that after the operational period no personnel will receive more than 0.3 roentgens per week from contaminated equipment.

(4) For ships and boats operating in contaminated waters, reasonable allowances will be made to differentiate between the relative



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contribution to the total flux from fixed contamination and that due to "Shine" from contaminated waters. Fixed alpha contamination should not exceed 2500 dpm(disintegrations per minute) per 150 cm² of area for enclosed areas (cabins, etc.) and 5000 dpm per 150 cm² area for open surfaces where ventilation is good.

(5) At the conclusion of the operation, final clearances will be granted by task group commanders or by commanding officers, if so ordered, to those ships and boats showing no point of contamination greater than 15 mr/day (beta and gamma) and no detectable alpha. Other ships and boats will be granted operational clearances by task group commanders or by commanding officers, if so ordered. An operational clearance implies that contamination exists and that special procedures as necessary are instituted aboard ship.

(6) Individuals on board ships of the task force shall be protected collectively from hazards of blast, heat and radioactivity by movement and positioning of the ships.

(7) No ships with personnel shall be permitted inside the 1.5 p.s.1. line unless specifically directed otherwise. Esarings of danger from immediate radicactive fall-out for ship operations will be established by CJTP SEVEN on the basis of forecast wind directions at the intended time of detonation. This danger section will be designated as surface RADEX. All ships of the task force shall be required to remain outside the RADEX - danger bearing, radial limitation and time restriction unless specifically directed otherwise. However, if ships are directed tactically into the surface RADEX, movement of ships shall be governed by tactical exposure guides.

d. Aircraft MPLs

(1) The interior surfaces of occupied sections of aircraft should be reduced to 7 mr/hr.

(2) No aircraft in the air at H Hour will be at slant ranges from ground zero less than as determined by the following effects unless specifically directed otherwise. (Based on maximum predicted yield and 20 mile visibility).

> Elast (at predicted shock arrival): 0.5 p.s.i. Thermal (H Hour). Fabric control surfaces: 1.0 cal/cm² Metal control surfaces: 6.0 cal/cm²

(3) After detonation no aircraft shall operate inside the air RADEX or closer than 10 nautical miles from the rising or visible cloud unless specifically directed otherwise. Non-excepted aircraft involved in routine operations encountering unexpected regions of aerial contamination will, immediately upon detecting such contamination, execute a turnout. Cloud tracking aircraft will execute turnout from contaminated areas at a level of not more than 3.0 r/hr. If a tactical or emergency situation arises where aircraft must enter the air RADEX or visible cloud, tactical exposure allowances shall apply.

(4) All multi-engine task force aircraft in the air at H Hour within 100 miles of the detonation point shall carry a person designated as radiological safety monitor, equipped with suitable radiac equipment and a RADEX plot. This monitor shall be capable of

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calculating allowable exposures under both tactical and operational conditions.

(5) All persons in aircraft at shot time or at subsequent times when engaged in operations in or near the cloud or RADEX track shall wear film badges.

(6) Crew members of aircraft in the air at zero hour will take special precautions to avoid (for at least 10 seconds) the direct and reflected light resulting from the burst. At the discretion of the airplane commander this could be done with protective high density gozgles, by turning away from the burst with eyes closed, by covering the eyes with the forearm, by turning cockpit lights up to highest intensity or by any combination of the above

e. In sir and water the following continuous levels of radioactivity are considered safe from the standpoint of personnel drinking and breathing (uc=microcurie):

Na* er

Beta-Gamma Emitter 5 x 10⁻³ uc/cc (calculated to H / 3 days)

in

Air (24 hour average) Particles less than 5 micron diameter 10⁻⁶ uc/cc Particles greater than 5 micron diameter 10⁻⁴ uc/cc

18. In tactical situations the military commander must make the decision regarding allowable exposures. As military personnel are normally subject to only random exposure, health hazards are at a minimum. Current Department of Defense information on exposure to gamma radiation in tactical situations is indicated below:

a. Uniform acute (immediate) exposure of 50 roentgens to a group of Armed Forces personnel will not appreciably affect their efficiency as a fighting unit.

b. Uniform acute exposure of 100 rowntgens will produce in occasional individuals nauses and vomiting but not to an extent that will render Armed Forces personnel ineffective as fighting units. Personnel receiving an acute radiation exposure of 100 or more roentgens should be given a period of rest and individual evaluation as soon as possible.

c. Uniform acute exposure of approximately 150 roentgens or greater can be expected to render Armed Forces personnel ineffective as troops within a few hours through a substantial incidence of nausea, vomiting, weakness and prostration. Mortality produced by an acute exposure of 150 roentgens will be very low and eventual recovery of physical fitness may be expected.

d. Field commands should, therefore, assume that if substantial numbers of their men receive acute radiation exposures substantially above 100 reentgens there is a grave risk that their commands will rapidly become ineffective as fighting units.

e. Internal radiation hazards caused by entry of radioactive substances through the mouth, through the lungs or through cuts or wounds do not exist after an air burst. Internal hazards following a contaminating surface explosion may be avoided if ordinary



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> precautions are taken. Only under unusual circumstances will there be internal hazard from residual contamination. This eliminates the necessity for masking and consequent reduction of tactical efficiency.

19. The RadSafe Officer, TG 7.1, will maintain standard type filt tadge records of radiation exposures for all task force personnel. Records will indicate <u>full name</u>, <u>rank or rate</u>, <u>serial or service number</u>, if applicable, organization, home station or laboratory, date of exposure, approximate duration of over-exposure in hours and minutes (for Army personnel only) and remarks such as listations on assignment because of over-exposure. Uron completion of the operation, disposition of these records will be as follows.

a. A consolidated list of exposures listing military personnel and c'vilian personnel under military control by full name, rank or rate, cerial or service number (if applicable), organization, howe station or laboratory and exposure in milliroentgene, together with exposed film badges and control film badgez, will be forwarded to the Chief, AFSWP.

b. A consolidated list of personnel and exposures as indicated in paragraph 19a, above, including all ABC personnel, will be forwarded to the Director, Division of Biology and Medicine, AEC.

c. Individual records of Navy and Air Force military personnel and civilian personnel will be forwarded to their unit of permanent assignment for inclusion in the individual's health record (Medical History Sheets, NavMed H-8 and the Individual Health Record for Navy and Air Force personnel, respectively). For the statisticity personnel exposed to ionizing radiation in excess of their defined in paragraph 5a, above, a statement will be included to the effect that the individual is not to be subjected to ionizing radiation before a specific date, the date to be computed by the fadSafe Officer, TG 7.1, to allow sufficient time to elapse in order to bring the average radiation dose down to 0.3 roontgens per week. Limitations on Navy and Air Force civilian personnel with reference to over-exposures will be as determined by the laboratory or agency having administrative jurisdiction over such personnel.

d. Individual records of Army military and civilian personnel will be forwarded in accordance with SE 40-1025-66 dated 21 April 1953 to their unit of permanent assignment for inclusion in the individual's field military 201 file or the civilian personnel 201 file (whichever is applicable). These records will indicate date of exposure, amount of exposure in milliroentgens, approximate duration of overexposure in hours and minutes and a space for remarks such as limitations on assignment (as indicated in paragraph 19c, above) because of over-exposures.

e. Individual records of AEC controlled and administered civilian personnel will be processed in accordance with special instructions prescribed by the laboratory or agency having administrative jurisdiction over such personnel.

f Upon completion of provisions of paragraph 19a, b, c, d and e, above, letter reports will be submitted through channels to the Surgeon General, USA; the Chief, Bureau of Medicine and Surgery, USN; the Surgeon General, USAF and the Director, Livision of Biology



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and Medicine, AEC, indicating, in general, the action taken to dispose of individual dose records, comments on over-exposures if applicable and any pertinent remarks considered of interest to the above offices.

- Training. The inclusion of radiological safety organizations through-20. out the task force will require two general levels of training; basic indoctrination and technical training. The scope of instruction within each of these levels will vary in accordance with the requirements of different operational and staff levels. Basic indoctrination will include primary, non-technical instruction in radiological safety measures and techniques. This must be imparted to all personnel of the task force to enable them to perform their assigned duties efficiently within the allowable low exposures, regardless of the presence 'f radioactive contaminants. Technical training will include the training of the majority of the personnel who will be required to staff the task force radiological safety organizations and perform the technical operations involved. This will be accomplished through the utilization of existing Service courses and establishment of suitable courses at task group level. This instruction will be designed to train radiological defense monitors, decontamination personnel and radiological instrument repairmen.
- 21. These regulations have the concurrence of the Surgeon General, USA; the Chief of Naval Operations; the Surgeon General, USAF and the Director, Division of Biology and Medicine, AEC.
- 22. This appendix has been designed for reduced security classification in order to facilitate wide dissemination and may be downgraded to RESTRICTED ~ SECURITY INFORMATION provided all references to Joint Task Force SEVEN and its subordinate units are deleted.

P. W. CLARKSON Major General, U.S. Army Commander

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Colonel, U.S.Air Force, Assistant Chief of Staff, J-3





HEADQUARTE'S, Joint Tisk Force SEVEN Washington 25, D. C. 10 November 1953

Appendix II to Annex N Radiological Safety, CJTF SEVEN Operation Plan No. 3-53

RADIOLOGICAL SAFETY OFFICE AND CENTER

1. A JTF SEVEN radiological safety office (RadSafe Office) and a TG 7.1 adiological safety center (RadSafe Center) will be established for each shot. The RadSafe Office, manned by personnel of the Technical Branch of the task force Operations Division (J-3), will operate as the task force staff agency responsible for the dissemination of task force staff agency responsible for the dissemination of task force radiological directives, the presentation of radiological shot briefing material and the maintenance of displays of radiological information rowing an impact on the overall task force mission The RadSafe (enter will be established by CTG 7.1 and will serve as operations headquarters for the radiological safety activities of TG 7.1 Fertinent data collected at the RadSafe Center will be forwarded to the RadSafe Office at the task force command post.

2. Detailed Duties

a. RadSafe Office

(1) The RadSafe Office, in coordination with STG 7.4 who will develop the air RADEX pict, will assemble the overall RADEX situation and disseminate the air and surface RADEX prior to suct time (forecast) and will originate messages from time to time after shot time announcing R (Reentry) Hour, radiological clearances of previously closed areas, radiological directives to task groups, advisories to commands external to the task force and revisions of the air and surface RADEX as required.

(2) The RadSafe Office will be responsible for the preparation of RadSafe forecast information for the shot briefings.

(3) The RadSafe Office will maintain displays of radiological information pertinent to the test area and having an impact outside this area to include radiation levels on stoll islands and lagoon, RADEX information, cloud trajectories and their relation to occupied atolls and air and surface routes contiguous to the danger area, ship movements in the danger area, results of water simpling and such other items of special radiological consideration as may be required by the operation or the scientific projects

(4) Physical Locations of RadSafe Office

a. For BIKINI ATOLL shots. Command ship

b For ENINETOK ATOLL shots: Operations Division (J-3), JTF SEVEN Headquarters building, FARRY ISLAND.

b. RadSafe Center

(1) The RadSafe Center will maintain radiological situation data on lagoon waters and islands of the shot atoll, based on air and ground survey information, supplemented by monitor reports. This information will be the basis of periodic situation reports or maps and briefing information furnished to the task force and task group commanders.

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Radiological Sefety Office and Center CJTF SLVEN No. 5-53

> (2) The RadSafe Center will provide information for the planning of TG 7.1 radiological safety operations and for the disposition of all working parties within the contaminated area. It will establish radiological safety check points. It will maintain an operations table giving details for all groups who plan to enter contaminated areas each day, including name of monitor, destination, general type of mission (program or project number) and time of departure and return.

> (3) The RadSafe Center will provide special clothing to previously designated recovery personnel, have cognizance over working theodules of the radiochemical laboratory, photodosimetry developing facilities, contaminated laundry, personnel decontamination facilities, radiac repair, etc. of TG 7.1. Personnel decontamination facilities afloat will be coordinated with existing ship facilities

(4) Physical Locations of RadSafe Center

a For BIKINI ATOLL shots The RadSafe Center will initially operate from the CVE facilities. At a later time, radiological conditions permitting, the center will provide a detachment at preprepared positions ashore to operate all its activities except radiochemistry and photodosimetry

b. For SNIWETOK ATCLL shots The RadSafe Center will operaate all of its facilities from the radiological safety building on PARRY ISLAND (Building 57).

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P. W. CLARKSON Major General, U.S. Army Commander

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WILLIAM S. COWART/CR Colonel, U.S.Air Dorce, Assistant Chief of Staff, J-3



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HEADQUARTERS, Joint Task Force SEVEN Washington 25, D. C. 10 November 1953

Appendix III to Annex N Radiological Safety, CUTF SEVEN Operation Plan No. 3-53

HAZARDS RESULTING FROM ATCHIC BOMB EXPLOSIONS

1. Nature of Hazards

a. When an atomic bomb explosion occurs, tremendous quantities of energy in a variety of forms are released. This energy is propagated curvard in all directions.

b. The immediate reaction is intense emission of ultraviolet, visuble and infrared (heat) radiation, gamma rays and neutrons. This is accompanied by the formation of a large ball of fire. A large part of the energy from the explosion is emitted as a shock wave. The ball of fire produces a mushroom-shaped mass of hot gasses, the top of which ruses rapidly. In the trail below the mushroom cap, a thin column is left. The cloud and column are then carried downwint, the direction and speed being determined by the direction and speed of the wind at the various levels of air from the surface to base of mushroom cap. Fart of the energy from the explosion results in an ocean surface wave which is considered of minor nature directly to the task force.

c. All personnel of the task force will be well outside of the range of all hazard at the time of detonation, except for the light from the fire ball. The light of explosion is so intense that permanent injury to the eye may result from viewing the ball of fire at close range with the naked eye or through binoculars. Ordinary dark glasses will not suffice and all personnel who do not have the special protective glasses, which will be issued in limited numbers by TG 7.1, must be facing 180 degrees from the detonation with the eyes closed.

d. The emission of dangerous nuclear radiation can be separated into two time periods. The primary radiation which occurs at the time of the flash is composed of gamma rays and neutrons. Casualties may result from this primary radiation if the exposure occurs within a certain range of ground zero. Secondary radiation is due to activation of the soil around ground zero and to fall-out.

e. Following the detonation, personnel entering shot areas will be exposed to beta particles and gamma rays coming from induced neutron activity in the soil and any fission products which might have been deposited on the ground. There may also be a potential alpha particle hazard from the unfissioned fissionable materials which may be deposited on the ground.

2. Protection

a. Against the primary radiological effects, distance will provide protection.

b. Against the secondary radioactivity hazards from radioactive fission products, induced radioactivity and unfissioned residue, <u>deter-</u> tion and avoidance provide the best protection. Suitable instruments indicate both the presence and intensity of radioactivity at a given place. Area reconnaissance, the maintenance of contamination



Hazards Resulting From Atomic Bomb Explosions CJTF SEVEN No. 3:53

situation maps, the posting of areas of hazard and minimizing the spread of contaminated material into uncontaminated areas constitute the active measures for reducing the radiological hazard.

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c. Personnel within an operational radius of ground zero who are to be facing in the direction of the flash will be required to wear special goggles to protect their eyes against exclusive light. Personnel within the above operational radius who are not provided goggles will face, with eyes closed, in the opposite direction from the flash. After ten (10) seconds, such personnel may turn around and otherwe the phenomena.

3. An ipaved Hazard Arcas

a. Immediately under the bomb burst there will be an area of intense radioactivity extending downwind and, to some extent, crosswind and upwind with gradually decreasing intensity.

b. Extending downwind, and to some extent, crosswind and upwind) an airborne radioactive hazard will exist. Its characteristics will depend on the meterological influences such as wind speed and direction at various altitudes up to the maximum height rescaled by the cloud.

c. Contaminated water in the lagoon adjacent to the shot site may be of consequence and will be analyzed by the radiological safety unit of TG 7 1 immediately after shot time and $\underline{a}_{\underline{b}}$ wher intervals.

d. Unless care is exercised, individuals or object's entering contaminated breas may transfer radioactivity to cleam areas,

e. By means of instruments such as Geiger-Mueller counters and ion chambers it is possible to detect the area of contamination and to measure the intensity of the radioactivity. Radiation intensity will normally be measured and reported in roentgens per hour. Besides those instruments dosimeters and film badges will be used as indicators of the accumulated exposure to radioactivity. Only personnel involved in work near, or in, radioactive areas will wear film badges to provide a permanent record of exposure, except that film badges will be issued to ten (10) percent of whip crews to aid in estimating crew dosage in the event of heavy fell-out.

f. The intensity of the radioactive hazard tends to decrease with time due to decay of radioactive materials and dispersion and dilution, depending upon climatic conditions. As an approximation, the intensity of the surface contamination from the fission products decreases by radicactive decay inversely with the time after the detonation. As a further approximation, the intensity of water contamination decreases by radioactive decay and diffusion inversely with the square of the time after the detonation.

4. This appendix has been designed for reduced security classification in order to permit wide dissemination to all personnel of the command and may be downgraded to RESTRICTED - SECURITE INFORMATION provided all references to Joint Task Force SEVEN and its subordinate units are deleted.

OFFICIAL LIAN S. COMARY WILLIAM S. COWART A. Colonel, U.S. Air Force Assistant Chief of Staff, J-3,

P. W. CLARKSON Major General, U.S. Army Commarder

HEADQUARTERS, Joint Task Force SEVEN Washington 25, D. C. 10 November 1953 1.90.2.2

Annex O to CJTF SEVEN Operation Plan No. 3-53

SEARCH_AND_RESCUE

Reference: (a) Search and Rescue Joint Standard Operating Procedures, Pacific.

(b) JANAP 300, The Air-Sea Rescue Manual

1. Responsibilities

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a. Responsibilities of commanders for search and rescue (SAR) operations within their respective commands are set forth in reference (i). Specifically, as relates to the area of primary concern to CJTF SEVEN, responsibility for search and rescue is assigned by CINCPAC to the Commander, Hawaiian Sea Frontier (CCMHAWSEAFRON).

b. Reference (a) further provides that:

"For tactical aircraft, operating on unit combat or training missions, the primary responsibility for SAR rests with the commander exercising operational control of the aircraft regardless of the area of operation. This responsibility may be delegated to subordinate commanders. Commanders holding SAR responsibility as defined above shall insure that their operating forces are familiar with the rescue facilities and procedures of the SAR area in which they are operating and shall request assistance as necessary from the appropriato area SAR commander Once the area SAR commander has been requested to provide assistance he assumes SAR control".

The paragraph quoted is applicable to Operation CASTLE and places certain responsibilities on CJTF SEVEN.

2. Tasks For Subordinate Units

a. CTG 7.4 will:

(1) Have primary search and rescue responsibility for all JTF SEVEN air and surface units in the BIKINI-ENIWETOK area during Operation CASTLE.

(2) Take necessary measures to insure familiarity and compliance with the provisions of references (a) and (b).

(3) Conduct the necessary liaison with the area SAR commander and appropriate SAR coordination center to insure necessary exchange of information and effective integration of JTP SEVEN forces into area SAR plans.

(4) Forward requests to CJTF SEVEN for SAR coverage required in addition to own capabilities. Such requests will be made sufficiently in advance of proposed operations to allow for the positioning of the additional equipment required.

b. CTG 7.3 will:

(1) Require all units to familiarize themselves and comply with



Search and Rescue CJTF SEVE: NC 3-53

the provisions of references (a) and (b).

(2) Conduct training and have available suitable SAR equipment in order to provide assistance to CTG 7.4 and the area SAR commander as necessary.

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(3) Have available a qualified officer for liaison with CTG 7.4 or his representative when that commander is carrying out his SAR functions.

- 3. <u>Independent Action</u> The responsibilities delineated above in no way affect the responsibilities of any commander to engage in operations when his own initiative as the circumstances dictate. Independent action must be immediately reported to, and coordinated with, the appropriate SAR commander.
- 4. Comment and Comminication

a JTP SEVEN SAR activities will be commanded by CTC 7.4 until such time as control is assumed by the area SAR commander.

b. Command Posts

CJTP SEVEN .	PARRY ISLAND, M.I. (while ashore) USS ESTES (AGC-12) (while afloat)
CTG 7.3	
CTG 7.4	
CINCPACFLT	
(SAR Commander, Pacific Command)	
COMHAWSEAFRON .	PEARL HARBOR, T.H.
(Area SAR Commander)	•
CO, NAVOTA KWAJALEIN	KWAJALEIN, H.I
(SAR Coordination Center)	-

c. Communications as specified in reference (a).

P. W. CLARKSON Major General, U.S. Army Commander

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WILLIAM S. COWART, JH Colonel, U S. Air Proce Assistant Chief of Staff, J-3

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HEADQUARTERS, Joint Task Force SEVEN Washington 25, D. C. 10 November 1953

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Annex P to CJTT SEVEN Operation Plan No. 3-53

BOAT PLAN

1. Following is the allocation of responsibility for normal operation of boats and harbor craft at ENIWETOK and BIKINI ATOLLS during the operational phase of CATTLE:

a. <u>At EIKINI ATOLL</u>. As both CTG ?.5 and CTG 7.5 will provide large scale boat pool service for multiple using agencies, overall control of this activity by either task group commander is not considered feasible. Accordingly:

(1) A joint task force scheduling panel consisting of representatives from TG 7.3 and TG 7.5 will conduct boat pool operations directly under the supervision of CJTF SEVEN, who will have final responsibility for scheduling control and coordination.

(2) The scheduling panel will coordinate schedules. The TG 7.3 member will dispatch Navy boats and the TG 7.5 member will dispatch H&N boats to meet the requirements of using agencies. In order to permit proper scheduling and maximum utilization of small craft, using agencies will be required to plan movement activities well in advance and notify the scheduling panel. Normally, requirements will be submitted to the scheduling panel prior to the day transportation is required. Omnibus and combined tripe will be used when practicable.

(3) During operations ashore, the scheduling panel will be located on ENINMAN ISLAND and when the task force goes afloat it will be in the LSD.

(4) Prior to Shot #4 (ECHO), certain elements of the TG 7.5 boat pool may be redeployed to ENIWETCK ATOLL. Prior to Shot #7 (KOON), the remaining elements of the TG 7.5 boat pool will be redeployed to ENIWETCK ATOLL.

b. At ENIWETCK ATOLL

(1) CTG 7.2 and CTG 7.5 will continue to operate their respective boat pools in accordance with existing procedures.

(2) Augmentation of TG 7.2 boat pool operations will be provided by CTG 7.3 and CTG 7.5 if CJTF SEVEN determines that capacity population on ENIWETOK ISLAND requires such augmentation.

- 2. All using agencies will coordinate in the establishment of a priority system for boat requirements and apply the system to their respective organizations.
- 3. A scheduling panel will be established at ENIWETOK ATOLL during the ENIWETOK phase of the operation, if required.
- 4. During periods of evacuation, CJTF SEVEN will establish priorities

- Boat Plan - CJTF CEVEN No. 3-53

for the movement of boats and harbor craft.

P. W. CLARKSON Major General, U.S. Army Commander

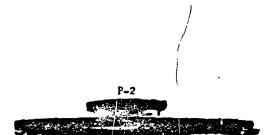
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Ś WILLIAM S. COMART, JF Colonel, U.S. Air Force Assistant Chief of Staff, J-3



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MEADQUARTERS, Joint Task Force SEVEN Washington 25, D. C. 10 November 1953

Annex Q to (JT? SEVEN Operation Plan No. 3-53

ATRLIFT PT AN

- 1. General. The limited availability of sircraft to support interisland and inter-atoll airlift operations will necessitate maximum utilization of all airlift equipment in the forward area. To assure maximum utilization and provide efficient service in support of the overall task force mission, aircraft will be centrally controlled and dispatched by the commander responsible for providing the servicr. Using agencies will be required to plan movement activities well in advance in order to permit proper scheduling. When combined ask group lift requirements exceed the available lift, CJTP SEVEN (or his designated . epresentative on site) will act as arbiter and determine priority in light of the overall joint task force mission. All using agencies will coordinate in the establishment of a priority system for airlift requirements and apply the system to their respective organizations. In addition to normal airlift operations these aircraft will be utilized to accomplish security patrol flights in support of CTG 7.2; assist in search and rescue activities, and accomplish insecticide spray flights as directed by CJTF SEVEN
- Inter Island Airlift Operations. The following allocation of responsibility is established for conducting inter-island airlift operations at ENIMETOK and BIKINI ATCLLS during the operational phase of CASTLE:

a. At EIKINI ATOLL

(1) CTC 7.3 will provide a helicopter airlift system, operating from the CVE and from ENINMAN ISLAND.

(2) As required by CJTF SEVEN. CTG 7.4 will place additional helicopters and personnel under the operational control of CTG 7.3 to sugment the TG 7.3 helicopter lift system.

(3) CTG 7.3 will schedule and dispatch all helicopters.

(4) Normally requirements for ". licopter use will be submitted to CTG 7.3 by using agencies prior to the day lift is required. Requirements will be detailed to include complete inter-island itinerary and lift load.

(5) Helicopter service for immediate reentry activities will be conducted from the CVE.

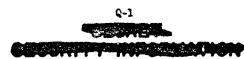
b. At ENIMETCK ATCLL

(1) CTG 7.4 will provide a liaison aircraft and helicopter lift system, operating from ENTWETOK ISLAND.

(2) CTG 7.2 will place the Army helicopter element under operational control of CTG 7.4.

(3) Upon completion of BIKINI operations, CTG 7.3 will place additional helicopters under the operational control of CTG 7.4, if required by CJTF SEVEN to augment the TG 7.4 helicopter lift system.

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Airlift Plan CJTF SEVEN No. 3-53

(4) CTS 7.4 will schedule and dispatch all liaison and helicopter sircraft.

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(5) Normally, requirements for liaison aircraft and helicopter use will be submitted to CTG 7.4 by using agencies prior to the day lift is required. Requirements will be detailed, to include complete inter-island itinerary and lift load.

3. Inter-Atoll Airlift Operations

a. CTG 7.4 will provide an inter-atoll airlift system between ENEMETOK and BIKINI ATOLLS, with flights to other atolls in the forward area as required to support joint task force elements.

b. Hormal'y, requirements for personnel and cargo space will be placed with CTG 7.4 by using agencies prior to the day lift is required,

c. on KOON minus one day, all C-47 aircraft will be withdrawn from ENIWETCK-BIKINI service. Subsequent to KOON shot the ENIWETOK-BIKINI forvice will be provided by PEM aircraft, taking off from ENTWETOK ISIAND airstrip and landing in the BIKINI lagoon.

d. C.G 7.3 will place two (2) PBM aircraft under the operational control of CTG 7.4 to augment the ENTWETOK-BIKINI airlift system.

> . P. W. CLARKSCH Major General, U.S. Army Commander

OFFICIAL.

Ø WILLIAM S. COWART, JU Colonel, U.S. Air Force

Assistant Chief of Staff, J-3





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HEADQUARTERS, Joint Task Force SEVEN Washington 25, D. C. 10 November 1953

Annex R to CJTF SEVEN Operation Plan No. 3-53

SHOT PHASE EVACUATION AND REENTRY PLAN

- This plan envisages the employment of one (1) transport ship of the AP type to accommodate approximately fifty (50) percent of personnel to be evacuated during designated phases of the operation. The remaining personnel to be evacuated will be accommodated aboard assigned task force vessels.
- The current concept as to effects of the BIKINI detonations on varicus islands and installations of BIKINI ATOLL necessitates that personnel evacuation be accomplished as follows:

a. Shot #1 (BRAVO), Shot #2 (UNION), Shot #3 (YANKEE), Shot #5 NECTAR, Shot #6 (RCMED)

(1) With the exception of the firing party on ENYU (and possibly a small maintenance party on ENINMAN), BIKINI ATOLL will be evacuated of all personnel The number of personnel on ENYU (and ENINMAN) will be within the capability of helicopter lift.

(2) In the event of excessive contamination of the ENINMAN IS-LAND camp, a limited capability will exist for indefinite operations from afloat.

(3) Boat pool craft, not accompanying the evacuation to sea, will either be anchored in deep water in the southern part of BIKINI lagoon or beached on the ENINMAN ISLAND group or ENYU ISLAND.

b. <u>Shot #7 (KCCN)</u>. Total pre-shot evacuation of all personnel (less Firing Party on ENYU) will be necessary. Equipment not previously redeployed to ENIWETCK ATOLL will be relocated on ENYU (and/or ENENT) ISLAND prior to shot time.

c. Shot $\frac{\#}{4}$ (ECHO). There will be no pre-shot evacuation of personnel from ENWETCK ATOLL although all personnel will be moved from the northern islands to ENIWETCK and PARRY ISLANDS prior to time of shot.

- 3. Relocation of equipment and materiel during the various phases of the operation will be in conformity with plans formulated on site.
- 4. During the ENIWETOK phase of the operation, the task force will maintain a capability for emergency post-shot evacuation. Such an evacuation will be executed on order of CJTF SEVEN in the event radiological contamination conditions so dictate; will be for personnel safety only; and will not involve materiel or personal belengings other than to let articles. Any such evacuation will be capable of accomplishment on four (4) hours notice. During shot phases at BIKINI, personnel at ENIWETOK ATOLL will be in an alert status. Although remote, there is a possibility that ENIWETOK ATOLL will be subjected to radioactive fall-out during BIKINI operations. In the event radioactive fall-out is detected at ENIWETOK ATOLL, predesignated signal will be given at which time all personnel will proceed to covered areas (buildings and tents) and remain under cover until an all clear signal is sounded. Should over-contamination become apparent, CJTF SEVEN will order that an evacuation be



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Shot Phase Evacuation and Reentry Plan CJTF SEVEN No 3-53

> conducted, using available aircraft and sea-going vessels. Should it become necessary, specified task force vessels will proceed, on order of CJTF SEVEN, from BIKINI to ENIWETOK to assist in the emergency evacuation of all endangered personnel. Detailed instructions will be disseminated on site.

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- 5. If reentry to either or both atolls is delayed beyond the period that the task force can reasonably sustain itself afloat, provisions will be made for an alternate destination landing.
- 6. Detailed instructions for evacuation and reentry will be contained in shot directives published in the forward area prior to each shot. The Assistant Chief of Staff, J-4, Headquarters, JTP SEVEN, will coordinate the preparation of all detailed evacuation and reentry glais on site. Each task group commander will designate an evacuation officer to assist in the preparation of these plans.

7. Tasks for Subordinate Units

a. <u>CTG 7 1 will</u>.

(.) Be responsible for the removal of all TG 7.1 personnel from the site site danger area prior to each shot.

(2) When directed by CJTF SEVEN and with facilities made available by CTG 7.3 and CTG 7.5, evacuate TG 7.1 personnel from BIKINI ATOLL.

(?) Be prepared, on order of CJTP SEVEN, to conduct emergency post-shot evacuation of TG 7.1 personnel from ENIMETOK ATOLL (less ENIMETOK ISLAND).

b. <u>CTC 7.2 will</u> be prepared, on order of CJTF SEVEN, to conduct emergency post shot evacuation from ENIWETOK ATOLL of all personnel based on ENIWETOK ISLAND.

c. CTG 7.3 will:

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(1) Provide stipboard command, control and communications facilities for CJTF SEVEN and staff; also provide command and administrative space for Headquarters, TG 7.1 and TG 7.5.

(2) Provide facilities afloat to house elements of the joint task force while afloat at BIKINI. Augmentation of housekeeping personnel for TG 7.1 and TG 7.5 will be provided for by CTG 7.5.

(3) Provide capability for emergency post-shot evacuation of personnel when pre-shot evacuation has not been conducted.

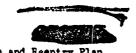
(4) Direct the movement of the evacuation vessels at sea in accordance with on-site shot directives.

(5) Provide a helicopter lift system to support evacuation, recovery and reentry operations.

(6) Provide for the security of the task force afloat.

(7) Assist CTG 7.5 in the movement of BIKINI based personnel to designated vessels.





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Shot Phase Evacuation and Reentry Plan CJTF SEVER No. 3-53

d. CTG 7.4 will:

(1) By use of assigned aircraft, assist in the emergency evacuation of personnel from endangered areas.

(2) Assist T3 7.2 in the emergency evacuation of personnel based on ENIWETOK ISLAND.

e. CTG 7.5 w111:

(1) When directed by CJTF SEVEN and with facilities made available by CTG 7.3 and CTG 7.4, evacuate TG 7.5 personnel and supporting military personnel from BIKINI ATOLL.

(2) Be prepared, upon directive from CJTF SEVEN, to conduct emergency post-shot evacuation of TG 7.5 personnel from ENIWETOK ATOLL, less ENIWETOK ISLAND. Assume responsibility for the evacuation of TG 7.2 MP personnel from EHERIRU ISLAND.

(3) Augment the shipboard housekeeping personnel of CTG 7.3 with such personnel as necessary to support TG 7.1 and TG 7.5 elements afloat.

(4) Assist in reentry operations as required.

P. W. CLARKSON Major General, U.S. Army Command

OFFICIAL:

WILLIAM S COWART, JR Colonel, U.S. Air Force IAM S

Assistant Chief of Staff, J-3



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HEADQUARTERS, Joint Tesk Force SEVEN APO 187 (HO:), c/c Postmaster Jan Francisco, Celifornia SuFebruary 1954

Annex S to CAT SEVEN On stion Order No. 3-53

OFFICIAL OBSERVER ILAN

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Deneral. The AEC and the Department of Defense have indicated that "Official Observers" will be kept at a minimum and on a basis of "need to know". This statement is interpreted to mean those who are familiar with the technical icsues involved in the experiments and whose current assignments include a genuine need for knowledge of the operation.

- <u>Number of Observers Authorized</u>. The CJTF SEVEN has recommended that twenty (20) be the ceiling figure for the number of "Official Observers" to be present for any specified shot. This ceiling is imposed because of limited facilities and the intense activity preceding and following a shot.
- 3. <u>Invitations</u>. Invitations will be extended by the AEC and the Military Limiton Committee.
- 4. Security. Invitations will include pertinent security instructions pertaining to classification of the operation. With the acceptance of invitations, observers will be required to sign a security acknowledgement. Hqs, JTF SEVEN Security Memorandum No. 7, dated 22 October 1953, para 4a, applies. All observers will be "Q" cleared.
- 5. <u>Policy</u>. It is the policy of this headquarters that written requosts for official observer space received by task group commanders or staff officers of this headquarters be forwarded to CJTF SEVEN, Attention: Chief of Staff. Individuals submitting verbal requests or inquiries will be informed that such requests should be submitted either to the AEC or the Military Limison Committee.
- 6. <u>Irocedure</u>. The names of observers who have been extended invitations will be submitted to CJTF SEVEN. CJTF SEVEN will delegate responsibilities for preliminary planning and conduct of the program. Details pertinent to the conduct of the program will include issuance of orders, suggested clothing and equipment, transportation, reception, quartering, messing, the issuance of necessary administrative instructions and briefings.

P. W. CLARKSON Major General, U.S. Army Commander

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OFFICIAL:

bowan WILLIAM S. COWART JR. Colenel, U.S. Air Force

Assistant Chief of Staff, J-3



HEADQUARTERS, Joint Task Porce SEVEN Washington 25, D. C. 10 November 1953 うせん

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Annex S to CJTP SEVEN Operation Plan No. 3-53

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OFFICIAL OBSERVER PLAN

TO BE DISTRIBUTED AT A LATER DATE



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HEADQUARTERS, Joint Task Force SEVEN Washington 25, D. C. 10 November 1953

Annex T to CJTF SEVEN Operation Plan No. 3-53

PHOTOGRAPHY PLAN

1. General Situation

a. Operation CASTLE will be recorded on film, still and motion picture as a basis for:

(1) A task force commander's visual report to AEC and the JCS of \mathcal{D} Operation CASTLE.

(2) A short film (so called "quickies") to be available as soon after each shot as possible.

(3) Additional footage required in the production of a film depicting the history of weapons development.

(4) A technical report film (approximately 45 minuter) depicting Armed Porces participation in CASTLE.

(5) Required technical coverage.

(6) A photographic record for historical purposes.

(7) A short, unclassified version of (1) above (approximately 15 minutes).

b. The JCS have established a military requirement for the USAF Lookout Mountain Leboratory to support CASTLE and Hq, USAF has approved its employment to support a technical report photography unit in TG 7 1.

2. Technical Report Photography Requirements

a. Sufficient motion picture and still coverage of events will be accomplished to produce the following:

(1) The CJTF SEVEN visual report to the AEC and the JCS. This film, approximately forty-five (45) minutes in duration, will contain only a limited amount of technical details and will be classified not higher than SECRET. The extent of technical coverage will be governed by the classification conditions at the time the film is produced. It will be tailored for wide distribution to persons concerned with supporting the AEC but who do not require extensive technical information (Congressmen, Bureau of the Budget officials, etc.).

(2) A shor. film produced after each shot to provide quick visual information to Commissioners and other AFC personnel. These will be tailored to provide more detailed information than the customary post-shot statement of yield and degree of success normally provides. Speed of production will be the keynote. No classification limitation will be placed on these films.

(3) Additional footage required in the later production by AEC of a film depicting the entire history of weapons development. No classification limitation will be placed on this footage.





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PHOTOGRAPHY PLAN CJTF SEVEN No. 3-53

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(4) A technical report film (approximately 45 minutes) depicting Armed Forces participation in CASTLE.

(5) Complete still coverage of the operation, including photographs for reproduction in the narrative history of the operation, as required.

(6) A short, unclassified version of (1), above, (approximately 15 minutes). This film will be tailored for wide dissemination.

b. Distribution and Control will be as follows:

(1) Film (except first-run prints) produced in accordance with AEC requirements will be distributed and controlled by the Division of Military Application, USAEC, in conformity with existing AEC policies and procedures at the time the film is edited.

(2) Film (except first-run prints) produced in accordance with DCD requirements will be distributed and controlled by AFSWP in conformity with existing DOD policies and procedures at the time the film is edited.

(3) Complete cataloging and indexing of all film exposed in the operation, both still photographs and motion picture footage, will be accomplished. Cataloging will be accomplished by the microfilm process, with one (1) copy of the final catalog distributed to AEC, LOS ALAMOS and one (1) copy to AFSWP. The DMA and AFSWP will be the coordinating authority for additional prints required by AEC and DOD agencies, respectively, for any stock footage shown in the catalog.

c. Assignment of Tasks to Subordinate Units.

(1) CTG 7.1 will:

(a) Plan the technical report photography program for CASTLE to meet the aforementioned requirements.

(b) Prepare script for the motion picture requirements.

(c) Procure and store photographic supplies and equipment required to conduct the photography program.

(d) Execute the photography program in accordance with approved plans and produce required motion picture and still photography.

(e) Assign proper security classification to all operations, equipment, supplies and pictures of the photography program.

(f) Safeguard all exposed film in accordance with proper security classification. Original negatives and library prints of all technical report films will be stored at Lookout Mountain Laboratory.

(g) Coordinate technical report photography operations with technical photography operations as practicable, particularly in the common use of support services.

(h) Perform additional tasks as assigned by CJTF SEVEN.

(2) Other task groups will support TG 7.1 as required in photo-





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graphic recording of operations involving their respective task groups.

3. Technical Photography

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a. <u>General Situation</u> By "Agreement Between Armed Forces Special Weapons Project and Atomic Energy Commission Regarding Exchange of Photography from Atomic Weapons Tests", details were formulated for the mutual exchange of photography accomplished at atomic weapons tests and methods designed for implementing the agreement, particularly as regards the selection, distribution, storage, classification, reproduction and funding thereof

b. <u>T thrical Entropraphic Requirements</u> The photographic coverage as included in the above sgreenent will be made available to the respecture agencies in accordance with the applicable portions of the agreenent, except that advance prints of technical report photography produced under the provisions of paragraph 1, above, will not be furnished to app agentice prior to formal release of the entire coversion by CJTE SEVEN

c. <u>Larrebution and Control</u>. Photography coming within the purview of the above agreement (except as noted in paragraph 2b, above) will be distributed and controlled in accordance with the applicable portions thereof.

d Assignment of Tasks of Diberdinat Units

(1) CTG 7.1 we will normally control the solution of the technical photography, is thanged with coordination of the mutual exchange of prints coming within the purview of the agreement and this annex.

(1) Other task groups will support IG 7.1 as required in photographic recording of terminical operations involving their respective task groups

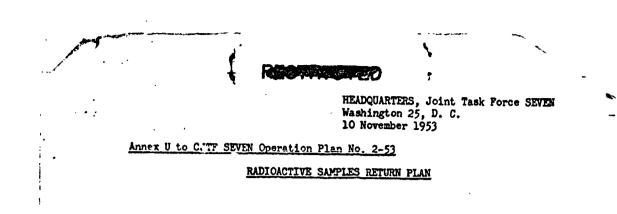
4. Commanders of all task or ups will establish necessary procedures to assure that complete control accountability is maintained of all photographic equipmont and supplies to protect them from damage, deterioration and waste. Succet -common will be practiced in the use of film and other protographic materials and critical supplies.

> F. W. CLARKSON Major General, U.S. Army Commander

OFFICIAL

Colonel, U.S. Air free Assistant Chief of Staff, J-3

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Limited Distribution At a Later Date

