& Rice Bir.

## BROOKHAVEN NATIONAL LABORATORY

MEMORANDUM

0071193

DATE: December 14, 19-0

TO:~

Miss Gail Bradshav

FROM:

Dr. Robert A. Con. : 1

SUBJECT:

Skin Legions in American Service

men from 1954 Pallout

The following statement concerns the lesions of the skin that developed in 28 American nervice personnel who were exposed to radioactive fallout on Romperik Island on March 1, 1954. I was in charge of the skin examinations.

- 1. The skin lesions occurred in 40 percent of the Americans but were very mild, freckle-like, as compared with definite ulceration of the skin that occurred in the Rongelap group.
- 2. The lesions occurred later in the Americans. The Rongelap group's beta burns developed in two to three weeks after exposure. In the Americans, lesions did not appear until four to five weeks post exposure. The lesions were so mild in the Americans that it was uncertain at first that they were related to fallout exposure.
- 3. Their lections were of short duration, clearing up within a week or so and left no residual thin effects. In contrast, the Rongelap people had lesions which took longer to heal and had residual skin scarring and pigment changes.

RAC Is

US DOE ARCHIVES
326 US ATOMIC ENERGY

RG\_\_\_\_\_COMMISSION

Collection DBM - EP F/LES

Box\_632 JOB 6534

Folder MRIA-1 D/C NAVY RESETTLEME

ENIMETRIK (1110)

**翻题识别** 

TO THE THE PARTY OF THE PARTY O